Oxford Cambridge and RSA

## GCE

## Biology A

Unit H420/01: Biological purposes
Advanced GCE

Mark Scheme for June 2018

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This mark scheme is published as an aid to teachers and students, to indicate the requirements of the examination. It shows the basis on which marks were awarded by examiners. It does not indicate the details of the discussions which took place at an examiners' meeting before marking commenced.

All examiners are instructed that alternative correct answers and unexpected approaches in candidates' scripts must be given marks that fairly reflect the relevant knowledge and skills demonstrated.

Mark schemes should be read in conjunction with the published question papers and the report on the examination.
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Annotations

| Annotation | Meaning |
| :---: | :--- |
| DO NOT ALLOW | Answers which are not worthy of credit |
| IGNORE | Statements which are irrelevant |
| ALLOW | Answers that can be accepted |
| () | Words which are not essential to gain credit |
| - | Underlined words must be present in answer to score a mark |
| ECF | Error carried forward |
| AW | Alternative wording |
| ORA | Or reverse argument |

## Subject-specific Marking Instructions

## INTRODUCTION

Your first task as an Examiner is to become thoroughly familiar with the material on which the examination depends. This material includes:

- the specification, especially the assessment objectives
- the question paper
- the mark scheme.

You should ensure that you have copies of these materials.
You should ensure also that you are familiar with the administrative procedures related to the marking process. These are set out in the OCR booklet Instructions for Examiners. If you are examining for the first time, please read carefully Appendix 5 Introduction to Script Marking: Notes for New Examiners.

Please ask for help or guidance whenever you need it. Your first point of contact is your Team Leader.

Section A


Section B

| Question |  |  | Answer | Marks | Guidance |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 16 | (a) | (i) | (Type) $2 /$ II / two $\checkmark$ <br> explanation: <br> insulin is (still) produced $\checkmark$ <br> beta / $\beta$, cells still working $\checkmark$ <br> idea that (liver) cells no longer respond to insulin $\checkmark$ fewer / damaged , (insulin) receptors $\checkmark$ <br> if it was Type I then the woman would not produce (normal levels of) insulin $\checkmark$ | 2 max | ALLOW it is diabetes mellitus not diabetes insipidus ALLOW late onset <br> 1 mark max for explanation <br> DO NOT ALLOW B / b , cells <br> ALLOW (develop) insulin resistance ALLOW (insulin) receptors not working |
|  |  | (ii) | low, carbohydrate / sugar, diet $\checkmark$ <br> exercise $\checkmark$ <br> manage weight (gain) $\checkmark$ drugs to control glucose levels $\checkmark$ | 2 max | List Rule <br> If both prompt lines used and more than one suggestion is on the line mark the first one on each line. If only one line used but there is more than one suggestion listed mark first two written. <br> ALLOW regulate / control / reduce, for "low" ALLOW named sugar / starch <br> IGNORE low fat / healthy / balanced / low "carb", diet <br> ALLOW example of exercise e.g. walking <br> ALLOW named drug e.g. metformin ALLOW ref to injecting insulin |
|  | (b) | (i) | liver (tissue) $\checkmark$ | 1 | ALLOW hepatic (tissue) IGNORE hepatocytes / cells IGNORE muscle |


| Question |  | Answer | Marks | Guidance |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | (ii) | (glucose) for respiration / as respiratory substrate / to release energy <br> to produce ATP <br> ATP needed (in muscle contraction) for breaking cross-bridges between myosin and actin / AW $\checkmark$ <br> ATP, hydrolysed / to ADP and Pi , to reset myosin heads $\checkmark$ <br> ATP for active transport of calcium ions (back) into sarcoplasmic reticulum | 3 max | DO NOT ALLOW produce energy <br> ALLOW ATP needed for myosin to detach from actin <br> ALLOW ATP hydrolysed for myosin to resume normal position <br> IGNORE power-stroke |
| (c) |  | use of data from Fig.16.1: <br> calculated rate of oxygen uptake <br> between 0.010 and $0.018\left(\mathrm{dm}^{3} \mathrm{~s}^{-1}\right) \checkmark$ <br> calculated reduction in rate of oxygen uptake between 10 and 50\% <br> supporting statements: <br> (claim is) correct / incorrect <br> AND <br> a comparison of calculated rate with , $20 \%$ statement / mean uptake / $0.020\left(\mathrm{dm}^{3} \mathrm{~s}^{-1}\right)^{\checkmark}$ <br> validity statements: <br> one , woman / reading, is not enough (for a valid conclusion) $\checkmark$ <br> (being) 36 weeks pregnant / late pregnancy, is not representative of whole pregnancy / AW $\checkmark$ | 3 max | ALLOW MP 1 as a percentage i.e calculated value between 50 and $90 \%$ (of mean uptake) <br> Supporting statements MUST match evidence from calculation <br> e.g. statement is incorrect because my calculation showed reduction of $40 \%$ which is higher than $20 \%$ If calculation in MP1 or MP2 is incorrect MP3 can still be awarded using calculation in response. <br> ALLOW only one woman tested |
|  |  | Total | 11 |  |


| Question |  |  | Answer | Marks | Guidance |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 17 | (a) | (i) | (pigments) absorb, light / photons $\checkmark$ electrons, excited / raised to higher energy level <br> accessory pigments pass energy to , reaction centres / primary pigments $\checkmark$ primary pigments, become oxidised / lose electrons / pass electrons to ETC $\checkmark$ <br> for light dependent reaction / photophosphorylation $\checkmark$ | 4 max | ALLOW named accessory pigments <br> e.g. chlorophyll b / xanthophyll / carotenoids ALLOW chlorophyll a for primary pigment <br> ALLOW for making, ATP / reduced NADP |
|  |  | (ii) | idea that they have to absorb light of short (er) wavelengths <br> idea that some wavelengths (of light) don't reach , depths / them $\checkmark$ | 1 max | ALLOW blue / blue-violet light ALLOW wavelengths between 400 and 500 nm ALLOW high(er) frequency <br> e.g. some wavelengths of light may not reach Chromista if they are in deep water |
|  | (b) |  | Chromista (chloroplast) has fewer thylakoids <br> Chromista (chloroplast) has no , inter-granal lamellae / lamellae between thylakoids $\checkmark$ <br> plants (chloroplasts) have thylakoids in groups of more than three $\checkmark$ <br> plants (chloroplasts) have starch grains / Chromista (chloroplast) does not have starch grains | 2 max | IGNORE reference to external membrane ALLOW plants (chloroplasts) have more thylakoids <br> ALLOW plant (chloroplasts) have lamellae between thylakoids <br> ALLOW thylakoids in plant (chloroplasts) form grana IGNORE Chromista (chloroplast) has thylakoids in groups of three |


| Question |  | Answer | Marks | Guidance |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| (c) | (i) | property <br> hydrophobic (region / fatty acid tails) <br> explanation <br> (helps to) form bilayer / separates two aqueous regions $\checkmark$ <br> property <br> (region) contains cholesterol <br> explanation <br> regulates (membrane) fluidity / AW $\checkmark$ | 2 max | IGNORE stability for explanations property MUST be linked to its explanation |
| (c) | (ii) | compartmentalisation <br> OR <br> form / surround , (named) organelles $\checkmark$ <br> purpose of / need for , compartments / separation $\checkmark$ <br> sites of , chemical reactions / electron carriers / photophosphorylation / chemiosmosis / oxidative phosphorylation <br> provide attachment sites for, enzymes / pigments <br> allow formation of concentration gradients $\checkmark$ | 2 max | e.g. separating organelles from cytoplasm <br> e.g. form vesicles for transport is MP1 and MP2 <br> ALLOW ETC for electron carriers <br> ALLOW correctly named enzyme e.g. ATP synthase |
|  |  | Total | 11 |  |


| Qu | tion | Answer | Marks | Guidance |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 18 |  | In summary: <br> Read through the whole answer. (Be prepared to recognise Using a 'best-fit' approach based on the science content of or Level 3, best describes the overall quality of the answer. Then, award the higher or lower mark within the level, acco <br> - award the higher mark where the Communication Sta <br> - award the lower mark where aspects of the Communi <br> - The science content determines the level. <br> - The Communication Statement determines the mand | and cred e answe <br> ing to th ment has ation Sta | it unexpected approaches where they show relevance.) r, first decide which of the level descriptors, Level 1, Level 2 <br> e Communication Statement (shown in italics): <br> as been met. <br> atement have been missed. <br> in a level. |
|  | (a)* | Level 3 (5-6 marks) <br> Full and detailed plan of how to carry out a valid investigation into the rate of transpiration. <br> There is a well-developed plan and sequence as well as an appreciation of the need to obtain valid data. The information presented is relevant and clearly explained. <br> Level 2 (3-4 marks) <br> Detailed plan of how to carry out a valid investigation into the rate of transpiration. <br> There is a reasonable explanation and sequence as well as an appreciation of the need to obtain valid data. The information presented is in the most-part relevant and wellexplained. <br> Level 1 (1-2 marks) <br> Response is aware of how to plan a valid investigation. <br> The information is basic and communicated in an unstructured way. The information is supported by limited method which may be unclear. | 6 | Indicative scientific points may include... <br> IGNORE potometer set up detail <br> These are not mark points <br> See appendix <br> Method and planning to obtain valid data <br> - method described <br> - movement of bubble in potometer / mass measured <br> - timing distance travelled by bubble <br> - repeating investigation with two different plant species <br> - repetition to gain replicates <br> - calculation (rate / mean) <br> - statistical test <br> Variables <br> - named variables controlled <br> e.g. temperature <br> humidity <br> light <br> wind movement <br> surface area of leaves |


| Question | Answer | Marks | Guidance |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 0 marks <br> No response worthy of credit NR <br> No response |  | - how variables are controlled |
| (b) | insoluble $\checkmark$ <br> unreactive / inert $\checkmark$ <br> high tensile strength $\checkmark$ <br> flexible $\checkmark$ <br> can form hydrogen bonds with neighbouring chains | $\begin{gathered} 3 \\ \max \end{gathered}$ | List Rule <br> If all three prompt lines used and more than one property is on prompt line mark the first one on each line. If only one or two lines used but there is more than one property listed mark the first three properties given. <br> IGNORE detail about structure or cell walls <br> IGNORE permeable <br> IGNORE rigid <br> IGNORE strong |
| (c) | extracellular <br> AND <br> (it) takes place outside of cells / cellulose cannot enter (bacterial) cells | $\begin{gathered} 1 \\ \max \end{gathered}$ | ALLOW enzymes must , leave / be secreted from , (bacterial) cells IGNORE 'excrete' |
|  | Total | 10 |  |



| Question |  | Answer | Marks | Guidance |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 19 | (b) | Similarities <br> Any two from: <br> polymers / polysaccharides $\checkmark$ <br> have, 6 carbon / C6, sugars $\checkmark$ <br> have 1-4 glycosidic bonds $\checkmark$ <br> have $\mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{OH}$ side group (in monomers) $\checkmark$ <br> Differences <br> Any two from: <br> chitin has $\beta$-glycosidic bonds $\checkmark$ chitin contains, nitrogen / N/amide / NH-CO-CH $\checkmark$ no 1-6 glycosidic bonds in chitin $\checkmark$ no branching in chitin $\checkmark$ | 4 max | ALLOW have hexose(s) <br> ALLOW glycogen has $\alpha$-glycosidic bonds ALLOW ORA for glycogen ALLOW ORA for glycogen ALLOW ORA for glycogen |
|  |  | In summary: <br> Read through the whole answer. (Be prepared to recognis Using a 'best-fit' approach based on the science content of 2 or Level 3, best describes the overall quality of the answ Then, award the higher or lower mark within the level, acc <br> - award the higher mark where the Communication St <br> - award the lower mark where aspects of the Commu <br> - The science content determines the level. <br> - The Communication Statement determines the | and cre the answ er. rding to atement h ication S <br> mark wit | it unexpected approaches where they show relevance.) , first decide which of the level descriptors, Level 1, Level <br> e Communication Statement (shown in italics): <br> as been met. <br> tement have been missed. <br> in a level. |
|  | *(c) | Level 3 (5-6 marks) <br> Full and detailed description of the processes involved in chemiosmosis. Learner demonstrates a detailed understanding of where it occurs, the stages, reactants and products, describing a range of the processes involved. <br> There is a well-developed line of reasoning with accurate descriptions of the processes. The information presented is relevant and clearly outlined. | 6 | Indicative scientific points may include... <br> These are not mark points <br> See appendix <br> - occurs in mitochondria / on membrane <br> - involves inner membrane and matrix <br> - involves movement of hydrogen across membrane <br> - use of enzyme / channel protein / ATP synthase <br> - Hydrogen ions / $\mathrm{H}^{+}$ions pumped out of matrix |


| Question |  | Answer | Marks | Guidance |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |


| Question |  |  | Answer | Marks | Guidance |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 20 | (a) | (i) | $\begin{array}{\|l} \hline 3 \text { OR } 2 \checkmark \\ 5 \checkmark \\ 2 \checkmark \end{array}$ | 3 |  |
|  |  | (ii) | variety / type / age / colour, of beetroot $\checkmark$ length / surface area / volume, of beetroot pieces $\checkmark$ <br> pieces taken from same part of beetroot / skin removed from beetroot $\checkmark$ <br> time taken to wash slices $\checkmark$ <br> volume (of samples) removed from solution $\checkmark$ $\mathrm{pH} \checkmark$ <br> use same colorimeter filter / same blank $\checkmark$ | 2 max | List Rule <br> If both prompt lines used and more than one variable is on the line mark the first one on each line. <br> If only one line used but there is more than one variable listed mark first two written. <br> IGNORE temperature / time / concentration of ethanol ALLOW same beetroot / same species <br> ALLOW same SA :V / mass <br> IGNORE size of beetroot |
|  | (b) | (i) | $x$ axis / concentration of ethanol, has no units $\checkmark$ should be a line graph (as continuous data) <br> $x$ axis / concentration (of ethanol), has incorrect scale / 0.6 not included $\checkmark$ <br> no title | 3 max | List Rule <br> If all three prompt lines used and more than one criticism is on the line mark the first one on each line. If only one or two lines used but there is more than one criticism listed mark as continuous prose. <br> ALLOW bar graph not appropriate for continuous data |


| Question |  | Answer | Marks | Guidance |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| $\mathbf{2 0}$ | (b) | (ii) | (so) can calculate a mean $\checkmark$ <br> allows anomalies to be identified $\checkmark$ <br> improves repeatability $\checkmark$ | $\mathbf{2}$ max | IGNORE average <br> DO NOT ALLOW prevents anomalies <br> IGNORE remove anomalies |
| allows statistical test to be completed $\checkmark$ |  | ALLOW reproducibility <br> IGNORE reliability / validity / accuracy |  |  |  |


| Question |  |  | Answer | Marks | Guidance |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 21 | (a) | (i) | sodium ions / Na ions / Na+, cannot enter $\checkmark$ no / prevents, depolarisation of membrane $\checkmark$ (membrane) remains at resting potential $\checkmark$ <br> prevents action potential being generated $\checkmark$ impulse not conducted (along axon) $\checkmark$ <br> (so) no release of neurotransmitter $\checkmark$ | 4 max | Award 3 max if explanation refers to what would normally happen in neurone instead of in presence of TTX <br> DO NOT ALLOW cannot enter membrane ALLOW sodium ions / Na ions / Na+, stay outside <br> ALLOW action potential for impulse |
|  |  | (ii) | diaphragm is paralysed so: <br> no / little , change / increase, in volume of thorax $\checkmark$ no / little, change / decrease , in pressure in thorax $\checkmark$ no / little / less, air drawn into lungs $\checkmark$ | 2 max | Award 1 max if explanation refers to what would normally happen rather than if diaphragm is paralysed <br> ALLOW chest cavity / lungs for thorax throughout <br> IGNORE oxygen |
|  |  | (iii) | suggestion: <br> slows / decreases , heart rate $\checkmark$ <br> explanation: <br> Any two from <br> slows transmission of impulse from AVN to ventricles $\checkmark$ slows ventricular, systole / contraction $\checkmark$ longer delay before ventricular, systole / contraction, begins $\checkmark$ increases time (the heart is) in diastole / relaxation $\checkmark$ | 3 max | ALLOW bradycardia <br> ALLOW prevents / stops for 'slows' for MP2 and MP3 'ventricular' must be mentioned once |


| Question |  | Answer | Marks | Guidance |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
|  | (b) | no nodes of Ranvier $\checkmark$ <br> shorter local , currents / circuits $\checkmark$ <br> whole axon needs to be depolarised $\checkmark$ | $\mathbf{1}$ max | IGNORE ref to jumping between nodes <br> ALLOW more local currents / circuits |
|  |  |  |  | ALLOW e.g. action potentials need to be generated all the <br> way along the axon |


| Question |  |  | Answer | Marks | Guidance |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 22 | (a) | (i) | $9.7 \times 10^{-3}$ <br> OR $0.0097$ | 3 | IGNORE + or - <br> ALLOW two marks <br> if answer is correct but not to two S.F. <br> ALLOW two marks <br> if answer is incorrect <br> for correct calculation e.g. $\frac{0.05^{2} \times \pi \times 3.7}{3}$ <br> OR $\frac{0.029}{3}$ <br> ALLOW one mark for $0.05^{2} \times \pi \times 3.7$ <br> OR <br> 0.029 |
|  |  | (ii) | 140 (two s.f.) / $142 / 141.7$ / 141.67 / 141.6 $6^{\circ} \quad \checkmark \checkmark$ | 2 | ALLOW one mark if answer is correct but 'decrease' has been calculated so response given as 'minus' number If answer is incorrect ALLOW one mark for $\frac{2.9-1.2}{1.2} \times 100 \quad \text { OR } \quad \frac{1.7}{1.2} \times 100$ |
|  | (a) | (iii) |  | 1 max | ALLOW Calvin cycle / light independent stage for photosynthesis throughout |



| Question |  |  | Answer | Marks | Guidance |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 23 | (a) |  | W liver / hepatic $\checkmark$ <br> X pancreas / pancreatic <br> Y skeletal/striated, muscle $\checkmark$ | 3 | IGNORE cells <br> ALLOW Islet of Langerhans / acini |
|  | (b) |  | carboxylic acid should be carbonic acid / $\mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{CO}_{3} \checkmark$ <br> vagus (nerve) should be , accelerator / <br> sympathetic / accelerans, (nerve) $\checkmark$ <br> AVN should be , SAN / sinoatrial node $r$ <br> baroreceptors should be chemoreceptors <br> OR <br> pH should be pressure $\checkmark$ <br> smooth muscle should be cardiac muscle $\checkmark$ | max 4 | Error and correct term must be clearly identified. <br> ALLOW copied statements where correct terms replace errors. <br> IGNORE carbon dioxide <br> ALLOW specialised striated |
|  | (c) | (i) | allows baby to , (try to) hold on / grasp $\checkmark$ (crying) draws attention (to the baby) $\checkmark$ | 2 | ALLOW alerts parent / encourages someone to pick baby up |
|  |  | (ii) | description: <br> (rapid) blinking / shutting / closing (of eyes) <br> explanation: <br> involuntary $\checkmark$ <br> prevents, damage to / objects entering, eyes $\checkmark$ | 3 | ALLOW references to , ducking / raising hands / flinching <br> ALLOW unconscious / automatic / innate / instinctive ALLOW protects the eyes |
|  |  |  | Total | 12 |  |

OCR (Oxford Cambridge and RSA Examinations)
The Triangle Building
Shaftesbury Road
Cambridge
CB2 8EA
OCR Customer Contact Centre
Education and Learning
Telephone: 01223553998
Facsimile: 01223552627
Email: general.qualifications@ocr.org.uk
www.ocr.org.uk

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Head office
Telephone: 01223552552
Facsimile: 01223552553


