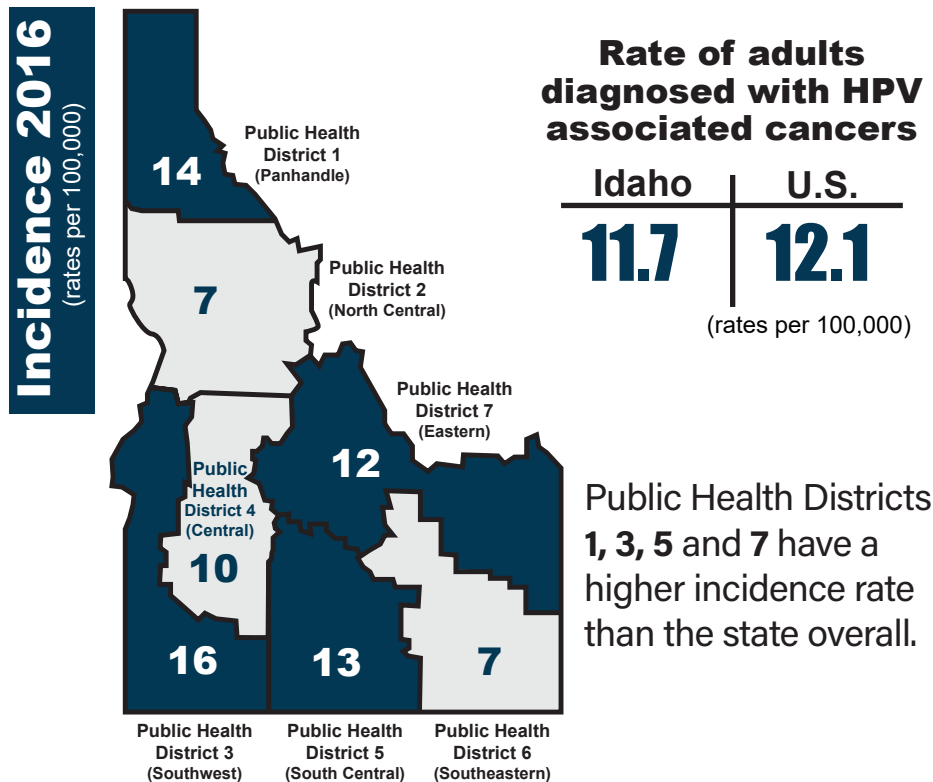


HPV-ASSOCIATED CANCER IDAHO 2018

Most Human Papillomavirus (HPV) associated cancers can be **prevented with vaccination**. Nearly all adults will be exposed to HPV in their lifetime. Most will never know they have been infected.

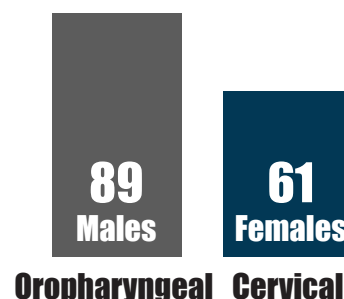
Idaho Goal: 80% vaccination rate by 2020

HPV-Associated Cancers



HPV-Associated Oropharyngeal & Cervical Cancer

In Idaho, there were more males diagnosed with HPV-associated oropharyngeal cancer than females diagnosed with HPV-associated cervical cancer in 2016.



Cancers Attributable to HPV by Site

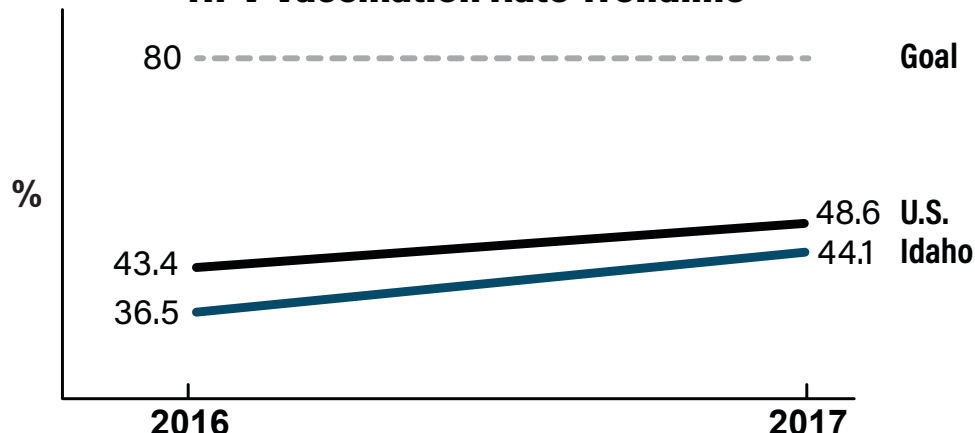
- Anal
- Cervical
- Oropharyngeal
- Penile
- Rectal
- Vaginal
- Vulvar



Call to Action

- Provide or refer patients to complete HPV vaccination series, both males and females
- Recommend HPV vaccine along with other immunizations, not as a separate recommendation
- Discuss HPV vaccination as a cancer prevention strategy
- Implement patient reminder systems to encourage series completion

HPV Vaccination Rate Trendline



HPV vaccination is recommended for boys and girls starting at age 9.

Vaccination is most effective if administered at age 11 or 12.

For more information and sources visit: www.cancer.dhw.idaho.gov or www.ccaidaho.org



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