# NETBALL STRENGTH & CONDITIONING PROGRAM



WRITTEN BY: SCOTT SUDALE

MOMENTUM FITNESS WARRNAMBOOL<sup>Page1</sup>

# **STRENGTH & CONDITIONING**



Ensure game impact when it matters

Allow them to be available and sustain performance throughout a season

To create players who can produce and tolerate higher intensity and quality netball; daily.

This program is deigned to help you become the best player you can be, and play as long as possible and remain as injury free as possible. We have confidence in this program, confidence in you and confidence in you as a person to achieve great fitness as an athlete.

#### What is Strength & Conditioning?

It is important to recognise that it is YOUR responsibility to take your Strength & Conditioning training seriously as part of your training at an early stage of your netball career.

#### You need to learn to become a better athlete as well as a netball player.

A well rounded Strength & Conditioning program aims to develop the physical capabilities within an athlete so that they can continually train at a level that will allow them to play netball at the highest level and reach your potential.

## THE STRENGTH & CONDITIONING PERFORMANCE PLAN

Senior Netballers



Strength & Conditioning in netball focuses on 4 key areas. This diagram represents the shift in importance of these 4 components as you move through the MFW Strength & Conditioning Program.

All of these components are important for your development as an athlete but at the moment, the majority of your work should be focused on injury prevention.



emfwarrnambool

Junior Netballers

# WHY IS S&C TRAINING IMPORTANT FOR ME?

# **INJURY PREVENTION**

Netball is a very quick, explosive and high intensity game, which unfortunately can increase the risk of injury. Knee and ankle injuries are the most common type of injury to occur in netball, making up 85% of total injuries. The anterior cruciate ligament assists in providing stability to the knee joint, and accounts for 16-18% of knee injuries in netball. It is known that females are much more likely to rupture their anterior cruciate ligament and the highest risk group for ACL injury is 15-18 years 1, which is also the age that netball intensity often increases. There are many factors which can contribute to an injury occurring in netball, though some are more difficult to prevent such as a traumatic collision with another player, or falling. Sudden stops and repeated landing will increase the risk of injury, with landing being the most common cause of injury. A study undertaken in 2015/2016 showed that landing accounted for 46% of all causes of injuries in netball 1. The good news though is that there are many risk factors that can be prevented and minimising these will reduce your risk of injury while playing netball. Some factors which can help to reduce your risk ofinjury in netball include:

Adequate warm up

\*Post match recovery including cool down, nutrition and hydration

\*Appropriate training and competition clothing and footwear

\*Skills training, particularly jumping and landing drills

## 1. Activation

The posterior chain of muscles encompasses all the muscles on the backside of your body, all the way from your head to your ankles. This includes hamstrings, glutes aka the muscles in your bum, calves and the muscles supporting your spine and back. The posterior chain has some of the largest and strongest muscles in your body. In a nutshell, this chain is a massive powerhouse!It's important for many forms of movement. Running, jumping, bodily rotation, pulling or pushing all involve this huge muscle group. It is also integral for the stability of your knee, hips and spine. It helps to maintain your balance and posture which is important for everyday life as well as sporting endeavors. A strong posterior creates a powerful central force which will improve your movements on and off the court.



Start

Figure 1. The Glute Bridge





Finish

# 2. Landing Skills

## WHY IS INJURY PREVENTION IN NETBALL IMPORTANT?

Netball has one of the highest injury rates per participant of any sport (Fong, 2007). At both an elite and junior level netball injury prevention is vital. During this dynamic fast paced sport, the body is exposed to high forces contributing to lower body injury rates (Mothersole, 2013). A staggering 85% of netball injuries occur at the knee and ankle, of this 45% of these injuries occur during landing (Netball Australia Personal Accident Insurance 2010-14). These statistics highlight just how import the correct jumping and landing technique is to enhance performance and prevent injury.

Conditioning and technique training to effectively mitigate injury risk and improve performance is particularly important amongst the female population (Mothersole, 2013). Recent figures show females are 4-6 times more likely than males to rupture the anterior cruciate ligament (ACL), and it is estimated that as high as 25% of all major injuries in netball are attributed to ACL alone (Netball Australia, 2017).

For netballers this means a costly injury that can result in more than 12 months away from the netball court.

## Figure 2. The Hop & Hold Test



**Start position** 

Нор

Hold

Page4



## **IN SEASON STRENGTH & CONDITIONING PROGRAM**

#### WHAT ARE THE AIMS OF THE IN SEASON STRENGTH & CONDITIONING PROGRAM?

- 1. Reduce injury risk and keep athletes on the court during the season
- 2. Enable athletes to withstand the rigors of a high intensity netball season

3. Provide a positive experience of, and educate athletes on Strength and Conditioning in netball.

The steps outlined below will guide you through what it takes to excel as an athlete by forming a solid base of strength, conditioning, and athletic movement skills. The program is intended to be performed prior to Club pre-season training, so that you are able to begin pre-season with a good fitness base. The training stimulus throughout this program will assist you to continue to build and maintain a high performance level. In your spare time and non training days it is advised to rest and recuperate with walking, massage and magnesium baths where possible to remain fit and healthy.

WHAT DOES THIS STRENGTH & CONDITIONING PROGRAM INVOLVE?

- 1. Assessment A series of physical tests to establish your athletic ability and to track your progress. These tests may be carried out at certain times throughout the year..
  - 2. Preparation/ Warm Up Warm ups that include elements of mobility, muscular activation and landing skill development to reduce your risk of injury and improve you performance during sessions.
  - 3. Strength Work These programs include a multitude of body weight and loaded exercises to improve strength around the ankles, hips, knees, trunk, and shoulder. They can be completed at home or in the gym. Strength work will improve performance and reduce the risk of injury.
  - **4. Conditioning Work-** These programs include on court running sessions, as well as some bike conditioning work if you are currently injured. The sessions aim to develop your ability to reproduce high intensity efforts on court.

Click on each of the following exercises for a video description





#### WARM UP - MOBILITY (10-15MIN)

Athletes should perform 10-15 minutes of mobility work prior to any court, strength, or conditioning session to prepare the body to move and activate intricate muscle groups.

This mobility program is an important element throughout the off season and in season training period.

STABILITY/MOBILITY PROGRAM							
To be performed prior to every strength, and conditioning session.							
EXERCISE	SETS	REPS	NOTES				
Forward and Reverse Lunge	2	12/Leg	Chest up, Drop back knee. Push explosive				
Arabesque Rotation	2	12/Leg	Keep chest up and focus on point.				
Single Leg DB DL	2	6/Leg	5 Second hold at the top.				
Single Leg Hip Thrust	2	12/Leg	Hips remain in alignment. Squeeze glutes at the				
			top.				

#### WARM UP - MOBILITY (10-15MIN)

After Mobility work has been completed, athletes need to activate the key muscles required to perform. Strict attention should be paid towards the quality of execution and the muscles that are working during the activation exercises.

ACTIVATION								
To be performed prior to every court session and/or strength session.								
EXERCISE	SETS	REPS	NOTES					
Plank with s/leg raises with	2-3	12/Leg	Hold at the top for a count of 2					
band								
Hip Hikes	2-3	15/Leg	Make foot weightless before lifting					
Crab Crawl		12 each						
		way						
Pogo	2-3	30 secs	Upright stance, knees slightly bent, chest out					
			shoulders back					
Rocket Jump	2-3	30secs	Begin relaxed, upright stance, feet shoulder					
			width apart, slightly flex arms & hold close to					
			body					
Ankle Flips	2-3	10/Leg	Assume relaxed, upright stance with one foot					
			forward					



# WEEKS 1-8

### Landing Skills

Landing exercises are crucial to any netball athlete. A large percentage of netball injuries occur during landing; therefore, these exercises are very important.

The goal is to jump higher and further as the week's progress.

Landing should be quiet, soft and involve good alignment of the hip, knee, ankle, and trunk.

LANDING SKILLS WEEKS 1-8								
These can be performed before netball specific training, or performed on strength training days								
EXERCISE	SETS	REPS	NOTES					
Single Leg Hop into Single Leg	2	5/Leg	Control squat for 3 seconds					
Squat Holding Netball								
S/L Squat Jump	2	12/Leg	On box. Hold landing for 3 seconds					
Double Leg Take Off to Single	2	5/Leg	Holding landing for 3 seconds					
Leg Lateral Landing								
Reverse Leap and Hold     2     5/Leg     Hold landing for 3 seconds								
NOTES								
<ul> <li>All landings must be held for 3 seconds with good alignment and hips and knees bent.</li> </ul>								

- All landings must be **soft on feet.** Feet need to absorb the impact, not the knees.

- During all single leg landing tasks where you are traveling for distance, the non-working leg must not touch the ground. If the non-working leg is placed on the ground, reset, and start the set again.



Page7



## STRENGTH PROGRAM WEEKS 1-8 (40MINUTES)

Strength work should be performed twice a week for maximum benefit.

STRENGTH PROGRAM WORKOUT 1: WEEKS 1-8 (supersets)									
Perform four mobility and activation exercises. Add resistance as you progress									
EXERCISE	WEEKS 1&2		WEEKS 3&4		WEEKS 5&6		WEEKS 7&8		REST
	SETS	REPS	SETS	REPS	SETS	REPS	SETS	REPS	
<ul> <li><b>1a.</b> BB Squat</li> <li><b>1b.</b> DB Squat</li> <li>Jumps</li> </ul>	3	8	4	8	4	6	5	6	60secs
<ul> <li>2a. DB Romanian</li> <li>Split Squats</li> <li>2b. Box Jump off</li> <li>one leg, two feet</li> <li>landing</li> </ul>	3	8 8-10/Leg	4	8 8-10/Leg	4	6 8-10/Leg	5	6 8-10/Leg	60secs
<ul> <li><b>3a.</b> S/L Box Squat</li> <li><b>3b</b>. Lying</li> <li>Hamstring Curls on</li> <li>Stability Ball/Lying</li> <li>Hip Thrust</li> </ul>	3	8 8/Each	3	10 8/Each	3	12 8/Each	3	15 8/Each	60secs

POWER TRAINING PROGRAM WORKOUT 2							
EXERCISE	SETS	REPS	INTENSITY	NOTES	REST		
Hex Bar Jump Shrug	4	6	40-45 of Squat	Bend knee & Hips slightly, shoulders over bar with chest pushed out, jump vertical.	2mins		
Hex Bar DL	4	6	80-85	Start tall, keep hands in line with body, push through heels and push hips	2mins		
BB Push Press	4	6	60-70	Feet shoulder width apart, elbows pointing forward, drop into shallow squat, press up through heels	2mins		
Depth Jumps	4	6	BW	Drop from low box, and explosive jump with both feet onto higher box	2mins		



## SPEED/CONDITIONING PROGRAM WEEKS 1-8

	SPEED/CONDITIONING PROGRAM WEEKS 1-8									
	Perform the four Mobility Program and Landing Skills Program prior to beginning this set									
Session		W	EEKS 1-4			WEEKS 5-8				
Descriptio				0	N FEET	SESSION O	PTION			
n	Week 1	Week 2	Week 3	Week 4	Cour	Week 5	Week 6	Week 7	Week 8	Course
Repeat Sprint	Reen Test	2 x 12x15	Shuttle on	Been Test	se F	10X30m	3x1km	12x30m (3x10m	Been Test	10M
Session: This	then:	secs	Repeats:	then:	i	(3X10m	running. All	shuttles) on a	Then:	10101
type of session	5x3min	straight line	Set 1	6x3 min	N	shuttles) on	close to same	20sec rolling	10x30m	
involves	interval	interval	Forward 1 <sup>st</sup>	interval	I	a 20ses	times as each	clock	(3x10m	
maximal	running	running,	then	running	S	rolling	other. 90secs		shuttles) on a	
sprinting over	40m	15secs rest	Backwards	40m	н	clock.	rest between		20sec rolling	
set distances.	(3x10m)	the repeat.	then	(3x10m)			sets. This is to		clock. This	
The faster you	Triangle.		shuttle as	triangle,			add		time begin	
complete the	gusecs		normal, then first 2	busecs, rest			into your		Each rep with	
greater the	hetween		cones	sets Then			training and		sprinting on	
results. Make	sets. Then		forward	run other			enhance vour		the spot.	
sure to rest	run in the		and	direction			physical and			
between sets	other		backwards,				mental health			
to ensure	direction.		shuttle as				endurance.			
maximal effort			normal and		TII					
is used during			so on for all							
the set. 1			5 cones.							
90-100% RPF			repeat for 5							
in every set.			sets.							
The guicker	MOBILITY	AGILITY	MOBILITY	AGILITY		MOBILITY	AGILITY	MNOBILITY	AGILITY	
you recover is										
also a good	Fire	Forward	Stability	2 jumps		Pogo 3x10.	Forward jump	S/L DL	Side step	
indication of	hydrant	running	ball spider	forward, 1	' <b>V</b> I	Rocket	over hurdle	3x10/Leg.	ladder 3x12.	
your improved	3x	with high	man	back	c	Jump 3x.5.	3x10.	KB oblique twist	2 foot jumps	
nuness.	20/side.	knees	3x10/side.	3x10m.	т	Scissor	1 forward 2	3x20/side.	in/out 3x12.	
	V-sits	3x15m.	Broad	Squat in /	Å	Jump	back over	Lunges	Left/right	
	3s15 reps	Forward	jumps 3x10	hop out	R	3x5/Leg.	hurdle 3x10.	3x10/Leg.	foot 3x12.	
	the hold	running	S/L Gluto	3x5m.	т	Fast	Lateral Jumps	IVIB standing	4 step in/out	
	remainder	Forward	hridge	hon 3x10m			3x10	3x15/side	Wide and	
	of 45secs.	bum kicks	3x15/Leg.	Lateral		Ankle	S/L over	MB lunge with	narrow 3x12.	
	Leg raises	3x15m.	Crab walk	walking		bounding	hurdle	twist to	Hip twist	
	3x20	Run	with band	lunge		3x10.	3x10/Leg	kneeling foot	3x12.	
	stability		3x10/each	3x15m			WALK BACK	3x10/leg	WALK BACK	
	ball knee	bum kicks	way	WALK			RECOVERY		RECOVERY	
	tuck 3x20	3x15m.		BACK			AFTER EACH		AFTER EACH	
	raise with	Tigii skips 3v15m		AETER						
	band	WALK		EACH						
	3x15/leg	BACK		_						
		RECOVERY								
		AFTER								
		EACH								
		W	EEKS 1-4					WEEKS 5-8		
			H	IIT/GYM E	BASED	CONDITIC	<b>DNING SESS</b>	ION		
	Boxing	MetaPwr	Boxing	MetaPwr		Boxing	MetaPwr	Boxing 30mins,	MetaPwr	
	30mins	session.	30mins	session.		30mins	Session.	Then:	session.	
	Then:	Then:	Then:	Then:		Then:	Then:	Metcon	Then:	
	Metcon	Ski Erg	Metcon	Tyre		Metcon	Ski Erg 300m,	Workout TBA	Tabata push	
	workout.	300m,	Workout	Flip/Drag		workout	200m, 100m.		ups, squats,	
	Sied push	200m, 100m Malcom	IBA			IBA	iviaicom 1,2,3		sit ups.	
	teams	1.2.3								
	30mn	_,_,_								
	continuou									
	S									



# **COOL DOWNS**

After you have finished a session it is important that you implement a cool down procedure to help kick start the recovery process and maximise how effective you're training is in improving your athletic ability. An appropriate Cool Down can help to clear lactate that may have accumulated in the system, and static stretching is important in helping to regain length in the musculature use during a session.

You can modify your approach depending on the equipment and resources you have available to you.

In the table below there are options that can be performed, on feet, on bike, or in a pool.

COOL DOWN PROT	FOCOL/GUIDANCE
Option 1 (On feet or court)	Option 2 (Off Feet – Bike)
<ol> <li>Run at a steady pace for 5mins, Athletes should aim to cover length of court (or 30m if they are running outside) every 10-11secs</li> <li>Choose three static stretches of your choice, or three from the 'Fab Four' Mobility Program and spend 5mins executing these with good quality</li> </ol>	<ul> <li>Pedal at the following rates: <ul> <li>1min at 60 RPM – Moderate resistance</li> <li>1min at 70 RPM – Moderate resistance</li> <li>1min at 80 RPM – Moderate resistance</li> <li>1min at 70 RPM – Moderate resistance</li> <li>1min at 60 RPM – Moderate resistance</li> </ul> </li> <li>Perform 5mins of static stretching after on the bike.</li> </ul>
Option 3 (Po	ol Recovery)
If you have access to a pool after your; court, strength or conditioning sessions, making use of pool based recovery is an effective option to maximise the adaptations of training sessions and reduce fatigue levels. Pool Recovery Session Rules: 1. 15-20mins in length 2. Athletes must be submerged from belly button down 3. The session should contain mobility elements (See across for example)	Example Pool Recovery Session: 1min aqua jogging 1 width of pool walking, incl. quad stretches 1min of aqua jogging 1 width of pool walking, incl. knee hug stretch 1min of aqua jogging 20 leg swings forward and backward 1min aqua jogging 20 leg swings side to side Repeat the above x 2



@mfwarrnambool

OMEN