

(2009)
GROUP - 'A'

GENERAL KNOWLEDGE & REASONING

01. "Inquest" is the term associated with
(a) Requests made by a complaint to the Court of law
(b) A legal enquiry in respect of anybody lying dead.
(c) An inquiry ordered by the Govt. to its officials
(d) None of these
02. LL.B. stands for
(a) Bachelor of Laws
(b) Legalite Lawyers Baccili
(c) Lex Legum Baccalaureus
(d) None of the above
03. The principle that distinguishes Buddhism from Jainism is -
(a) Practice of the eight-fold path
(b) Rejection of the infallibility of the Vedas
(c) Belief in rebirth
(d) Attribution of a soul to all beings and things
04. What is the full form of NAM ?
(a) National Army Medical Core
(b) National Acquisition Movement
(c) Namibia Acquisition Movement
(d) Non-Aligned Movement
05. The Headquarter of IMF is at
(a) Geneva
(b) Rome
(c) Washington
(d) Vienna
06. What does WIPO deal with ?
(a) International Posts and Telegraph
(b) International Refugees
(c) Intellectual Property
(d) International Educational, Scientific and Cultural matters.
07. Who was the first Indian elected to the House of Commons in England ?
(a) Dadabhai Naoroji
(b) Woomesh Chandra Banerjee
(c) Surendranath Banerjee
(d) None of these
08. Which amongst the following organizations deals with 'Refugees'.
(a) UNESCO
(b) UNICEF
(c) UNHCR
(d) UNCTAD
09. Medha Patekar is a
(a) Philosopher
(b) Scientist
(c) Environmentalist
(d) Journalist

(POOLS)

10. ISO 9000 is a
(a) Quality standard mark (c) Trade technique
(b) Space project (d) None of the above
11. Oncology is the diagnosis and treatment of
(a) AIDS (c) Cancer
(b) Malaria (d) Migrane
12. Which French Engineer designed the structure of the statue of liberty
(a) Margarette Thachar (c) Alexandre Pope
(b) Louis (d) Alexandre Gustav Eiffel
13. The word Secularism means
(a) Non-propagation of any religion (c) Propagation of atheism
(b) Propagation of all religions (d) None of the above
14. Mercy killing is otherwise known as
(a) Euthanasia (c) Murphy's death
(b) Final exit (d) None of the above
15. A judge of the Supreme Court can hold office upto
(a) 62 years (c) 65 years
(b) 60 years (d) 58 years
16. The word 'locus standi' refers to -
(a) Local standing for election (c) The right of a party to appear and be heard by a court
(b) Standing for local election (d) To locate and find the accused
17. The first woman judge of Supreme Court of India was
(a) Meera Verma (c) Nandini Satpathy
(b) Sarojini Naidu (d) Meera Sahib Fatima Beevi
18. A Lok Adalat is different from other courts
(a) Because its decisions cannot be challenged in any Court of Law (c) Because the Parliamentary Act guides it
(b) Because the system is developed by the judges. (d) None of the above
19. Right to Education under Constitution of India falls under
(a) Directive Principles of State Policy (c) Fundamental Duty
(b) Fundamental rights (d) Preamble
20. The Advocate General is appointed by
(a) Law Secretary (c) Chief Justice of the High Court
(b) Chief Minister of the State (d) Governor of State

21. Fundamental Rights are contained in
(a) Part-I of the Constitution (c) Part-III of the Constitution
(b) Part-II of the Constitution (d) Part-IV of the Constitution
22. The Headquarters of ICJ is at
(a) London (c) Hague
(b) New York (d) Washington
23. Voting right is said to be a
(a) Legal right (c) Constitutional right
(b) Fundamental right (d) None of the above
24. A device that converts images into Digital Data that can be stored in a Computer is a
(a) Keyboard (c) Printer
(b) Mouse (d) Scanner
25. "Under the Banyan Tree" is written by
(a) Khushwant Singh (c) S. N. Talwar
(b) Uma Vasudev (d) S. Nihal Singh
26. From which year "Nobel Prize" was started
(a) 1905 (c) 1900
(b) 1901 (d) 1896
27. Who was the first person in India to be decorated with Paramveer Chakra
(a) Major Somanath Sharma (c) Col. Tarapore
(b) Abdul Hameed (d) Nirmaljeet Singh Shakhon
28. Who invented "cycle"
(a) Markani (c) Napier
(b) Macmillan (d) Gillette
29. Which one of the following is not a bacterial diseased
(a) Tuberculosis (c) Diphtheria
(b) Small Pox (d) Typhoid
30. A hygrometer is used to measure
(a) Atmospheric Pressure (c) Relative humidity
(b) Pressure of Sea level (d) Purity of water
31. Ain-e-Akbari is written by
(a) Akbar (c) Abul Fazal
(b) Maulana Abul Kalam Azad (d) Bahadur Shah Zafar

32. Homicide means
(a) Causing death (c) Causing death of anyone
(b) Intentionally causing death (d) Causing death of human being
33. The number of Fundamental Duties in our Constitution is
(a) Five (c) Seven
(b) Eleven (d) None of the above
34. The Chairman of the Delimitation Commission which was established in 2002 was
(a) Justice Kuldip Singh (c) Justice V. R. Krishna Iyer
(b) Justice Nanawathi (d) Justice Y. B. Chandrachud
35. The Headquarter of Asian Development Bank is at
(a) Tokyo (c) Manila
(b) Hong Kong (d) Delhi
36. Who among the following has voting rights ?
(a) An adult literate citizen of a state (c) A citizen of a state
(b) Any inhabitant of a state (d) An adult citizen residing in the state
37. The Vice-President is
(a) A wing of the Parliament (c) Not a member of Parliament
(b) A member of the Rajya Sabha (d) A member of either House of Parliament
38. Which one of the following pairs of states was the first to implement the Panchayati Raj system ?
(a) Uttar Pradesh and Bihar (c) Rajasthan and Andhra Pradesh
(b) Karnataka and Kerala (d) Madhya Pradesh and Maharashtra
39. In India 'Law Day' is observed on
(a) 26th January (c) 26th May
(b) 15th August (d) 26th November
40. Postal Service in India was opened to the public in
(a) 1835 (c) 1837
(b) 1836 (d) 1838

DIRECTION - In the following question there is a certain relationship between two given words on one side of (:) and one word is given on another side of (: :). While another word is to be found from the given alternatives, having the same relation with this word this word as the words of the given pair bear.

41. Doctor : Diagnosis : : Judge : ?

(a) Court

(b) Punishment

(c) Lawyer

(d) Judgement

DIRECTION - Find out the correct answer from the given alternatives.

42. If 'nitco sco tingo' means 'softer than flower'; 'tingo rho mst' means 'sweet flower fragrance' and 'mst sco tmp' means 'sweet than smile', what would 'fragrance' stand for ?

(a) rho

(b) tmp

(c) sco

(d) mst

43. If MINJURTAD is coded as 312547689. How is MADURAL written in that code ?

(a) 44826

(b) 44880

(c) 46682

(d) 389478

DIRECTION - Choose the correct alternative that will continue the same pattern and fill the blank spaces.

44. 0.5, 1.5, 4.5, 13.5, ?

(a) 45.5

(b) 39.5

(c) 30.5

(d) 40.5

DIRECTION - One term in the number series is wrong. Find out the wrong term.

45. 445, 211, 109, 46, 25, 11, 4

(a) 25

(b) 46

(c) 109

(d) 221

DIRECTION - In each of the following questions, find out the correct answer from the given alternatives.

46. Suman started to walk in the East and turned to her right after 25m. and then waled 5m. Again she turned to her right and walked 25m. after this she turned to her left and after walking 10m. she reached to her destination. Now how far is she from her starting point ?

(a) 25m.

(b) 30m.

(c) 35m.

(d) 15m.

47. Harish goes 18m. from *M* in the South and then goes 25m. after turning to his left. After this he goes 18m. after turning to his left. Then reaches to *P* after going 35m. after turning to his left. How far is *P* from *M* and in what direction ?

(a) 10m., East

(b) 35m., West

(c) 10m., West

(d) 10m., South

DIRECTION - Find out the correct answer from the given alternatives.

48. Buses leave every forty minutes from a bus stand. An enquiry clerk told a passanger that a bus had already left ten minutes ago and the next bus will leave at 10:45 A.M. At what time did the enquiry clerk give this information to the passanger ?
(a) 10:45 A.M. (c) 10:25 A.M.
(b) 10:15 A.M. (d) 10:05 A.M.
49. I found that I was half an hour earlier than the scheduled time of the train, and the train being late by 1:30 hours, arrived at 6:20 hours. I had reached at
(a) 4:40 hours (c) 4:20 hours
(b) 5:10 hours (d) 5:20 hours

DIRECTION - One term in the number series is wrong. Find out the wrong term.

50. 15, 16, 22, 29, 45, 70
(a) 16 (c) 45
(b) 22 (d) 70

GROUP - 'B'

GENERAL ENGLISH

DIRECTION - Read each sentence to find out whether there is any Grammatical error in it. The error if any will be in one part of sentence. Find out that part.

51. I was promoted to (a) the post of Principal though
(b) I was junior than (c) all the other members of the staff
(c) (d)
52. No sooner did (a) the thief saw the
(b) policeman than (c) he ran away.
(c) (d)
53. When he comes (a) to see us
(b) he usually will bring (c) something with him.
(c) (d)
54. The issues are (a) complex and
(b) has been obscured (c) by other factors.
(c) (d)

55. Several prominent figures involved in the scandal
 (a) (b)
are required appear to the investigation committee.
 (c) (d)

DIRECTION - Find out which one of the four alternatives would be the suitable alternative to fill in the blanks in the following sentences.

56. His brother is addicted gambling.
 (a) of (c) with
 (b) on (d) to
57. A patriot is always jealous his country's honour.
 (a) to (c) with
 (b) for (d) towards
58. Do not go too fast. I cannot keep you.
 (a) on to (c) up with
 (b) on with (d) up to
59. The court of conscience all other courts.
 (a) surpasses (c) supersedes
 (b) excels (d) trespasses.
60. work is more enjoyable than compulsory work.
 (a) Temporary (c) Slavish
 (b) Voluntary (d) Mechanical
61. The library expects you to return each and every book that you have
 (a) demanded (c) lent
 (b) taken (d) handed

DIRECTION - Which of the following words phrases can replace the words/phrases given in bold in each of the following sentences so as to make them most effective and meaningfully correct.

62. Old habits **die hardly**.
 (a) die much hardly (c) die too hard
 (b) die hard (d) no correction required.
63. Generally **mother-in-laws are** responsible for dowry deaths.
 (a) mother-in-law is (c) mothers-in-law are
 (b) mothers-by-law are (d) no error

64. Either of these novels **are worth reading**.
(a) are worthy for reading (c) is worth reading
(b) are worth for reading (d) no error
65. **Soon as** I walked into the building than I could hear the sound of a celebration in progress.
(a) No sooner had (c) Hardly
(b) Sooner than (d) no error
66. I prefer tea **than** coffee.
(a) then (c) from
(b) to (d) no error
67. It is **easy for children than** for adults to learn a new language.
(a) very easy to children as (c) as easy as children
(b) easy as for children as (d) easier for children than

DIRECTION - Each of the following sentences or phrases is followed by several alternatives one of which conveys best the meaning of the phrase sentence. Choose the one which can be substituted for the given words/sentence.

68. Talking irreverently about God and sacred things.
(a) Blasphemy (c) Oculist
(b) Hedonism (d) Hebraism
69. A child born after the death of its father.
(a) Posthumous (c) Postscript
(b) Posterior (d) Postcript
70. Writing which is impossible to read.
(a) Negligible (c) Illegible
(b) Legible (d) Repressible
71. To shut a man out from society
(a) Ostracize (c) Expel
(b) Banish (d) Culprit
72. Extermination of a race by mass murder
(a) Genocide (c) Diadem
(b) Regicide (d) Decade
73. The act of violating the sanctity of a sacred place
(a) Desecration (c) Sacrilege
(b) Blasphemy (d) Heresay

DIRECTION - In the following questions the first and last sentences of the passage are numbered 1 & 6. The rest of the passage is split into four parts and are named P, Q, R & S. These four parts are not given in their proper order. Read the passage and find out which of the four combinations is correct.

74. 1 : Ashoka was successful
P : by the cruelty and horrors of war
Q : he was so disgusted
R : in his military operations
S : and alone among conquerors
6 : that he renounced it.
(a) RSQP (c) SQPR
(b) PSQR (d) QPRS
75. 1 : In spite of an unprecedented boom in the market
P : and had to remain content
Q : the paper-dealer could not
R : push up his sales
S : with a volume of sale lower than
6 : what he had sold the previous year.
(a) QRPS (c) PRQS
(b) SPRQ (d) RPSQ
76. 1 : Almost thirty five years ago
P : seemed inconsequential compared to the benefits that
Q : scientists said, would flow from it
R : the problems of dismantlement
S : when nuclear power reactors first went on line.
(a) RSPQ (c) SRQP
(b) SRPQ (d) RSQP
77. He reached his office at 10:00A.M. and
P : no sooner
Q : than there was a huge explosion
R : had he got out of the car
S : and it went up in flames
(a) PQRS (c) RPSQ
(b) RPQS (d) PRQS

DIRECTION - For each of the following sentences for alternatives are given. You are required to choose the correct meaning of the Idioms given in *italics* in the sentences.

78. A movement for the world unity is *in the offing*.
(a) at the end (c) on decline
(b) about to start (d) in the air

79. He is a *queer fish*. I have failed to understand him.
(a) funny person (c) strange person
(b) sensitive person (d) quarrelsome person
80. With the existing management, the future of the company is in *doldrums*.
(a) dull (c) uncertain
(b) bright (d) secure
81. The trial was so important that the entire proceedings were held *in camera*.
(a) photographed (c) secret
(b) made into film (d) not open to the public.
82. He is accused of *sitting on the fence*.
(a) confused (c) hesitating between two options
(b) observing the scene (d) resting on the fence.
83. She rejected his proposal of marriage *point blank*.
(a) directly (c) absurdly
(b) pointedly (d) briefly

DIRECTION - In each of the following questions out of the given alternatives, choose the one which express the meaning of the given word.

84. CONDONE
(a) Bring together (c) Surround
(b) Pardon (d) Contribute
85. LATENT
(a) Prompt (c) Apparent
(b) Lethargic (d) Concealed
86. EXORBITANT
(a) Odd (c) Excessive
(b) Ridiculous (d) Threatening
87. ADMONITION
(a) Warning (c) Amazement
(b) Pardon (d) Award

DIRECTION - In each of the following questions choose an alternative which is opposite in meaning to the given word.

88. PERNICIOUS
(a) Pornographic (c) Prolonged
(b) Ruinous (d) Beneficial

89. BEREFT
(a) Deprived (c) Enjoying
(b) Invested (d) Disinvested
90. LETHAL
(a) Safe (c) Virulent
(b) Playful (d) Forgiving

DIRECTION - The following sentences consist of a word or a phrase which is written in italicised letters. Each of them is followed by four words or phrases. Select the word or the phrase which is closest to the opposite in meaning of the italicised word or phrase.

91. They made a *profligate* use of scarce resources.
(a) proper (c) effective
(b) extravagant (d) thrifty
92. He produced *cogent* reasons for the change of policy.
(a) flimsy (c) improper
(b) unconvincing. (d) simple
93. A *fortuitous* combination of circumstances led to the discovery of his lineage.
(a) unfortunate (c) planned
(b) accidental (d) iudicrous

PASSAGE

The Appointed Day has come-the day appointed by destiny, and India stands forth again after long slumber and struggle, awake, vital, free and independent. The past clings on to us still in some measure and we have to do much before we redeem the pledges we have so often taken. Yet the turning point is past, history begins a new for us, the history which we shall live and act and others will write about. It is a fateful moment for us in India, for all Asia and for the world. A new star rises-the star of freedom in the East, a new hope comes into being, vision long cherished materialises. May the star never set and that hope never be betrayed!

We rejoice in that freedom even though clouds surround us, and many of our people are sorrow-stricken and difficult problems encompass us. But freedom brings responsibilities and burdens and we have to face them in the spirit of a fair and disciplined people. On this day our first thoughts go to the Architect of this freedom, the father of our Nation, who, embodying the old spirit of India, held aloft the torch of freedom and lighted up the darkness that surrounded us : we have often been unworthy followers of him and have strayed from his message, but not only we but succeeding generations will remember the message and bear the imprint in their hearts of this great son of India, magnificent in this faith and strength and courage and humility.

We shall never allow that torch of freedom to be blown out, however high the wind or stormy the tempest.

(Pandit Nehru's message to the Nation on Independence day, August, 1947)

94. To what did Pt. Nehru refer by the words the appointed day -
(a) Independence Day (c) Martyr Day
(b) Republic Day (d) None of these

95. What worries Pt. Nehru most according to the passage -
(a) to write a new history of India (c) to rejoice in that newly achieved freedom
(b) to redeem the pledges which he has so often taken. (d) none of these.
96. Pt. Nehru calls this newly achieved freedom as -
(a) rising of a new star in the East (c) a vision long cherished now materialised.
(b) a new hope coming into being (d) all of these.
97. What are the clouds which still surround the Indians -
(a) the clouds of problems and difficulties (c) the burdens and responsibilities
(b) the grief of the people. (d) all of these.
98. Mahatma has been called in the passage as -
(a) the Architect of India (c) the great son of India
(b) the Father of India (d) all of these.
99. Which of the following statements are not true -
(a) We have been unworthy followers of Gandhi (c) But our succeeding generations will remember this message.
(b) Unfortunately we have strayed from Gandhi's message. (d) None of these
100. Which one of the following is the "opposite" in meaning to the word **Succeeding** as used in the passage -
(a) preceding (c) successful
(b) something that follows (d) none of these.

General Knowledge & Reasoning

01. First Woman Chief Justice of High Court in India
(a) Leila Seth (b) Leila Mukherjee
(c) Lalita Basu (d) Sarojini Naidu
02. The words 'Satyameva Jayate' are taken from
(a) Mundaka Upanishad (b) Garud Purana
(c) Gita (d) Mahabharata
03. What does UNESCO deal with?
(a) International Posts and Telegraph
(b) International Refugees
(c) World Intellectual Property
(d) International Educational, Scientific and Cultural matters.
04. India helps in setting up Software Technological parks to country
(a) China (b) Myanmar
(c) Bangladesh (d) Bhutan
05. The President of United States of America once elected, remains in his office for
(a) 4 years (b) 5 years
(c) 6 years (d) indefinite period at his own Will.
06. The oldest large scale industry of India is
(a) Iron and Steel (b) Jute
(c) Cotton and Textile (d) Paper
07. Which of the following examines recommendations of Planning Commission?
(a) Finance Commission (b) Parliament
(c) Cabinet (d) National Development Council.
08. The apex Bank rural credit is
(a) Rural Regional Bank (b) NAFED
(c) NABARD (d) RBI
09. The currency of Kwait is _____
(a) Dollar (b) Pound
(c) Dinar (d) Franc

(0105)

10. Who invented the computer mouse ?
(a) Bill Gates (b) Charles Babbage
(c) Douglas Engelbart (d) Narsimha Murty
11. India's first indigenous animation film is
(a) Chota Sipohi (b) Chutkari ki Mahabharat
(c) Hanuman (d) Chota Jadugar
12. Who was the author of Hind Swaraj (Indian Home Rule)
(a) Gopal Krishna Gokhale (b) Lokmanya Tilak
(c) Mahatma Gandhi (d) Jawaharlal Nehru
13. The real name of Russia secret police (KGB) is
(a) Komiyet Gosudarstvennoy Bezopasnosti (b) Kremlin Guards Bureau
(c) Kuan Gusdor Bizo (d) None of the above
14. ISO 9000 is a
(a) Quality Standard Mark (b) Space Project
(c) Trade technique (d) None of the above
15. The national song 'Vande Mataram' has been taken from which book?
(a) Agni Veena (b) Kadambari
(c) Kamayani (d) AnandMath
16. The Parliament of India consists of
(a) the Lok Sabha (b) the Rajya Sabha
(c) the President (d) all the above
17. The Headquarters of International Labour Organization is situated at
(a) Vterna (c) Geneva
(b) Washington D.C. (d) Rome
18. Montreal Protocol relates to
(a) Nitrogen threatening (b) Nuclear weapon
(c) Ozone depletion (d) Oxygen deficit
19. What does the 'Green house effect' refer to ?
(a) rearing plants in a glasshouse
(b) heating of earth by increase in amount of carbon dioxide present
(c) introducing greenery
(d) None of these

20. Who was awarded 'Humanitarian Award 2008'?
- (a) Amartya Sen (b) Bimal Jalan
(c) Fidel Castro (d) Atal Bihari Bajpayee
21. Judges of High Court are appointed by the
- (a) Governor of the State (b) President of India
(c) Chief Justice of the High Court (d) Chief Justice of the Supreme Court
22. WWW stands for
- (a) World Wrestling Wing (b) World Wide Web
(c) World Wide Computer Web (d) Wild World Web
23. Penicillin was discovered by
- (a) Sir Ronald Ross (b) Alexander Fleming
(c) Louis Pasteur (d) Robert Koch
24. Who Wrote the book "The Ground Beneath Her Feet"?
- (a) Khuswant Singh (b) Arundhati Roy
(c) Salman Rushdie (d) Vikram Seth
25. Who among the following was the first Indian who received the Nobel Prize for Literature in 1913?
- (a) C.V. Raman (b) Dr. Hargovind Khurana
(c) Rabindranath Tagore (d) Dr. Amartya Sen
26. Which country is known as the "Land of Thousand Lakes"?
- (a) Ireland (b) Finland
(c) Greeland (d) Iceland
27. Which among the following is otherwise called as World Court?
- (a) UNO (United Nations Organisation)
(b) ILO (International Labour Organisation)
(c) EU (European Union)
(d) ICJ (International Court of Justice)
28. Who among the following has become the First Indian Actress to be on the Jury of the Cannes International Film Festival
- (a) Mala Sinha (b) Vijayantimala
(c) Karisma Kappor (d) Aishwarya Rai

29. Oncology is the diagnosis and treatment of:
- (a) AIDS
 - (b) Malaria
 - (c) Cancer
 - (d) Migrane
30. Who among the following officials in India always becomes the Chairman of the Planning Commission of India?
- (a) President of India
 - (b) Finance Minister of India
 - (c) Prime Minister of India
 - (d) Speaker of Lok Sahha of Parliament of India
31. How many squares are in a chess board
- (a) Thirty Six
 - (b) Sixty Four
 - (c) Twenty Four
 - (d) Forty Eight
32. Which of the following substances exhibit the property of sublimation?
- (a) led
 - (b) Camphor
 - (c) Ethyl Alcohol
 - (d) Wax
33. India is a Republic because -
- a) it has a Supreme Court
 - b) it has a Parliament
 - c) it has an elected head of the state
 - d) it has a written constitution.
34. The President of India is elected by -
- a) the people of India directly
 - b) the members of Parliament
 - c) the electoral college of the MPs and MLAs
 - d) a collegial body of the State Governors
35. Microphone is used to convert
- (a) sound waves into light rays
 - (b) sound waves into magnetic currents
 - (c) electrical energy into sound waves
 - (d) sound waves into electrical energy
36. NASA refers to
- (a) National Aeronautics and Space Administration
 - (b) North Atlantic Space Agency
 - (c) Northern Airbase and Space Agency
 - (d) None of the above

37. To an astronaut in space, the sky appears to be
(a) White (b) Blue
(c) Red (d) Dark
38. The star nearest to the earth is
(a) Proxima centauri (b) Sun
(c) Moon (d) None of the above
39. The first nuclear device was exploded by Indian scientist at
(a) Thumba (b) Pokhāran
(c) Kālpakam (d) Non of the above
40. Which part of the eye controls the amount of light entering the eye ?
(a) Iris (b) Retina
(c) Choroid (d) None of the above.
41. Who among the following were the first to establish colonies in India ?
(a) English (b) French
(c) Portugese (d) Italians
42. The right to vote in India is based on the principle of
(a) Hereditary privileges (b) Universal adult franchise
(c) Religious affiliation (d) Caste
43. The President of U S A who abolished slavery was
(a) George Washington (b) Abraham Lincoln
(c) Franklin Roosevelt (d) Richard Nixon
44. The principle that distinguishes Buddhism from Jainism is -
(a) Practice of the eight-fold path
(b) Belief in rebirth
(c) Rejection of the infallibility of the Vedas
(d) Attribution of a soul to all beings and things
45. Medha Patekar is a
(a) Philosopher (b) Scientist
(c) Environmentalist (d) Journalist

Directions : (Questions 46 to 50) In the given questions, more than two conclusions are given. Find out, which of the conclusions logically follows from the given premise.

46. **Statement :** Some men are goats. All goats are jackals.

Conclusions :

- | | |
|------------------------------|----------------------------|
| (I) Some men are jackals. | (II) Some jackals are men. |
| (III) All jackals are goats. | (IV) Some goats are men, |
| (a) Only I and II follow | (b) Only III and IV follow |
| (c) Only IV follows | (d) All follow |

47. **Statement :** No educationists are researchers. All researchers are teachers.

Conclusions :

- | | |
|--------------------------------------|-------------------------------------|
| (I) No teacher is researcher. | (II) No teacher is educationist. |
| (III) Some researchers are teachers. | (IV) Some teachers are researchers. |
| (a) Only II follows | (b) None follows |
| (c) Either I or III follows | (d) Only III or IV follows |

48. **Statement :** No parrot is crow. All crows are bats.

Conclusions :

- | | |
|-------------------------------|-------------------------------|
| (I) Some bats are parrots. | (II) All bats are parrots. |
| (III) Some bats are crows. | (IV) Some bats are not crows. |
| (a) None follows | (b) Only I and II follow |
| (c) Only I, II and III follow | (d) Only III and IV follow |

49. **Statements :** All shoes are bags. All bags are boxes.

Conclusions :

- | | |
|-----------------------------|---------------------------------|
| (I) Some bags are shoes. | (II) No bag is shoes. |
| (III) Some boxes are shoes. | (IV) All boxes are shoes. |
| (a) Only I follows | (b) Only either I or II follows |
| (c) Only I and III follow | (d) None follows |

50. **Statements :** Some flowers are fruits. Some fruits are chocolates.

Conclusions :

- | | |
|------------------------------------|---------------------------------|
| (I) No flower is a chocolate. | (II) All fruits are chocolates. |
| (III) Some chocolates are flowers. | (IV) No fruits are flowers, |
| (a) Only I follows | (b) Either I or II follows |
| (c) Either I or IV follows | (d) None follows |

Group - 'B'

General English

DIRECTION : Choose the word or phrase which is nearly the same to the keyword.

51. Amiable

- | | |
|-------------|------------------|
| (a) envious | (b) good natured |
| (c) helpful | (d) kind-hearted |

52. Bountiful

- | | |
|----------------|-----------|
| (a) munificent | (b) scare |
| (c) limited | (d) petty |

53. Dexterity

- | | |
|------------------|---------------|
| (a) disadvantage | (b) exclusion |
| (c) dimmer | (d) skill |

54. Horrendous

- | | |
|---------------|--------------|
| (a) beautiful | (b) coherent |
| (c) dreadful | (d) support |

55. Idiosyncrasy

- | | |
|--------------------------|------------------|
| (a) Eccentricity | (b) Preposterous |
| (c) Affectionate gesture | (d) Tormenting |

DIRECTION : Give the synonyms of the following words.

56. Honorary

- | | |
|---------------|-------------------|
| (a) Unpaid | (b) praise worthy |
| (c) dignified | (d) respectable |

57. Visionary

- | | |
|-----------------|--------------|
| (a) philosopher | (b) dreaming |
| (c) savant | (d) saint |

58. Elegant

- | | |
|---------------|--------------|
| (a) classical | (b) graceful |
| (c) polished | (d) natural |

59. Scintillating

- | | |
|----------------|---------------|
| (a) touching | (b) warning |
| (c) glittering | (d) ploughing |

60. Frail

- (a) nervous
- (b) ill
- (c) happy
- (d) strong

Direction : Choose the correct meaning from the alternative given in each of the following

61. Double jeopardy is

- (a) a two edged weapon
- (b) a dilemma
- (c) a confusing expression
- (d) second prosecution after the first trial for the same offence.

62. One who hates mankind is called

- (a) Egoist
- (b) Egotist
- (c) Introvert
- (d) Misanthrope.

63. Conspiracy is

- (a) absconding from the police
- (b) secret plan to commit a crime
- (c) disobeying the criminal process
- (d) wilful deceiving of the fact

64. Death sentence refers to

- (a) Sentence declared after the death of convict
- (b) Declaration of putting the end to convict's life
- (c) Killing till death
- (d) Hanging till death.

65. Ombudsman refers to the person

- (a) Who looks into complaints against public authorities
- (b) Who is the chief of gang
- (c) Who is declined from the court process
- (d) Who is the retired judge.

DIRECTIONS: Read the following passage and answer the questions given below.

The last millennium, the century to which we have said goodbye, has witnessed remarkable progress in every branch of Science and Technology. Our planet has become a global village due to the ongoing information revolution. The biological revolution has placed in our hands the power to alter the blue prints of life. Similarly; there has been spectacular progress in the perfection of weapons of man destruction. However, the fact is that our socio-cultural and ethical evolution has not kept pace with the revolution in science.

66. What has made our planet a "global village"?

- (a) liberalisation and free markets
- (b) information revolution
- (c) evolution in socio-cultural values
- (d) revolution in science and technology.

67. What does the expression 'blue prints of life' stand for in the passage?

- (a) trials and errors of life
- (b) expanding horizons and aspirations of life.
- (c) trials and errors of life
- (d) detailed plans and schemes of life.

68. What has empowered us to change the patterns of life?

- (a) biological revolution
- (b) weapons of mass destruction
- (c) readily available means of transport
- (d) spectacular successes in technology.

69. Where has the revolution in science failed to impact?

- (a) socio-cultural and ethical evolution
- (b) removal of global poverty
- (c) total elimination of war
- (d) removal of socio-economic inequalities.

70. What is the most striking feature of the last millennium ?

- (a) remarkable progress in science and technology
- (b) planet as global village
- (c) stupendous strides in science
- (d) scientific revolution and socio-cultural evolution.

DIRECTION: Find out error in the following sentences:

71. Sapna reached at New Delhi Railway Station at 10a.m.

- | | |
|----------------------------------|-------------------|
| (a) No error | (b) Sapna reached |
| (c) at New Delhi Railway Station | (d) at 10a.m. |

72. I met Sanjana upon the way to my home in the - evening

- | | |
|----------------|--------------------|
| (a) No error , | (b) Upon the way, |
| (c) I met, | (d) in the evening |

73. She has been working on the problem from a long time but is still not able to solve it
 (a) no error (b) has been
 (c) from a long time (d) not able to solve it.
74. When I went to her home she introduced me with her mother
 (a) no error (b) when I went
 (c) to her home (d) with her mother
75. Swapan is working hard in order that he may achieve success in the examination
 (a) no error (b) is working hard
 (c) in order that (d) he may achieve

DIRECTION : In each of the following questions, there is a certain relation between two given words on one side of :: and one word is given on another side of :: Choose the suitable word to be put on the other side from the given alternatives.

76. Introduction : Conclusion :: Salutation :.....
 (a) Mingle (b) Farewell
 (c) Welcome (d) Emerge
77. Horse : Mare :: Fox :
 (a) Deer (b) Geese
 (c) Vixen (d) Pony
78. Inherit: Acquire:: Hierarchical:.....
 (a) Succession (b) Gain
 (c) instinct (d) discover
79. England : Europe : India :.....
 (a) 'Africa (b) Pakistan
 (c) Australia (d) Asia
80. War : Destruction : Fire :.....
 (a) water (b) food
 (c) burn (a) hunger

DIRECTION : Give the antonyms of the following words

81. Lucid
 (a) Unintelligible (b) Morose
 (c) Verbose (d) Prolix

82. Contamination

- | | |
|------------------|-------------------|
| (a) Purification | (b) Forgetfulness |
| (c) Prejudice | (d) Exonerate |

83. Proximate

- | | |
|----------------------|----------------|
| (a) Distant | (b) Near |
| (c) Non-transferable | (d) Insincere- |

84. Plethora

- | | |
|-------------|----------------|
| (a) Piety | (b) .Paucity - |
| (c) Chagrin | (d) Rude |

85. Judicious

- | | |
|-------------|---------------|
| (a) Rash | (b) Desirable |
| (c) Painful | (d) Rude |

DIRECTION : Substitute by one word.

86. One who is all powerful -

- | | |
|----------------|----------------|
| (a) Omnipotent | (b) almighty |
| (c) victor | (d) both a & b |

87. One who plays a game for pleasure and not professionally -

- | | |
|----------------------|-----------------|
| (a) amateur | (b) martyr |
| (c) non-professional | (d) good player |

88. Incapable of being explained - :

- | | |
|-------------------|------------------|
| (a) unjustifiable | (b) unexplained |
| (c) impracticable | (d) inexplicable |

89. A government carried on through officers is called :

- | | |
|-----------------|-----------------|
| (a) Bureaucracy | (b) autocracy . |
| (c) democracy | (e) theocracy |

90. The lady who remains unmarried :

- | | |
|--------------|-----------------|
| (a) bachelor | (b) misanthrope |
| (c) spinster | (e) artist |

DIRECTION : Choose the correct word to fill in the blanks

91. Tears _____ anger & tension naturally

- | | |
|----------------|-------------|
| (a) following, | (b) follow, |
| (c) relieving, | (d) relieve |

92. What is the time _____ your watch ?
(a) by, (b) at,
(c) in, (d) on
93. Soldiers are ready _____ the battle.
(a) of, (b) for,
(c) to, (d) with
94. I hope you will bear _____ for a few seconds.
(a) at, (b) to with,
(c) up with, (d) on
95. Mohan is swimming _____ the river.
(a) under, (b) at,
(c) in, (d) on
96. He is a _____ criminal
(a) Popular (b) Solid
(c) Hardened (d) Democratic
97. The Bar Council _____ the name of the Advocate from the roll.
(a) entered (b) struck off
(c) inserted (d) enrolle
98. As a witness in the court, you have to be _____ in your statement
(a) Accurate (b) Pointed
(c) Prompt (d) Exact
99. Do not go too fast. I cannot keepyou.
(a) on to (b) on with
(c) up with (d) upto
100. _____ work is more enjoyable than compulsory work.
(a) Temporary (b) Voluntary
(c) Slavish (d) Mechanical



(2011)

GROUP-A

GENERAL KNOWLEDGE

1. the ocean between America and Europe is called
 - a) Artic
 - b) Atlantic
 - c) South Atlantic
 - d) Pacific
2. Which of the followings are members of the NATO?
 - a) USA, Canada and some European countries
 - b) Asian and African countries
 - c) USA, Canada and south American countries
 - d) Some European and some Asian countries
3. What was the name of the town established by Akbar?
 - a) Agra
 - b) Nizamabad
 - c) Delhi
 - d) Fatehpur Sikri
4. In which state of India wet agriculture is practiced?
 - a) Kerala
 - b) Karnataka
 - c) Tamil Nadu
 - d) West Bengal
5. India is the largest producer as well as consumer of
 - a) Rice
 - b) Wheat
 - c) Maize
 - d) Pulse

6. Under the Indian Constitution, residuary powers vest with the
- a) President
 - b) Supreme court
 - c) Union government
 - d) State governments
7. Duncan Pass is between
- a) India and Sri Lanka
 - b) Andaman and Nicobar
 - c) South Andaman and Little Andaman
 - d) North and East Andaman
8. Indira Gandhi canal originates from
- a) Gandhi Sagar dam
 - b) Hirakud dam
 - c) Harike barrage
 - d) Bhakra dam
9. Detergents used for cleaning contain
- a) Nitrates
 - b) Bicarbonates
 - c) Sulphonates
 - d) Bismuthates
10. Which state in India is the largest producer of potatoes?
- a) UP
 - b) Himachal Pradesh
 - c) West Bengal
 - d) Assam

11. When is human rights day celebrated?

- a) Dec10
- b) May 31
- c) April 7
- d) June 5

12. Which one if the following bodies is presided over by a non-member?

- a) Lok Sabha
- b) Vidhan Sabhas of various states
- c) Rajya Sabha
- d) None of these

13. Chocolates can be bad for health because if a high content of

- a) Cobalt
- b) Nickel
- c) Zinc
- d) Lead

14. India won the cricket world cup in the year

- a) 1981
- b) 1988
- c) 1983
- d) 1996

15. Dandi march was undertaken by Mahatma Gandhi in which year?

- a) 1919
- b) 1930
- c) 1942
- d) 1928

16. 'The god of small things' is a book written by

- a) Chetan Bhagat
- b) Arundhati Roy
- c) Arvind Adiga
- d) Nicholas Sparks

17. Who won the Rajiv Gandhi Khel Ratna award for the year 2009-10?

- a) Saina Nehwal
- b) Mahendra Singh Dhoni
- c) Sushil Kumar
- d) Vijendra Singh

18. 'Right to Information Act' does not extend to

- a) Jammu Kashmir
- b) Arunachal Pradesh
- c) Assam
- d) Nagaland

19. Bicycle was invented by

- a) Horace short
- b) Hercules
- c) John atlas
- d) Macmillan

20. Indian National Congress was established in

- a) 1880
- b) 1905
- c) 1885
- d) 1888

21. Which actor won the Film fare award for the best actor for the year 2010?

- a) Hrithik Roshan
- b) Shahrukh Khan
- c) Aamir Khan
- d) Salman Khan

22. Who wrote the book 'The Divine Comedy'?

- a) Homer
- b) Dante
- c) Aristotle
- d) Plato

23. Which of the following is not a Shakespearian play?

- a) Romeo and Juliet
- b) The tale of two cities
- c) Hamlet
- d) King Lear

24. Who is known as the father of computer science?

- a) Charles Babbage
- b) Bill gates
- c) A.PJ Abdul Kalam
- d) Steve jobs

25. Killing of a brother by a brother is known as

- a) Fratricide
- b) Sorroricide
- c) Homicide
- d) Suicide

26. In internet what does http mean?

- a) Hyper text transfer protocol
- b) High transfer text protocol
- c) Hyper transfer text protocol
- d) Highest text transfer protocol

27. Who is the present governor of RBI?

- a) Dr. C. Rangarajan
- b) D. Subbarao
- c) Y.V Reddy
- d) P. Chidambaram

28. Tirupati temple is situated in the state of

- a) Andhra Pradesh
- b) Tamil Nadu
- c) Kerala
- d) Assam

29. National Defence Academy is situated in

- a) Pune
- b) Hyderabad
- c) Bangalore
- d) Dehradun

30. the science of earthquakes is known as

- a) Cosmology
- b) Seismology
- c) Sericulture
- d) Osteology

31. The name of the dam built on river Mahanadi is

- a) Bhakra Nangal
- b) Gandhi Sagar
- c) Hirakud
- d) Nagarjunasagar

32. The first feature film produced in India was

- a) Alam Ara
- b) Raja Harischandra
- c) Pundalik
- d) Hatim Tai

33. Palk strait separates

- a) India and Sri Lanka
- b) India and Pakistan
- c) India and Myanmar
- d) India and Nepal

34. An Indian does not require a passport to travel to which of the following countries?

- a) Nepal
- b) Pakistan
- c) Sri Lanka
- d) China

35. The richest source of vitamin C is

- a) Amla
- b) Orange
- c) Lemon
- d) Grapes

36. Which comet appears every 76 years?

- a) Halley's
- b) David's
- c) Holmes
- d) Alpha Centauri

37. Dr. Amartya Sen received Nobel prize for

- a) Sociology
- b) Literature
- c) Physics
- d) Economics

38. The constitution of India begins with the

- a) Preamble
- b) Fundamental rights
- c) Directive principles
- d) Fundamental duties

39. Operation Geronimo was undertaken to kill

- a) Benazir Bhutto
- b) Indira Gandhi
- c) Osama bin Laden
- d) John F. Kennedy

40. Who is known as the lady with the lamp?

- a) Sarojini Naidu
- b) Mother Teresa
- c) Medha Patkar
- d) Florence Nightingale

41. Which country hosted the Olympic Games in 2008?

- a) China
- b) Australia
- c) India
- d) England

42. Baba Amte resorted to hunger strike demanding drafting of

- a) Lok Pal Bill
- b) Anti-corruption bill
- c) New Constitution
- d) Anti-terrorist bill

43. Who among the following is associated with the introduction of the principle of local self government in India?

- a) Lord Mayo
- b) Lord Northbrook
- c) Lord Lyton
- d) Lord Ripon

44. Which is the largest mammal on earth?

- a) Elephant
- b) Whale
- c) Man
- d) Rhino

45. Which of the following is used for writing on glass?

- a) Silicon
- b) Graphite
- c) Hydrogen fluoride
- d) Hydrogen iodide

46. Which of the following is used in storage batteries?

- a) Zinc
- b) Lead
- c) Copper
- d) Mercury

47. The longest river in India is

- a) Brahmaputra
- b) Ganga
- c) Yamuna
- d) Godavari

48. The number of MPs that can be nominated to the parliament by the president of India is

- a) 2
- b) 22
- c) 32
- d) 12

49. Which sea has the lowest salinity?

- a) Red sea
- b) Dead sea
- c) Arabian sea
- d) Baltic sea

50. The original home of eucalyptus tree is

- a) Britain
- b) Australia
- c) India
- d) Russia

GROUP -B

GENERAL ENGLISH

Directions- fill in the blanks with the suitable word from the choices given below. (Q.N.51 to 55)

51. Mr Ramesh comes from the NDP, as _____ his supporters.
- a) Do
 - b) Are
 - c) Come
 - d) Well
52. He would starve to death rather than _____ a loan.
- a) Ask for
 - b) Ask
 - c) Would ask
 - d) Asked
53. She was so shy _____ all invitations.
- a) As to refuse
 - b) As refusing
 - c) For refusing
 - d) That to refuse
54. It was easy to guess what they had been doing _____.
- a) From living
 - b) So as to live
 - c) For a living
 - d) To live
55. My parents had tried to make an artist of me, but I refused to be made _____.
- a) That
 - b) Him
 - c) It
 - d) One

Directions- choose the most appropriate opposite from the choices given. (Q.N.56 to 60)

56. SHALLOW

- a) High
- b) Deep
- c) Hidden
- d) Hollow

57. ALIVE

- a) Passive
- b) Dead
- c) Asleep
- d) Drowsy

58. SYNTHETIC

- a) Cosmetic
- b) Plastic
- c) Affable
- d) Natural

59. LEND

- a) Hire
- b) Pawn
- c) Borrow
- d) Cheat

60. MINOR

- a) Heavy
- b) Tall
- c) Major
- d) Big

Directions- substitute by one word (Q.N.61 to 65)

61. Contrary to law
- a) Illegal
 - b) Illegible
 - c) Sceptic
 - d) Stoic
62. Not bearing the name of a writer
- a) Invisible
 - b) Invincible
 - c) Almighty
 - d) Anonymous
63. Practice of having more than one spouse
- a) Polygamy
 - b) Monogamy
 - c) Monopoly
 - d) Duopoly
64. Capable of being seen through
- a) Opaque
 - b) Transparent
 - c) Transgenic
 - d) Transient
65. A study of the ancient civilizations
- a) Archaeology
 - b) Gerontology
 - c) Anthropology
 - d) Cosmology

Directions- Give the synonyms of the following words. (Q.No.66 to70)

66. Abandon:

- a) Vacate
- b) Foil
- c) Lose
- d) Gain

67. Authentic:

- a) Strive
- b) Serve
- c) Genuine
- d) Spurious

68. Arid

- i. Dry
- ii. Wet
- iii. Green
- iv. Waste

69. Accident

- i. Casual
- ii. Causal
- iii. Casualty
- iv. Reason

70. Arrogance

- i. Haughtiness
- ii. Friendliness
- iii. Tricky
- iv. Sweet

Directions- Fill in with the most appropriate idioms (Q.N. 71 to 75)

71. _____ the sky became dark and started pouring.
- a) All in once
 - b) All at once
 - c) All once
 - d) At once
72. He told me that he was not ----- impressed with the performance.
- a) At all
 - b) In all
 - c) After all
 - d) Quite all
73. The manager sent for the clerk and he came -----
- a) At once
 - b) All in a sudden
 - c) All in once
 - d) Once
74. ----- I wonder why I was born.
- a) In times
 - b) At times
 - c) With times
 - d) On times
75. I was not ----- his intentions.
- a) Aware of
 - b) Aware about
 - c) Aware at
 - d) Aware with

Directions—Read each sentence to find out if there is any error in it. The error, if any, will be in one part of the sentence. The letter of that part is the answer. If there is no error the answer is (e). (Ignore errors in punctuation, if any). (Q.N. 76 to 85)

76. In spite of the extreme cold/ (a)
She insisted on (b)/
taking a trip to Shimla/(c)
where is her birthplace/(d)
No error/(e)

77. The government decision /(a)
will benefit all/ (b)
the software companies registered/(c)
under the scheme./ (d)
No error/(e)
78. The trustee has agreed / (a)
not only to fund the construction /(b)
of the auditorium / (c)
but also the new research centre/(d)
No error/(e)
79. Seeping in mind the rivalry/(a)
between Vinod and Sachin / (b)
the manager has assigned him /(c)
to different teams./ (d)
No error/(e)
80. In recent times companies have found /(a)
the internet to be ideal place / (b)
to hire personnel /(c)
and form business partnerships./ (d)
No error/(e)
81. These rules were created / (a)
to protect the interests of the student / (b)
who live away from home /(c)
and have no local guardian./ (d)
No error/(e)
82. Concerned over /(a)
the loss of revenue/(b)
the Government plan /(c)
to review the policy immediately./ (d)
No error/(e)

83. Having heard all the evidence /(a)
the Chairman should now be/(b)
able to arrive/(c)
to a fair decision/(d)
No error/(e)
84. There are very fewer hotels /(a)
providing facilities for /(b)
guests who want to bring their pets /(c)
along with them./ (d)
No error/(e)
85. he report states that / (a)
in several parts of the country / (b)
there has not been /(c)
adequately rain this year/(d)
No error/(e)

Directions-- read the passage and answer the questions that follow. (Q.N.86 to 90)

Faith in progress is deep within our culture. We have been taught to believe that our lives are better than the lives of those who came before us. The ideology of modern economics suggests that material progress has yielded enhanced satisfaction and well-being. But much of our confidence about our own well-being comes from the assumption that our lives are easier than those of earlier generations.

The lives of the so-called primitive peoples are thought to be harsh—their existence dominated by the 'incessant quest for food'. In fact, primitives did very little work. contemporary standards we'd have to judge them very lazy.

The key to understanding why these 'stone- age people' failed to act like us—increasing their work effort to get more things—is that they had limited desires. In the race between wanting and having, they had kept their wanting low—and, in this way ensured their own kind of satisfaction. They were materially poor by contemporary standards, but in at least one dimension—time— we have to count them richer.

86. What is the basis for progress and growth according to the writer.?
- (a) Faith in progress is deep-rooted in our culture
 - (b) We have been taught that progress is necessary
 - (c) Material progress has given us strength
 - (d) We have assumed to progress

87. What does the writer attribute to modern economics?
- (a) That our lives are easier than before
 - (b) That, progress is a natural process
 - (c) That material progress leads to higher satisfaction and well-being
 - (d) That it forces us to assume progress
88. What is the writer's image of the primitive people?
- (a) Their life was harsh
 - (b) They did no work
 - (c) They were lazy
 - (d) Search for food was their primary focus in life
89. What is the key to understanding the primitive peoples' behaviour according to the passage?
- (a) They had no desires
 - (b) They had everything they needed
 - (c) They had limited desires
 - (d) They kept their wants high
90. How does the writer appreciate the primitives?
- (a) They have a low degree of wants
 - (b) They are the masters of their time owing to their contentedness
 - (c) They are materially poor
 - (d) They are highly satisfied

Directions- fill in the blanks with the appropriate set of words. (Q.N.91 to 95)

91. There is no glory in warthe blood it
- a) thinking, demands
 - b) considering, sheds
 - c) worth, costs
 - d) comparing, spills
92. Somesh me coming to his table, he smiled and me a chair.
- a) found, signaled
 - b) met, sat
 - c) looked, gave
 - d) saw, offered

93) To yourself from wear warm clothes.

- a) prohibit, heat
- b) protect, cold
- c) save, heat
- d) suffer, cold

94. The words of the mother comforted the child.

- a) harsh, naughty
- b) sweet, happy
- c) soft, energetic
- d) soothing, disappointed

95. I would like to your attention to the second paragraph of my letter to the terms of sale of the machinery.

- a) invite, according
- b) withdraw, regarding
- c) react, mainly
- d) draw, pertaining

Directions- fill in the blanks with appropriate preposition. (Q.N. 96 to 100)

96. We all mourn him

- a) for
- b) about
- c) on
- d) to

97. Take care..... your health.

- a) for
- b) of
- c) about
- d) to

98. Never wink.....your son's mistake.

- a) over
- b) to
- c) at
- d) for

99. The thief was alarmedthe violence.

- a) in
- b) to
- c) at
- d) for

100. He was suspected treachery.

- a) of
- b) in
- c) over
- d) for

Group - 'A'

1. When was the first General Election held in India ?

- a) 1929 b) 1964
 - c) 1942 d) 1951
2. How many tiger reserves are there in India ?
- a) 42 b) 38
 - b) 28 d) 32
3. Who raised the slogan 'Inquilab Zindabad'.
- a) Mangal Pandey b) Lal Bahadur Sashtri
 - c) Bhagat Singh d) Bal Gangadhar Tilak
4. When did Russian Revolution take place ?
- a) 1918 b) 1942
 - c) 1917 d) 1904
5. Which type of soil has maximum water retaining capacity ?
- a) Clay soil b) Sand Soil
 - c) Regur Soil d) Black Soil
6. When was key to protocol adopted by the United Nations Frame-Work Convention on Climate Change. (UNFCCC)
- a) 11th Dec 1997 b) 12th Jan 1997
 - c) 11th March 1999 d) 15th July 2001
7. In which year India become a member of the UN ?
- a) 1945 b) 2002
 - c) 1998 d) 2001
8. Where the Head Quarter of INTERPOLE ?
- a) France b) New York
 - c) England d) Washington

27. Who among the following Indians was on April 27, 2012 elected to the post of Judge of the International Court of Justice at Newyork ?
- a) Justice A S Anand b) Justice A K Ganguly
c) Justice Dalveer Bhandari d) Justice P N Bhagabati
28. Which Bollywood actor has been the Goodwill Ambassador for Polio UNICEF campaign from 2005, was in April announced to be honoured for his contribution to the cause ?
- a) Amitabh Bachan b) Nasiruddin Shah
c) OM Puri d) Shah Ruk Khan
29. The forest in Sunderban is called
- a) Scrub Jaungle b) Mangrove
c) Deciduous forest d) Tundra
30. Noise is measured in
- a) Watt b) REM
c) Centigrade d) Decibel
31. Intensity of gravitational field of earth is maximum at
- a) Poles b) Equator
c) Centre of Gravity d) Surface
32. Oxygen which is vital for life is a product of photosynthesis and comes from
- a) Carbonate from soil b) Carbon dioxide
c) Water d) Oxides of mineral elements
33. Who can initiate impeachment of the President of India /
- a) 1/4th members of the either house of the parliament
b) Half of members of either of Parliament
c) Half of the State Legislature
d) 1/3rd members of any state legislature
34. WTO basically promotes
- a) Financial support b) Global peace
c) Unilateral trade d) Multilateral trade

35. The Directive Principles of State Policy was adopted from
- British constitution
 - Swiss Constitution
 - U.S. Constitution
 - Irish Constitution
36. Mahatma Gandhi was profoundly influenced by the writings of
- Bernard Shaw
 - Karl Marx
 - R. N. Tagore
 - Leo Tolstoy
37. The speaker of Lok Sabha has to address his/her letter of resignation to
- Prime Minister of India
 - President of India
 - Deputy Speaker of Lok Sabha
 - Minister of Parliament affair
38. A Presidential Ordinance can remain in force
- For three months
 - For six months
 - For one year
 - For two years
39. Which one of the following is the guardian of Fundamental Rights ?
- Legislature
 - Executive
 - Political Parties
 - Judiciary
40. Lok Sabha secretariat comes under the control of
- Home ministry
 - Ministry of Parliament affair
 - Lok Sabha Speaker
 - President of India
41. The Chief Justice of High Courts and other justices are appointed by
- President
 - Chief Justice of Supreme Court
 - Governor of the concern State
 - Chief Minister of the State
42. Who among the following is the ex-officio Chairman of the Rajya Sabha ?
- President
 - Vice-President
 - Prime Minister
 - Speaker, Lok Sabha

43. A Judge of High Court can practice as a lawyer after retirement upto which level and where ?
- a) only in lower court
 - b) Equivallent courts
 - c) As he wishes
 - d) Equivalent or a higher court
44. Find the wrong number in the sequence : 196, 169, 144, 121, 99
- a) 196
 - b) 99
 - c) 144
 - d) 121
45. In a certain code SISTER is written as RHRSDQ. How is UNCLE written in that code ?
- a) TMKBD
 - b) TVBOD
 - c) TBMKD
 - d) TMBKD
46. One of the constituents of tear gas is
- a) Ethane
 - b) Ethanol
 - c) Ethor
 - d) Chloropiren
47. The sour milk contains which of the following acids ?
- a) Citrus Acid
 - b) Lactic Acid
 - c) Tartaric Acid
 - d) Acetic Acid
48. The Unit of power is
- a) Watt / second
 - b) Joule
 - c) Kilo Joule
 - d) Watt
49. Which of the following lenses is used to correct short sightness ?
- a) Convex sense
 - b) Concave lens
 - c) Cylindrical Lens
 - d) Horizontal lens
50. Find the missing number in the following series : 1, 9, 25, 49, ?, 121
- a) 64
 - b) 81
 - c) 91
 - d) 100

GROUP-B
GENERAL ENGLISH

Directions - Identify the odd word out.

51. A highly skilled person

- | | |
|---------------|---------------|
| a) Consummate | b) Genius |
| c) Gregarious | d) Inveterate |

52. The act of admitting one's own offence before police

- | | |
|------------------------|------------------------|
| a) Admission of crime | b) Acceptance of crime |
| c) Confession of crime | d) Approval of crime |

53. Bitter and Violent attack on innocent people

- | | |
|-----------|------------|
| a) War | b) Assault |
| c) Assart | d) Aspect |

Direction : Give the Antonyms of the following words

54. Contamination

- | | |
|-----------------|------------------|
| a) Purification | b) Forgetfulness |
| c) Prejudice | d) Exonerate |

55. Nullify

- | | |
|------------|------------|
| a) Impress | b) Effect |
| c) Seclude | d) Astound |

56. Judicious

- | | |
|------------|--------------|
| a) Rash | b) Desirable |
| c) Painful | d) Rude |

Direction : What is the opposite of

57. Audacity

- | | |
|--------------|--------------|
| a) Cowardice | b) Patricide |
| c) Bravado | d) Quivering |

58. Elevation

- | | |
|---------------|-----------------|
| a) deflation | b) depreciation |
| c) depression | d) appreciation |

Direction - Choose the word or phrase which is the nearly the same to the key word.

59. Corroborate

- | | |
|----------------|----------------|
| a) Corrosive | b) Confirm |
| c) Corrigendum | d) interesting |

60. Interpret

- | | |
|-------------|------------|
| a) Explain | b) Hide |
| c) Obstruct | d) Support |

61. Provoke

- | | |
|--------------|--------------|
| a) Incline | b) Persuade |
| c) encourage | d) Instigate |

Direction-Find out the correct preposition

62. We get out life just what we put into it

- | | |
|---------|-------|
| a) with | b) of |
| c) for | d) to |

63. A prudent man always avail himself opportunities provided

- | | |
|-------|---------|
| a) of | b) with |
| c) to | d) for |

Direction - The under mentioned sentences are divided into four parts, out of these four parts only one part is incorrect. Mark the incorrect part only one error is in each sentences.

64. _____

- | | |
|------------------------------------|---------------------------------------|
| a) The judges of the supreme court | b) is appointed |
| c) by the President of India | d) if they are qualified for the post |

65. _____

- | |
|---|
| a) The provisions of the constitution vest |
| b) In the Governor of a state |
| c) a fairly long list of powers |
| d) which, if taken on its face value will add up to formidable prepositions |

Direction - Give the synonyms of the following words.

66. Forbid

- | | |
|-------------|-------------|
| a) allow | b) prohibit |
| c) denounce | d) confirm |

67. Hinder

- | | |
|------------|-----------|
| a) protect | b) impede |
| c) devote | d) create |

68. Elegant

- | | |
|--------------|-------------|
| a) Classical | b) Graceful |
| c) polished | d) Natural |

Direction- Fillup the blanks

69. The company has _____ badly under his leadership.

- | | |
|-------------|-------------|
| a) fared | b) Stuck |
| c) Declined | d) improved |

70. The East India Company was _____ in AD 1600.

- | | |
|------------|---------------|
| a) set out | b) discovered |
| c) Founded | d) Found |

71. Science is dead when it is _____ from modernisation and stops contributing to progressive values.

- | | |
|-------------|----------------|
| a) divorced | b) eliminated |
| c) eschewed | d) segregated. |

Direction - One word substitution

72. Government which has its state religion or Government of priests.

- | | |
|----------------|--------------|
| a) Aristocracy | b) Oliganchy |
| c) Sacerdotal | d) Theocracy |

73. To give one's authority to others

- | | |
|---------------|--------------|
| a) intimidate | b) delegate |
| c) abdicate | d) desecrate |

74. An uncivilised person is called

- | | |
|--------------|---------------|
| a) altruist | b) barbarian |
| c) audacious | c) lascivious |

75. The right to make or sell a new invention is

- | | |
|---------------|--------------|
| a) patent | b) perjury |
| c) predicting | d) petrology |

Direction - Each sentence is broken into four parts i.e. A, B, C, D, Mark the part which has an error. If there is no error, the answer is 'D'. (Ignore errors of punctuation, if any).

76. a. We discussed about the problem so thoroughly
b. on the eve of the examination
c. That I found it very easy to work it out.
d. No error.
77. a. An Indian ship
b. Laden with merchandise
c. Got drowned in the Pacific Ocean.
d. No error.
78. a. If I had known
b. This yesterday
c. I will have helped him.
d. No error.
79. a. I have got
b. My M.Sc. degree
c. In 1988.
d. No error

Direction - Choose one of the options which has nearly the same meaning of the word given below

80. AUGUST
a. Common b. Ridiculous c. Dignified d. Petty
81. ATTEMPT
a. Serve b. Try c. Explore d. Explain
82. INSOLVENT
a. Poor b. Bankrupt c. Penniless d. Broke
83. UNCOUTH
a. Ungraceful b. Rough c. Slovenly d. Dirty

Direction - In the following questions choose the word which is the exact OPPOSITE of the given words.

84. COMMISSIONED
a. Started b. Closed c. Finished d. Terminated

85. FRAUDULENT

- a. Candid b. Direct c. Forthright d. Genuine

86. CULPABLE

- a. Defendable b. Blameless c. Careless d. Irresponsible

87. TANGIBLE

- a. Ethereal b. Concrete c. Actual d. Solid

Direction - Choose the most effective word(s) from the given words to fill in the blank to make the sentence meaningfully complete.

88. I saw aof cows in the field.

- a. Group b. Herd c. Swarm d. Flock

89. Man does not live by.....alone.

- a. Food b. Bread c. Meals d. Diet

90. The telephone.....several times before I answered it.

- a. Was ringing b. Has rung c. Had rung d. Would ring

91. He passed the examination in the first class because he

- a. Was hard working for it b. Worked hardly for it
c. Had worked hard for it d. Was working hard for it

Direction - Choose the correct meaning of proverb/idiom given below.

92. To pick holes

- a. To find some reason to quarrel b. To destroy something
c. To criticise someone d. To cut some part of an item

93. A black sheep

- a. An unlucky person b. A negro
c. An ugly person d. None of these

94. To smell a rat

- a. To see signs of plague epidemic b. To get bad smell of a bad dead rat
c. To suspect foul dealings d. To be in a bad mood

95. To hit the nail right on the head

- a. To do the right thing b. To destroy one's reputation
c. To announce one's fixed views d. To teach someone a lesson

Direction - Read the following passage carefully and answer the questions from the alternative given below against each.

In the world today we make health an end in itself. We have forgotten that health really means to enable a person to do his work and does it well; a lot of modern medicine and this includes many patients as well as many physicians pay very little attention to health but very much attention to those who imagine that they are ill. Our great concern with health is shown by the medical columns in newspapers, the health articles in popular magazines and the popularity of television programs and all those books on medicine. We talk about health all the time. Yet for the most part the only result is more people with imaginary illness. The healthy man should not be wasting time talking about health; he should be using health for work. The work does the work that good health makes possible.

96. Modern medicine is primarily concerned with
- a. Promotion of good health
 - b. People suffering from imaginary illness
 - c. People suffering from real illness
 - d. Increased efficiency in work
97. The passage suggests that
- a. Health is an end in itself
 - b. Health is blessing
 - c. Health is only means to an end
 - d. We should not talk about health
98. Talking about the health all time makes people
- a. Always suffer from imaginary illness
 - b. Sometimes suffer from imaginary illness
 - c. Rarely suffer from imaginary illness
 - d. Often suffer from imaginary illness
99. The Passage tells us
- a. how medicine should be manufactured
 - b. what healthy man should or should not do
 - c. what television programmes should be about
 - d. how best to imagine illness
100. A healthy man should be concerned with
- a. his work which good health makes possible
 - b. looking after his health
 - c. his health which makes work possible
 - d. talking about health



GENERAL KNOWLEDGE

- 1) Strength of Council of Ministers is fixed by.
 - (a) Prime Minister
 - (b) Parliament
 - (c) President
 - (d) Constitution
- 2) A seat of a MP can be declared vacant if he/she absents for a continuous period of without notice.
 - (a) 60 days
 - (b) 90 days
 - (c) 100 days
 - (d) 45 days
- 3) Who is called "the lady with the lamp"?
 - (a) Sarojini Naidu
 - (b) Florence Nightingale
 - (c) Margret Thatcher
 - (d) Whitney Houston
- 4) What is the study of the coins called?
 - (a) Coinlogy
 - (b) Numismatics
 - (c) Palaigraphy
 - (d) Archaeology
- 5) Radio Carbon Dating is used to determine.
 - (a) Age of human beings
 - (b) Age of archaeological objects
 - (c) Purity of meals
 - (d) Disease in Human Bodies.
- 6) Onam is important harvest festival in
 - (a) Kerala
 - (b) Tamil Nadu
 - (c) Kamataka
 - (d) Jammu and Kashmir
- 7) The full form of STD is
 - (a) Subscriber Trunk Dialing
 - (b) State Telecom Directory
 - (c) State Telecom Department
 - (d) State Trunk Dialing.
- 8) The largest river is
 - (a) Mississippi
 - (b) Amazon
 - (c) Nile
 - (d) Brahmaputra
- 9) Tirupati is in
 - (a) Andhra Pradesh
 - (b) Tamil nadu
 - (c) Kamataka
 - (d) Kerala
- 10) Who was associated with the drafting of Indian Penal Code.
 - (a) Lord Lytton
 - (b) B.R. Ambedkar
 - (c) Lord Macaulay
 - (d) Warren Hastings

- 10) The forest of Sunderban is called
- Scrub jungle
 - Mangrove forest
 - Deciduous forest
 - Tundra forest
- 11) Which country is known as the sugar bowl of the world?
- Malaysia
 - Cuba
 - Japan
 - Indonesia
- 12) The term epicenter is concerned with?
- Nuclear Explosion
 - Earthquake
 - Cyclonic Storm
 - Tsunami
- 13) What is the Capital of Australia?
- Brisbane
 - Melbourne
 - Canberra
 - Sydney
- 14) What is the function of the ozone layer
- To filter harmful ultraviolet rays of the Sun
 - To prevent radiation from escaping the Earth
 - To protect the Earth from Cosmic Rays
 - To stabilize the Earth's temperature
- 15) What triggered 1857 revolt.
- Greased Cartridges
 - Doctrine of Lapse
 - Racial Discrimination
 - All of the above
- 16) The Great Bath is the most famous structure of
- Mohenjodaro
 - Harappa
 - Lothal
 - Kalibangam
- 17) In 260 B.C. Ashoka fought the ... war which proved to be a turning point in his Life
- Taxila
 - Ujjain
 - Kalinga
 - Chandala
- 18) The first man to circumnavigate the world is.
- Columbus
 - Magellan
 - Amudson
 - Copernicus
- 19) The atomic bombs that US dropped on Japan were named.
- Jones, Joan
 - Sam, Johu
 - Bolt, Range
 - Fat man, Little Boy
- 20)

- 21) Who said "every drop of my blood will contribute to the growth of this nation and make it strong and dynamic".
- Mahatma Gandhi
 - Jawaharlal Nehru
 - Indira Gandhi
 - Rajiv Gandhi
- 22) Who was called "Frontier Gandhi"
- Khan Abdul Ghaffar Khan
 - Khan Abdul Wali Khan
 - Khan Abdul Ismail Khan
 - Khan Abdul Mohammad Khan
- 23) Which one of the following is not a permanent member of the UN Security Council.
- Japan
 - France
 - China
 - United Kingdom
- 24) What does UNESCO deal with?
- International Post and Telegraph
 - International Refugees and their Education
 - World Intellectual Property
 - International education, Scientific and Cultural matters
- 25) INTERPOL is a 147 nation Police Commission established in 1923. Its headquarter is at.
- Paris
 - Lyons
 - Frankfurt
 - London
- 26) OPEC is
- Organization of Petroleum Exporting Countries
 - Oil and Petroleum Exporting Corporation
 - Organization of Petroleum Exporting Companies
 - Oil and Petroleum Exporting Countries
- 27) The term of the judges of International Court of justice is:
- 8 years
 - 9 years
 - 10 years
 - 5 years
- 28) What is the full name of NAM?
- National Army Medical Care
 - National Advanced management course
 - National Acquisition Movement
 - Non-Aligned Movement
- 29) Secularism in the Indian Context means
- Religion is an individual's private concern
 - Citizens are not discriminated on account of their religion
 - Religious institutions can propagate their faith.
 - All of the above
- 30) Which of the following country has one party political system?
- USA
 - England
 - China
 - Pakistan

- 31) Free Port is one that
- (a) Takes no Custom Duty
 - (b) Allow free entry of goods to be exported
 - (c) Allows duty free imports
 - (d) None of the above
- 32) Which of the dance is associated with Tamil Nadu?
- (a) Bharatnatyam
 - (b) Kuchipudi
 - (c) Odissi
 - (d) None of these
- 33) What is Operation Flood
- (a) Control of Floods
 - (b) Eliminate the damage caused by flood
 - (c) Production and conservation of milk
 - (d) The aid given after the floods recedes.
- 34) Pashmina is a breed of :
- (a) Rabbit
 - (b) Sheep
 - (c) Goat
 - (d) Fox
- 35) Find the odd number
- (a) 369
 - (b) 692
 - (c) 789
 - (d) 879
- 36) Diamonds are weighed in
- (a) Grams
 - (b) Miligrams
 - (c) Carats
 - (d) Tons
- 37) The author of "Lajja" is
- (a) Bal Thacrey
 - (b) Taslima Nasreen
 - (c) Vikram Seth
 - (d) Premchand
- 38) Which was the 1st non Test playing country to beat India in an international match?
- (a) Canada
 - (b) Bangladesh
 - (c) Sri Lanka
 - (d) Zimbawe
- 39) Who was the first Indian to win the World Amateur Billiards title?
- (a) Geet Sethi
 - (b) Pankaj Advani
 - (c) Manoj Kothari
 - (d) Wilson Jones
- 40) WWW stand for
- (a) World wide window
 - (b) World wide web
 - (c) World wide window XP
 - (d) None of these

- 41) Discovery of India is written by
 (a) Mahatma Gandhi
 (b) Hueinsang
 (c) Pt Jawahar Lal Nehru
 (d) Megasthanees
- 42) The Art of making maps is called
 (a) Lithography
 (b) Mapography
 (c) Polygraphy
 (d) Cartography
- 43) According to the constitution of India we have a:
 (a) Unitary State
 (b) Federal State
 (c) Plural State
 (d) Soft State
- 44) Which of the following rights have been described in the constitution of India?
 (a) Natural rights of the citizen
 (b) Moral rights of the citizen
 (c) Fundamental Rights of the citizens
 (d) Hereditary Rights of the citizens
- 45) The founding fathers of the constitution derived the idea of fundamental rights from:
 (a) Constitution of USSR
 (b) Constitution of USA
 (c) Constitution of Ireland
 (d) Constitution of Switzerland
- 46) The highest judicial institution in India is called the:
 (a) Federal Court
 (b) Supreme Court
 (c) High Court
 (d) Law Ministry
- 47) The age of retirement of a Supreme Court Judge of India is:
 (a) 58 years
 (b) 60 years
 (c) 62 years
 (d) 65 years
- 48) The National Song (Vande Mataram) was composed by:
 (a) Rabindra Nath Tagore
 (b) Bankim Chandra Chatterjee
 (c) Mahatma Gandhi
 (d) Bankim Chandra Chattopadhyay
- 49) The first general election was held in India in:
 (a) 1951-52
 (b) 1950-51
 (c) 1949-50
 (d) 1948-49
- 50) Who founded the Communist Legal Theory?
 (a) Stain
 (b) Marx and Engels
 (c) Mao
 (d) Maine

GENERAL ENGLISH

DIRECTION: CHOOSE A SUBSTITUTE WORD FROM THE OPTIONS FOR THE DISCRPTION GIVEN- (Qs. 51 to 55)

- 51) A highly skilled person
(a) Consummate
(b) Genius
(c) Gregarious
(d) Inveterate
- 52) One who hates mankind is called
(a) Egoist
(b) Egotist
(c) Introvert
(d) Misanthrope
- 53) Deviating from the rule
(a) Anarchy
(b) Heterogenous
(c) Homogeneous
(d) Anamalous
- 54) Incredible means
(a) Surprising
(b) Interesting
(c) Disgusting
(d) Unbelievable
- 55) False name for criminal deception
(a) Alias
(b) Pseudonym
(c) Nickname
(d) Hidename

DIRECTION: FILL IN THE BLANK WITH CORRECT OPTION. (Qs. 56 to 60)

- 56) The Public are cautioned _____ pickpockets.
(a) Against
(b) From
(c) About
(d) Of
- 57) I shall do it _____ pleasure
(a) For
(b) With
(c) Of
(d) At
- 58) The village was destroyed _____ fire
(a) From
(b) Of
(c) In
(d) By
- 59) He hanged himself _____ a piece of cloth.
(a) By
(b) Through
(c) With
(d) From
- 60) The headmaster _____ to speak to you.
(a) Wants
(b) Is wanting
(c) Was wanting
(d) has wanted

DIRECTION: POINT OUT THE ERROR IN THE SENTENCE GIVEN. (Qs. 61 to 65)

- 61) Not hardly a sound could be heard in the auditorium. when the speaker approached the dais to announce the result of contest.
- (a) No error
 - (b) Not hardly
 - (c) When
 - (d) Approached
- 62) Many patients begin to show symptoms again after they stopped taking the drugs.
- (a) No error
 - (b) Many
 - (c) Show
 - (d) They stopped
- 63) By midnight the guests still had not been served dinner, so they were ravishing.
- (a) No error
 - (b) Had not been served
 - (c) So they
 - (d) Ravishing
- 64) The judges were unable to make a final decision on a single winner, so they divided first prize between John and he.
- (a) No error
 - (b) Were
 - (c) They
 - (d) He
- 65) During her rise to fame, she betrayed many of her friends, and because of it, very few people trust her.
- (a) No error
 - (b) During her rise to fame
 - (c) Because of it
 - (d) Trust her

DIRECTION: FIND OUT APPROPRIATE MEANING OF THE GIVEN WORD FROM THE CHOICES GIVEN BELOW. (Qs. 66 to 70)

- 66) Chattel
- (a) Barrister's wig
 - (b) Movable personal possession
 - (c) Obligation
 - (d) Piece of land
- 67) Intestate
- (a) Without heirs
 - (b) Without leaving a will
 - (c) Bankrupt
 - (d) Of natural causes
- 68) Subpoena
- (a) Punishment
 - (b) Ban
 - (c) Delay
 - (d) Summons
- 69) Treason
- (a) Insult to the ruler
 - (b) Betrayal of country
 - (c) Campaign of Republic
 - (d) Desecrating the flag
- 70) Thesaurus
- (a) Flesh eating dinosaur
 - (b) Argument
 - (c) Book of synonyms
 - (d) Road map

DIRECTION: IN EACH OF THE FOLLOWING QUESTIONS (QS.71 TO 75) THERE IS A CERTAIN RELATIONSHIP BETWEEN TWO WORDS ON ONE SIDE OF : : AND ONE WORD IS GIVEN ON THE ANOTHER SIDE OF : : CHOOSE THE SUITABLE WORD TO BE PUT ON THE OTHER SIDE FROM THE GIVEN ALTERNATIVES.

71) White : Peace :: Red :

- (a) Cleaniness
- (b) Hatred
- (c) Roses
- (d) Violence

72) Tax : Exemption as

- (a) Fine : Payment
- (b) Disease : Immunity
- (c) Trial : Forfeit
- (d) Crime : Punishment

73) See : Eyes as

- (a) Grapple : Iron
- (b) Graps : Hand
- (c) Sneeze : Nostrils
- (d) Rock : Large

74) Secret Service : RAW as

- (a) Profession : Law
- (b) Soldier : Army
- (c) Open : Undercover
- (d) Lungs : Blood

75) Plaintiff : Defendant as

- (a) Court : Law
- (b) Judge : Jury
- (c) Injured : Accused
- (d) Explosive : Volcano

DIRECTION: CHOOSE THE ANTONYMS FROM THE GIVEN CHOICES FOR THE WORDS GIVEN. (Qs.76 to 78)

76) Windfall

- (a) Sudden fall
- (b) Air flow
- (c) Unexpected gain
- (d) Unexpected fall

77) Pertinent

- (a) Absurd
- (b) Relevant
- (c) Useful
- (d) Important

78) Latent

- (a) Apparent
- (b) Visible
- (c) Secret
- (d) Hidden

DIRECTION: CHOOSE THE FEMALE GENDER OUT OF THE FOLLOWING OPTIONS FOR THE WORD GIVEN (Qs.79 to 80)

79) Mr.

- (a) Ms.
- (b) Mrs.
- (c) Misses
- (d) Messors

80) Proprietor

- (a) Proreitress
- (b) Proprietor
- (c) Proprietrix
- (d) Proprietoress

DIRECTION: FIND OUT THE WORD WITH INCORRECT SPELLING IN THE OPTIONS GIVEN. (Qs. 81 & 82)

- 81) (a) Appellant
(b) Bankruptcy
(c) Restaurant
(d) Renaissance
- 82) (a) Conveyance
(b) Donee
(c) Distress
(d) Disertion

DIRECTION: CHOOSE THE APPROPRIATE WORD AND FILL UP THE BLANK SPACE FROM THE OPTIONS GIVEN. (Qs. 83 to 85)

- 83) She _____ her bag and ran for her life.
(a) Clutched
(b) Graspd
(c) Held
(d) Gripped
- 84) The officer's _____ was not taking off but he decided to give it another try.
(a) Career
(b) Profession
(c) Business
(d) Occupation
- 85) He was not able to _____ his family from the neighbour's onslaught.
(a) Defend
(b) Safeguard
(c) Shield
(d) Cover

DIRECTION: GIVE THE SYNONYMS OF THE WORD GIVEN. (Qs. 86 to 90)

- 86) Alma mater
(a) One's school or college
(b) Aunty
(c) Opponent
(d) Accidental
- 87) Embezzle
(a) Misappropriate
(b) Balance
(c) Femunerate
(d) Clear
- 88) Brief
(a) Lengthy
(b) Long
(c) Short
(d) Hide
- 89) Kind
(a) Nice
(b) Wild
(c) Funny
(d) Best
- 90) Glad
(a) Broken
(b) Happy
(c) Open
(d) Round

DIRECTION: CHOOSE THE MEANING.

(Qs. 91 to 95)

- 91) What is meaning of fictitious?
- (a) Natural
 - (b) Virtual
 - (c) Feeble
 - (d) Imaginary
- 92) Give the meaning of Enigmatic.
- (a) Perplexing
 - (b) Weak
 - (c) Dynamic
 - (d) Heavenly
- 93) Give the meaning of Diffidence
- (a) Discourage
 - (b) Humility
 - (c) Harmful
 - (d) Defection
- 94) Give the meaning of Mitigate.
- (a) Ease
 - (b) Imperfect
 - (c) Cruel
 - (d) Damaged
- 95) Give the meaning of Adept.
- (a) Skillful
 - (b) Perspective
 - (c) Wealthy
 - (d) Animate

PASSAGE :

Every housewife knows how important a written list can be. Have you ever noticed how many young home makers push their carts through the grocery list? Those simple grocery lists are the secret to saving time and money and to avoiding frustration. Aisle after aisle of tempting packages has been designated to catch their eyes and divert their attention, but written lists keep them focused on grocery needs and away from things like a box of gooey fudge cookies.

DIRECTION: READ THE PASSAGE CAREFULLY AND TICK THE FOLLOWING STATEMENTS WHICH YOU THINK ARE CORRECT. (Qs. 96 to 100)

- 96) Choose the correct answer
- (a) It is wasted time to keep a written list for shopping.
 - (b) Grocery lists shut you away from tempting products
 - (c) Shopping without a list is fun
 - (d) One can shop effectively without a list.
- 97) Tick the statement which you think is correct.
- (a) Grocery list save time and money during shopping.
 - (b) Shopping without a list is boring.
 - (c) Shopping without a list is aim less and wastage of energy.
 - (d) Only people with a poor memory make a list.
- 98) An aisle is a
- (a) Channel
 - (b) Bench
 - (c) Shelf
 - (d) Basket
- 99) The passage seeks to drive home the need for
- (a) Shopping
 - (b) Written lists
 - (c) Resisting temptation
 - (d) Saving money
- 100) "Grocery Cookies" conjures up a picture of
- (a) Crisp Cookies
 - (b) Tasty Cookies
 - (c) Sticky Cookies
 - (d) Nutty Cookies