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Contributors should follow the stylesheet printed at the back of this volume contributions should be submitted in two copies.

Areally, Language and Linguistics in Melanesia covers the linguistics situation in Melanesia, where one fourth of the world's languages are spoken, as symbolised by the cover design.

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(FORMERLY KIVUNG)

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STYLE SHEET FOR AUTHORS

The Editor of Language and Linguistics in Melanesia wishes to leave authors some freedom, in regard to format, provided it is not too esoteric, and that is followed consistently throughout the article/review. The Editor sees no merit in having total uniformity of format between one article/review and another.

Some things, however, are "musts". The Editor can take care of most of them. The following are the author's responsibility.

(1) Face sheet

The face sheet(or "title page") is the first sheet of the MS, no matter whether it or the next page is numbered "1". It must contain:

- (a) Title; author's name; author's affiliation.
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If there is an "Abstract", that should appear on the page following the title page.

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Please use double space throughout, also for Notes and References. Begin the Notes on a new page, and the same with the References.

Italics in print should appear in the typescript either in italics or underscored.

(3) Illustrations and tables

These may appear in the body of the text, provided that your MS is keyboarded using a standard word processor (Microsoft Word, Word Perfect, Wordstar) and that a 5 1/4" or a 3 1/2" diskette accompanies your submission. All should be numbered consecutively with Arabic numerals. (Do not use expressions like "the following table".)

(4) References in the body of the text

For reference to a publication, use author's last name plus year (plus page numbers if required). Either all of that, or all minus the author's name, should be in parentheses, as the context requires. For example:

Marshall (1964: 12) finds complications in this regard in some NAN languages.

As several phonologists have noted (Banke 1975: 15; Rubo 1979a: 1134; LaviÁre 1981: 16 and *passim*), epenthesis presents special problems for this type of interpretation.

(5) List of references

Titles of books, journals, and series are to be in bold face; titles of articles must be enclosed in double quotes. For punctuation and capitalization, see examples below. Use caps to begin all operative words in a title only for titles of journals and titles of series (not for titles of books and titles of articles). If you wish to add a series title, place it at the end of the entry, enclosed in brackets.

For italics, see (2) above, second para.

(a) Book(monograph)

Entwistle, Gerard P. 1973. Approaches to bilingualism. Fargo: Northeastern University Press.

(b) Book(collection)

Dry, F.C., Beech, Charles R., and Thomas Mallory, eds. 1981. Aspects of verb serialization. Birmingham: Brooks.

Cunningham, Carl J., Jr.(ed.). 1977. Studies in pidgin and creole languages. Newcastle: The University of Newcastle Press [Studies in Sociolinguistics 5].

(c) Articles in journals or collections

Upthorne, Craig. 1966. "OV order and ergative languages". Studies in Melanesian Languages 15:2-17.

Morisette, Lïon. 1977. "How to avoid substratomania". In: Cunningham ed., 37-56.

Note that the Cunningham item must be added in the references, even if the only reason it is cited is reference to the Morisette article.

Titles of journals should be written in full: for example, do not write "SML", but "Studies in Micronesian Linguistics"

(d) forthcoming publications

For Example:

Finness, Peter Q. Forthcoming. "Morphological derivation and creolization". To appear in Language and Languages.

Hausmeister, JËrgen Th. In press. The languages of Vanuatu. Suva: Fiji Press.

(6) Linguistic data and glosses

Citation forms in the body of the text should be underscored or italicized and followed (without comma) by the gloss, which is to be enclosed in single quotation marks.

Cited data in numbered examples should be underscored or italicized for any language other than English. Kindly observe the following:

- (a) As noted, underscore or italicize the original.
- (b) Type morpheme-by-morpheme gloss underneath (not beside) the original; align the left boundary of the first morpheme glossed with the left boundary of the corresponding morpheme of the original.
- (c) Type the "free gloss" underneath the morpheme-by-morpheme gloss(not beside it or beside the original); enclose the free gloss in single quotes.
- (d) Indent all numbered examples.
- (e) Enclose each number in parentheses; and use such parenthesized numbers also in the body of the text whenever reference to such examples is made.
- (f) If separation of bound morphemes in the original is needed or preferred, use the dash ("-"), which is matched by a corresponding dash in the interlinear gloss; in the latter, use the colon (":") whenever separation in the original is irrelevant, or not segmentally identifiable. (Neither dash nor colon should cross word boundaries.)

Examples (alternative for (1) is (2); for (3), (4)):

- (1) Vas v -ekerula. boy:ABS sg:masc:Abs -run 'The boy runs'.
- (2) Vas vekerula.
 boy:ABS sg:masc:ABS:run
 'The boy runs'.
- (3) K -at -ka -cuku-x.
 ASP -2sg:ABS -1pl:ERG -seek-ACT
 'We seek you'.
- (4) Katkacukux.
 ASP:2sg:ABS:1pl:ERG:seek:ACT
 'We seek you'.

(5) Puer puellam amat.
boy:NOM girl:ACC love:1sg:PRES:IND:ACT
'The boy loves the girl'.

(7) Abbreviations

A list of abbreviations used throughout the article should occur at the end of the article, preceding the Notes.

(8) Appendices

Any appendix should follow the main body of the article, after the abbreviations.

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