# THRESHOLD COVENANT



I must point out a type of covenant that was common practice for pagan's in biblical times. It's importance will be seen in the following.

Understanding this covenant idea will help us see great thematic connections to various scriptures, especially those regarding the Feast of Passover. With this insight we will receive greater revelation of why the Word of Yah is called the Living Word. When we grasp the little intricacies hidden in-between the lines of our Hebrew bible, it is like seeing a diamond from a different angle and the skek'hinah (glory) is most beautiful.

In ancient times it was common practice to use a door threshold to make a covenant between two people or families. The people would take an animal and cut it in half. They would place the two halves on either side of the doorway with the blood flowing across the threshold. The threshold (bottom front step area) of the home, would actually have a little groove all the way across and a small basin area on one side were the blood of a sacrifice could be poured. The blood of a sacrifice was normally poured in the basin and it drained across the door threshold.

By crossing over this threshold the guest would understand that he was in agreement with whatever the covenant with that family was. They were in agreement with each other. The home owner was essentially creating a covenant with his guest.

The two individuals, or groups, would state whatever their covenantal agreement was to each other and then both walk through the threshold, completing the action. Then they would speak outloud that if they broke the covenant they would be like the two halves of the sacrifice, dead, broken, and torn apart because of their actions. "May we be like the animals we just killed" if we break this covenant. **This is the occult origin of the "blood oaths" we see in the Secret Societies, especially the Jesuits.** 

It was also common practice for those who were not in agreement with the covenantal practices of others, to trample down the sacrifice on the threshold of the door of the home.

When someone invited another person into their home, they would sometimes make and display a sacrifice at the threshold of their home in order to designate the god or goddess their tribe was in covenant with. These pagans worshipped their gods in the entranceway of their homes. So, if for example you were invited over for a meal, they may sacrifice an animal to a specific pagan deity on the threshold of the door, so the blood of the animal ran across the threshold of the door. Upon entering (crossing over) the door threshold one would be acknowledging their god and be in agreement with the covenant of this belief. In this manner the home owners thought that their god would protect them and the one entering. They would sacrifice according to the priority they gave your company. It could be a small sacrifice or a very expensive sacrifice.

Having people cross over the threshold of the home is where we got the simple greetings like; "come on in", and "welcome" from. One of the reasons the Jewish people had no part with the goyim (gentiles) in biblical times was because of the fact that they had their idols at the threshold of their houses. Jews would never cross over a pagan threshold and enter into the home of a gentile.

#### THE THRESHOLD

We see in Genesis an example of the threshold covenant as it appears in scripture. Lot had two visitors come to talk to him. He invited them into his home and the moment they stepped across the threshold of his home they were under the protection of Lot.



Gen. 19:2-3 "And he said, "Now behold, my lords, please turn aside into your servant's house, and spend the night, and wash your feet; then you may rise early and go on your way." They said however, "No, but we shall spend the night in the square." 3 Yet he urged them strongly, so they turned aside to him and entered his house; and he prepared a feast for them, and baked unleavened bread, and they ate."

Gen. 19:8 "Now behold, I have two daughters who have not had relations with man; please let me bring them out to you, and do to them whatever you like; only do nothing to these men, inasmuch as they have come under the shelter of my roof."

That is why the scriptures say that Lot was so concerned about protecting these two men (angels) that he offered up his two daughters to the mob so his covenant would not be broken. A man's word, covenant, in those days, was a very serious thing. These men were in agreement with Lot when they entered his home so the responsibility was on Lot to protect them at all costs. This threshold covenant was so binding that Lot, in this case, offered a very shocking alternative to satisfy the evil people outside his home.

#### PASSOVER CONNECTION

What happened at Passover, as far as the blood on the threshold was concerned, was nothing new to people at that time. It was a common practice.

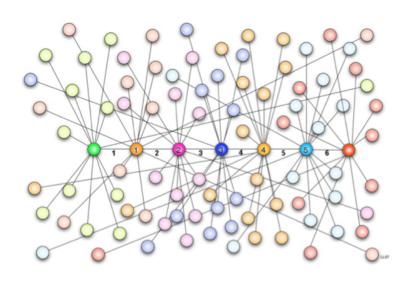
Now let's have a look at the Passover connection. We may get a better understanding of the Passover threshold covenant the people made with Yah at that time. Exod. 12:7-13 "Moreover, they shall take some of the blood and put it on the two doorposts and on the lintel of the houses in which they eat it. 8 They shall eat the flesh that same night, roasted with fire, and they shall eat it with unleavened bread and bitter herbs. 9 Do not eat any of it raw or boiled at all with water, but rather roasted with fire, both its head and its legs along with its entrails. 10 And you shall not leave any of it over until morning, but whatever is left of it until morning, you shall burn with fire. 11 Now you shall eat it in this manner: with your loins girded, your sandals on your feet, and your staff in your hand; and you shall eat it in haste—it is Adonai's Passover. 12 For I will go through the land of Egypt on that night, and will strike down all the firstborn in the land of Egypt, both man and beast; and against all the gods of Egypt I will execute judgments—I am Yahveh. 13 The blood shall be a sign for you on the houses where you live; and when I see the blood I will pass over you, and no plague will befall you to destroy you when I strike the land of Egypt."

Yah promised His people that the Death angel would cross over the homes of His people who were in agreement (covenant) with Him. As it says in **Exod. 12:23** "For Adonai will pass through to smite the Egyptians; and when He sees the blood on the lintel and on the two doorposts, Yahveh will pass over the door and will not allow the destroyer to come in to your houses to smite you." If the household was not protected by the father, the first born of man and beast would die. The blood around the doorway was a threshold covenant Yahveh used for His people. When the Death angel went over the homes he would say; "this house is in agreement," "this house is not". This was an agreement between Yah and His people who

would OBEY Him. People today claim to love Him, but as per His agreement (Torah), they do not keep His commandments (John 14:15). Those who do not obey are simply NOT covered by the blood of the threshold agreement Yeshua represented as the sacrificed "lamb of God".

## THEMATIC CONNECTIONS

Let's have a look at some of the thematic connections in our Good Book regarding blood, sacrifices,



and covenants. Remember when Yah made a covenant with Abraham. Gen. 15:17-18 "It came about when the sun had set, that it was very dark. and behold, there appeared a smoking oven and a flaming torch which passed between these pieces. 18 On that day Yahveh made a covenant with Abram, saying, "To your descendants I have given this land. From the river of Egypt as far as the great river, the river Euphrates" With that in mind it is easy to understand the context of what was spoken in Zech. 12:2-3 "Behold, I am going to make Jerusalem a cup that causes reeling (trembling) to all the peoples around; and when the siege is against Jerusalem, it will also be against Judah. 3 It will come about in that day that I will make Jerusalem a heavy stone for all the peoples; all who lift it will be severely injured. And all the nations of the earth will be gathered against it." Jerusalem was made a threshold of

trembling. Jerusalem was designated as Yah's anointed place where Yeshua would reign and where Yah would place His name. Jerusalem is the threshold of His house. Those who would dare to cross over it with bad intentions in their heart show that they despise His covenant. They would become as the cut up pieces of the animals sacrificed for the covenant.

If Jerusalem was the center of Yah's covenant then who's blood was shed at the threshold of His home, Jerusalem? Yeshua was sent as the Lamb Of Yah, who's blood was shed over the threshold of Jerusalem so that we could be renewed in His covenant and become His people again. Yeshua was sent because we have all transgressed, trampled on His law.

Now let's look at the book of Samuel where we see the Philistines carry the ark of the covenant into the temple of Dagon. Do you remember what happened next? Let's have a look. **1Sam. 5:1-5** "Now the Philistines took the ark of Yahveh and brought it from Ebenezer to Ashdod. **2** Then the Philistines took the ark of Yahveh and brought it to the house of Dagon and set it by Dagon. **3** When the Ashdodites arose early the next morning, behold, **Dagon had fallen on his face to the ground before the ark of Adonai.** So they took Dagon and set him in his place again. **4** But when they arose early the next morning, behold, Dagon had fallen on his face to the ground before the ark of Adonai. And the head of Dagon and both the palms of his hands were cut off on the threshold; only the trunk of Dagon was left to him. 5 **Therefore neither the priests of Dagon nor all who enter Dagon's house tread on the threshold of Dagon in Ashdod to this day."** 

It says this because even the priest's of Dagon acknowledge that that place is now holy ground for the Holy One of Israel. That place dedicated to Dagon was overcome by Yah's glory and He reclaimed it. He demonstrated that He alone was the Almighty of the Universe and that He alone has the right to anything in it. In the following examples you can see that priests were commonly identified as threshold covenant door keepers.

Why does it say even to this day the priests of Dagon will not ever enter into Dagon's house?

**2Kgs. 22:4** "Go up to Hilkiah the high priest that he may count the money brought in to the house of Adonai which **the doorkeepers** have gathered from the people."

**Jer. 35:4** " and I brought them into the house of Adonai, into the chamber of the sons of Hanan the son of Igdaliah, the man of Elohim, which was near the chamber of the officials, which was above the chamber of Maaseiah the son of Shallum, **the doorkeeper**"

**2Kgs. 12:9** "But Jehoiada the priest took a chest and bored a hole in its lid and put it beside the altar, on the right side as one comes into the house of Yahveh; and **the priests who guarded the threshold** put in it all the money which was brought into the house of Yahveh"

### **WORSE THAN A CURSE**

The way a person in those days would show that he was not at all in agreement with someones covenant offering was by trampling and stomping on the sacrifice at the doorway. This practice was considered even worse than cursing at ones neighbor in those days. Now with that in mind, prayerfully consider the

following verses. **Hebr. 10:26-29** " For if we go on sinning willfully after receiving the knowledge of the truth, there no longer remains a sacrifice for sins, **27** but a terrifying expectation of judgment and the fury of a fire which will consume the adversaries. **28** Anyone who has set aside the Law of Moses dies without mercy on the testimony of two or three witnesses" **29** How much severer punishment do you think he will deserve who has trampled under foot the Son of God, and has regarded as unclean the blood of the covenant by which he was sanctified, and has insulted the Spirit of grace? Isn't it interesting how the language of the covenant was used in these verses? Then we see the outcome of those who break covenant as stated in **Hebr. 10:30** "For we know Him who said, "Vengeance is Mine, I will repay." And again, "Adonai will judge His people." **31** It is a terrifying thing to fall into the hands of the living Yahveh" The reality of what is spoken here is that some day Yah is coming back and He is going to clean house. He is personally going to deal with those who trampled on His covenants. He is going to dish out His vengeance.

# THE DAY OF YAHVEH (Adonai)

How does "the Day Of The—Lord (Yahveh)" fit in? When we keep in mind the context of what is said in the following Hebrews passage, it all makes sense. Hebr. 10:25 "not forsaking our own assembling together, as is the habit of some, but encouraging one another; and all the more as you see the day drawing near" The day spoken of here is "The Day Of Yahveh". This is the judgement that will take place for believers at the beginning of the thousand year reign we know as the millennial reign. This is the one day of Yahveh. Unbelievers will be judged after the thousand year period. After the thousand year reign is over, Yeshua hands His reign back over to the Father. This is the end of the seven days of man on earth as we know it. In order to appreciate this, we must keep in mind what is spoken of in scripture.

What is spoken of in Hebrews chapter three to four is our **thousand year sabbath rest**. It is the rest that we are waiting to enter into after our judgement. Keep in mind that Yeshua said He was Master of the Sabbath. The weekly sabbath is a prophetic foreshadow of the last thousand years, the Day of Yahveh that we are still waiting to enter. The promise remains of us being able to enter into His rest.

**Hebr. 4:1-3** "Therefore, let us fear if, while a promise remains of entering His rest, any one of you may seem to have come short of it" For indeed we have had good news preached to us, just as they also; but the word they heard did not profit them, because it was not united by faith in those who heard. **3 For we who have believed enter that rest**, just as He has said, "As I swore in My wrath, **They shall not enter My rest,**" although His works were finished from the foundation of the world." He goes on to explain it further in Hebr. 4:4-10. We will be rewarded for our labor.

All of this is mentioned so that we can remember what the Israelites did to Yah's covenant in the wilderness. They trampled all over His covenant and they did not enter into His rest. They continued to willfully sin just as spoken of in Hebrews chapter ten. They received the same gospel as us but did not walk it out in their faith. Hebr. 4:10-13" For the one who has entered His rest has himself also rested from his works, as Yahveh did from His. 11 Therefore let us be diligent to enter that rest, so that no one will fall, through following the same example of disobedience. 12 For the word of Yah is living and active and sharper than any two-edged sword, and piercing as far as the division of soul and spirit, of both joints and marrow, and able to judge the thoughts and intentions of the heart. 13 And there is no creature hidden from His sight, but all things are open and laid bare to the eyes of Him with whom we have to do." There are many reasons why we should never trample on the blood of the covenant once we know the truth. The key is to know this truth and depend on Yah's promises made in His Living Word, sharper than a two edged sword. Life is in the blood.

### THE LEVITE AND HIS CONCUBINE

Do you recall the story of the Levite who was travelling with his concubine from Bethlehem to a remote part of the country of Ephraim where the Benjamites lived? A man offered this Levite and his concubine his home to stay overnight in. By doing so the home owner had offered up protection to the man and his concubine when they stepped over the threshold of his door. The men of the city later raped his concubine and the other mans daughter and the concubine was found in the morning "with her hands over the threshold of the man's home". In order to understand why she died in such a way we must understand that she was trying to crawl over the threshold of the door so she could be protected by the covenant of the Levite, the old man and his family. **Jgs. 19:27** When her master arose in the morning and opened the doors of the house and went out to go on his way, then behold, his concubine was lying at the doorway of the house, with her hands on the threshold." As a result of what happened with this Levite and his concubine (him cutting up her dead body into twelve pieces and sending them out to the tribes of Israel), over 40,000 men were killed in the battles that took place between the Benjamites and the other tribes in Israel. All of this occurred because the threshold covenant established at the home of this man and his family was not respected. This established throughout the land that threshold covenants were to be taken very seriously. Precedence had been established for all the tribes of Israel.

#### TODAY'S TRADITION

Now you can see where the wedding tradition of a groom carrying his bride over the threshold of their

home comes from. It simply meant that the bride and groom were in a covenant relationship with each other. They were in agreement with each other about the things in their lives.

How does all of this relate to today's world? Well, once we understand the origin of this custom we realize that when you invite someone over to your house, for supper for example, you are in reality forming a temporary covenant. Those you have invited over, for whatever reason, are agreeing with the God you are in covenant with. When they come through the door and passover the threshold they are symbolically in agreement with you.

Almost everyone recognizes the biblical idea of the threshold once it has been explained. We should all be familiar with door-ways and the idea of what happened at Passover. Those who were in agreement with Yahveh had the blood of their sacrifice to Him protect their homes and their firstborn. Those who never painted the threshold of their home were simply saying that the God of Israel (Holy One Of Israel), was not welcome in their home. In doing so, they invited the death of the firstborn into their homes. Those who were not obedient to what Yah said, were spiritual rebels. Their lack of obedience was essentially a message of disobedience and defiance, or rebellion towards the Holy one of Israel.

We see this exact same attitude in the so-called Sunday worshipping Christian church today. Their lack of obedience, following the word of Yah, is rebellion. Spiritual rebellion as such is witchcraft. Those christians say they are obedient but by their lack of obedience they clearly proclaim they are not children of the Most High God of Abraham, Isaac, and Jacob. They do this because they don't understand covenant life. They have no idea what being in covenant with Yahveh is. Being obedient means being blessed by Yah. Being disobedient means experiencing the curses and wrath of Yah. It's everyone's choice to make. Do we want to be blessed or cursed?

Do we come to the threshold and not step through, or do we gladly step over the blood of the lamb and enter into the blood covering of His love? **Col. 1:20** "and through Him to reconcile all things to Himself, having made peace through the blood of His stake; through Him, I say, whether things on earth or things in heaven." Our doorway to the Father is through Yeshua His Son and the blood of that lamb on the threshold of our home.

Do you make decisions in a covenantal way? Are we basing our decisions on a material need or in a spiritual sense? Do we take the bible literally or just figuratively? Do we, like the pagans, run after things of the world, or are we running after things of Yah? We know the things of the world can be enticing, but we must be strong enough to turn from Satan's lustful desires? Satan has a way of slowly rocking us to sleep when we constantly fall for the desires of the world around us. The world offers us a covenant of water. The world offers us a covenant that means nothing whatsoever. Yah offers us a covenant of blood and love. Coming under the protection of His blood means everything. It gives us not only peace in Yah, but the perfect peace of Yah. Are you washed in the blood? Have you stepped through the blood of the lamb?

One more thought. The Hebrew word for doorpost is "mezuzah". The mezuzah should be on the threshold of our doors as part of the threshold covenant.

# Could the mezuzah be considered representative of the threshold covenant?

It can indeed be the outside sign of our belief on the front of our homes. By having it I am stating to the world that: "The Messiah is King of this house".

## IF WE ARE THE DOORPOST

If we were a doorpost, which parts of our body would represent what. The lintel would represent your forehead. The sides would represent our two arms/hands. This is a Hebrew word picture; His blood (life) needs to be revealed in the actions (deeds) of our hands and in the thoughts in our mind. This is exactly what Yah says in the Good Book; **Deut. 11:18** "You shall therefore impress these words of mine on your heart and on your soul; and you shall bind them as a sign on your hand, and they shall be as frontals on your forehead." Rev 13:16 we are warned about those who take the mark of the beast. That mark replaces the mark of the threshold covenant. The mark of Yah is keeping His commandments. His sign is keeping the sabbath. Walk in His ways and it will produce life.

We should be symbolically putting our blood on our doorpost. Just as He died for us to have life, we are to die to ourselves and be born again. Our carnal nature should be sacrificed and our spiritual nature should guide our lives with the help of His instructions. We are to offer ourselves as a living sacrifice (Rom. 12:1).

**Deut. 6:4-9** "Hear, O Israel! Yahveh is our Elohim, Yahveh is one! 5 "You shall love Yahveh your Elohim with all your heart and with all your soul and with all your might. 6 "These words, which I am commanding you today, shall be on your heart. 7 "You shall teach them diligently to your sons and shall talk of them when you sit in your house and when you walk by the way and when you lie down and when you rise up. 8 "You shall bind them as a sign on your hand and they shall be as frontals on your forehead. 9 "You shall write them on the doorposts of your house and on your gates."

Exodus 12:3-5 states that **the Passover lamb, or kid, was selected on the tenth of Nissan/Abib** (Exod.12:3, 23:15). The animal, either from the sheep or goats, was to be a male in its first year without defect

or blemish (Exod. 12:5). The lamb was slaughtered at dusk on the 14th day of Nissan/Abib (Exod. 12:6) and the blood of the lamb was smeared in a specific manner over the lintels (sides) and doorposts of the homes (Exod. 12:7). Let's stop right there for a moment so Yah can reveal something to us. If you look real close at verse seven you will see that it says to apply the blood on the sides and the top of the door.

# Have you ever wondered why it was to be done in this exact manner?

When the blood was applied in such a manner it reveals to us the Hebrew letter (fifth letter of the



alphabet) "hey". "Hey" is an abbreviation of Yahveh, the name above all names. It looks like an upside down "U" in English. When you take and apply the blood of the lamb to the door of your home, (from right to left); from the bottom right, up the right side, over the top and back down the left side, you have formed the letter "hey". In Hebrew pictographic meanings, dalet means door. The "Angel of Death" had to passover the homes of the Hebrew people because the "door" was covered with the blood of the lamb, forming the NAME of the Holy One of Israel. There is power in the blood and in the name!!! Hallelu-Yah!!! Following the Torah is the fence protecting all those truly "born again". Death cannot overtake us when Yah has protected us with His Torah.

The lamb was roasted over fire (Exodus 12:8). The meat was not to be eaten raw or boiled (Exod. 12:9) and its bones could not be broken (Exod. 12:46). There were to be no left-overs (Exod. 12:10). The meat was also to be eaten with bitter herbs

(maror) and unleavened bread (matzah) (Exod. 12:8). Not much is said further regarding the bitter herbs. It is mentioned here in Exod. 12:8 and Num. 9:1. The bitter herbs (maror) are a symbol of the bitter lives the Israelites had when they were slaves in Egypt. The rabbis teach that each generation should experience the Exodus. You were to eat it with your belt fastened, your shoes on, your staff in your hand, and hurriedly (Exod. 12:11). The Mishnah (Oral Torah) gives further instruction regarding how to roast the meat, "One uses a spit of pomegranate wood, inserting it through the animal's mouth so that it reaches to the buttocks; the animal on the spit is hung inside the oven, above the fire. Pomegranate wood is used for the spit because this type of wood does not give off liquid when heated - for any liquid might cause part of the sacrifice to be cooked rather than roasted." (Mishnah, Pesachim 74a).

Passover usually starts about April/May of the Gregorian calendar, depending on the moon. <u>Passover always occurs on a full moon</u>. Passover happens on the seventh month counting from Tishri. Sukkot happens on the seventh month counting from Passover. Abraham's son Isaac was born on Passover. Are these things coincidences?

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