

Name _____

Due: May 3rd

Presidents with SFI

Identify the president elected in each of the following years. If the president failed to serve out his term indicate who took his place. If the year listed is not an election year place NEY in the space beside it. Under SFI, place one bit of IMPORTANT factual information associated with that president. If a president served more than one term, you must use a DIFFERENT bit of factual information for each term. If a president failed to complete his term, you may use a bit of SFI from EITHER the president OR the person who took his place. USE LAST NAMES ONLY, EXCEPT WHERE THERE ARE PRESIDENTS WITH THE SAME LAST NAME.

1824	SFI
1976	SFI
1880	SFI
1950	SFI
1920	SFI
1789	SFI
1996	SFI
1864	SFI
1808	SFI
1928	SFI
1960	SFI
1796	SFI
1840	SFI
1890	SFI
1852	SFI

1948	SFI
1832	SFI
1912	SFI
1936	SFI
1804	SFI
1896	SFI
1844	SFI
1816	SFI
1930	SFI
1872	SFI
1888	SFI
1956	SFI
1792	SFI
1836	SFI
1984	SFI
1944	SFI
1848	SFI
1800	SFI

1968	SFI
1904	SFI
1856	SFI
1812	SFI
1988	SFI
1884	SFI
1992	SFI
1822	SFI
1916	SFI
1860	SFI
1932	SFI
1892	SFI
1964	SFI
1876	SFI
1820	SFI
1868	SFI
1924	SFI
1828	SFI

1940	SFI
1817	SFI
1972	SFI
1900	SFI
1980	SFI
1908	SFI
1952	SFI
2000	SFI
2004	SFI
2008	SFI

Historical Terminology

- | | |
|-----------------------------------|---|
| ___ Mayflower compact | 1. secured the right of deposit at New Orleans |
| ___ Halfway Covenant | 2. laws violating the equal protection clause of the 14 th amendment |
| ___ George Whitefield | 3. it's suppression demonstrated the government would enforce its laws |
| ___ Bacon's Rebellion | 4. established freedom of religion in Rhode Island |
| ___ Coercive Acts | 5. major banker of the late 19 th century |
| ___ Monroe Doctrine | 6. notion that only the most fit businesses should survive |
| ___ Virginia-Kentucky Resolutions | 7. made "separate but equal" constitutional |
| ___ Pinckney Treaty | 8. Adams became president, Clay became Secretary of State |
| ___ Shays' Rebellion | 9. sought public works programs for unemployed during Panic of 1893 |
| ___ Lowell System | 10. made Virginians more fearful of freed indentured servants |
| ___ American System | 11. its 160 acres encouraged western settlement on the Great plains |
| ___ Bread and butter unionism | 12. factory system of the early industrial revolution |
| ___ Populist Party | 13. caused by Jackson's failure to honor Worcester v Georgia decision |
| ___ Dawes Act | 14. major farm organization of "swing" states |
| ___ Interstate Commerce Act | 15. Native American uprising following the French and Indian War |
| ___ Jim Crow Laws | 16. British attempts to enforce mercantilistic system |
| ___ Horizontal integration | 17. closed the Western Hemisphere to further European colonization |
| ___ Battle of Wounded Knee | 18. philosophy of the American Federation of Labor |
| ___ Grange | 19. secured British removal from the Northwest forts |
| ___ Social Darwinism | 20. Pendleton Act resulting from Garfield's assassination |
| ___ Trade and Navigation Acts | 21. controlling all of the outlets for selling a given product |
| ___ Roger Williams | 22. discredited the Federalist party |
| ___ Salem Witch Trials | 23. 1880s enactment designed to breakdown tribal power |
| ___ Albany Plan | 24. failed attempt at uniting the colonies prior to the American Revolution |
| ___ Proclamation of 1763 | 25. showed conflict between commercial/agrarian interest in Puritan town |
| ___ Pontiac's Rebellion | 26. British retaliation for Boston Tea Party |
| ___ Corrupt Bargain | 27. Clay attempt to create a national market economy |
| ___ Jay Treaty | 28. proposed the compact theory of government |
| ___ Whiskey Rebellion | 29. established the principle of majority rule |
| ___ Northwest Ordinance | 30. demonstrated the inability of the Arrt. of Con. to maintain order |

___ Hartford Convention

___ Trail of Tears

___ Homestead Act

___ Plessy v Ferguson

___ Social Gospel

___ Sherman Anti-Trust Act

___ Turner Thesis

___ Civil Service Act

___ Coxey's Army

___ J.P Morgan

31. favored government ownership of railroads

32. Great Awakening preacher

33. first attempt of the federal government to regulate railroads

34. believed American history is understood by looking at the frontier

35. indication that the "city on a hill" was breaking down

36. middle class responsibility to uplift the poor

37. established system by which territories become states

38. used more against labor unions than big business

39. 1760s British attempt to end salutary neglect

40. symbolic end of Indian resistance

Decade Association

Place the correct decade or group of years beside each group of specific factual information. Remember, some items can fit into more than one decade so be sure to read through and consider the entire group. Don't simply go through the exercise mindlessly. Think about

- what each item is
- how it relates to that particular decade
- what other terms could be associated with it
- use the following groups of years in place of decades for the colonial period

1600-1650

1650-1700

1700-1750s

- After the 1750s use normal decades

Decade Association

- _____ ("long hot summers", Freedom Summer, Greensboro sit-ins, U-2 incident, détente)
- _____ ("lost generation", Warren G. Harding, Henry Ford, Sacco and Vanzetti, Marcus Garvey)
- _____ (Agricultural Adjustment Adm. (AAA), phony war, Congress of Industrial Organization, brain trust, Huey Long (Kingfish))
- _____ (Alger Hiss, NSC 68, NATO, Casablanca Conference, Henry Wallace)
- _____ (American Colonization Society, Missouri Compromise, Era of Good Feelings, Tariff of Abominations, South Carolina Exposition)
- _____ (American Federation of Labor, Dawes Act, Alfred Thayer Mahan, horizontal integration/vertical integration, Haymarket Square Incident)
- _____ (baby boomers, Sputnik, beat generation, Brown v Board of Education, Julius and Ethel Rosenberg)
- _____ (bank holiday, National Recovery Administration, destroyer deal, Scottsboro boys, Wagner Act)
- _____ (Bank of the United States, Virginia-Kentucky Resolutions, XYZ Affair, Whiskey Rebellion, Jay Treaty)
- _____ (Bank war, spoils system/rotation in office, Second Great Awakening, Transcendentalism, gag rule)
- _____ (Battle of Saratoga, Thomas Paine/Common Sense, Coercive/Intolerable Acts, Olive Branch Petition, Boston Tea Party)
- _____ (Bay of Pigs, Malcolm X, War on Poverty, Warren Commission, Ralph Nader (Unsafe at any Speed))
- _____ (Bland-Allison Act, Thomas Nast, Henry George (Progress and Poverty), Munn v Illinois, "Crime of '73")
- _____ (Boxer Rebellion, Coxey's Army, Frederick Olmstead, Teller Amendment, Wounded Knee)
- _____ (Chataugua movement, Freedmen's Bureau, Battle of Little Bighorn, "waving the bloody shirt", Boss Tweed)
- _____ (Committee on Public Information, League of Nations, Federal Reserve System, International Workers of the World, 16th, 17th, 18th Amendments)

- _____ (Connecticut (Great) Compromise, Virginia/New Jersey Plans, disestablishment, Barbary Pirates, Treaty of Paris)
- _____ (Creel Committee, Henry Cabot Lodge, "Birth of a Nation"/D.W. Griffith, Article X, Wobblies)
- _____ (cult of domesticity/true womanhood, Manifest Destiny, James K. Polk, Neal Dow, Lucretia Mott)
- _____ (Dred Scott v Sandford, Fugitive Slave Law, Gadsden Purchase, bleeding Kansas, Sumner-Brooks Affair)
- _____ (Emancipation Proclamation, Trent Affair, Homestead Act, Battle of Antietam, Crittenden Compromise)
- _____ (F. Scott Fitzgerald, cultural isolation, quota system, Harlem Renaissance, Washington Naval Conference)
- _____ (Fair Deal, Japanese interment, Truman Doctrine, Yalta Conference, Taft-Hartley Act)
- _____ (Fair Labor Standards Act , New Deal, Bonus March, 21st amendment, dole)
- _____ (Federal Highway Act, Montgomery bus boycott, Eisenhower Doctrine, Korean War, Alan Ginsberg (*The Howl*))
- _____ (Freeport Doctrine, Clayton-Bulwer Treaty, Lincoln-Douglas debates, Uncle Tom's Cabin, Nashville Convention)
- _____ (French and Indian War, Albany Plan, mercantilism, Salutary neglect, William Pitt)
- _____ (Georgia O'Keeffe, Edward Hopper, normalcy, "Back to Africa movement", Albert Fall)
- _____ (Hinton Helper/*Impending Crisis*, Stephen Douglas, popular sovereignty, Ostend Manifesto, Lecompton Constitution)
- _____ (hundred days, America First Committee, Elijah Mohammad (Black Muslims), Keynesian economics, National Labor Relations Act)
- _____ (Insular Cases, "good and bad" trusts, Charles and Mary Beard, Great White Fleet, Square Deal)
- _____ (Jackie Robinson, GI Bill of Rights, Berlin Airlift, Marshall Plan, San Francisco Conference)
- _____ (Jacob Riis, Northern Securities Case, Samuel "Golden Rule" Jones, Muller v Oregon, Robert LaFollette)
- _____ (Jimmy Carter, Watergate, Roe v Wade, affirmative action, Gerald Ford)
- _____ (John C. Calhoun, abolitionists, Charles River Bridge case, DeTocqueville/*Democracy in America*, removal of deposits)
- _____ (Kelllogg-Briand Pact, Herbert Hoover, H.L. Menken, Charles Lindbergh, Scopes trial)
- _____ (Know Nothing/American Party, Kansas-Nebraska Act, Republican party/3rd Am. Party Sys., antebellum, Underground Railroad)
- _____ (Langston Hughes, Andrew Mellon, National Origins Act, Ku Klux Klan, Calvin Coolidge)
- _____ (Lewis and Clark, Orders in Council, yeomen farmers, Gabriel Prosser's Rebellion, Judicial Review)

- ____ (Little Rock school crisis, National Defense Education Act, dynamic conservatism, Jack Kerouac (On the Road),
- ____ (loose/strict constructionism, cotton gin/Eli Whitney, Citizen Genet, Bill of rights, Alien and Sedition Acts)
- ____ (Marbury v Madison, Embargo Act, Louisiana Purchase, impressment, interchangeable parts)
- ____ (Margaret Sanger, Thomas Hart Benton, Teapot Dome/Elk Hills Scandals, Universal Negro Improvement Assc., "Spirit of St. Louis)
- ____ (Miranda v Arizona, John F. Kennedy (New Frontier), Huey Newton (Black Panthers), Michael Harrington (The Other America, Cuban Missile Crisis)
- ____ (Molly McGuire, "forty acres and a mule", National Labor Union, crop lien system, Granger Laws)
- ____ (Monroe Doctrine, corrupt bargain, Erie Canal, Lowell/Waltham System/Lowell girls, Gibbons v Ogden)
- ____ (Morrill Land Grant Act, National Banking Act, nature of the union, 13th, 14th, 15th amendments, radical reconstruction)
- ____ (National Industrial Recovery Act, Federal Deposit Insurance Corp (FDIC), TVA (Tennessee Valley Authority), Franklin Roosevelt, bonus march)
- ____ (new immigrants, Plessy v Ferguson, Joseph Pulitzer, Populist (People's) Party, Turner (Frontier) Thesis)
- ____ (New Nationalism, Mann-Elkins Act, "Black Jack" John Pershing, insurgent's revolt, New Freedom)
- ____ (open range, Interstate Commerce Act, Andrew Carnegie, John D. Rockefeller, Mugwumps)
- ____ (Oregon Territory, John Slidell, Commonwealth v Hunt, Horace Mann, Webster-Ashburton Treaty)
- ____ (Palmer Raids, Schenck v U.S., Clayton Anti-trust Act, Keating-Owen Child Labor Act, preparedness)
- ____ (Panama Canal, W.E.B. DuBois (Niagara movement), Dollar Diplomacy, Open Door Policy, Roosevelt Corollary)
- ____ (Peace Corps, Betty Friedan (The Feminine Mystique), Gulf of Tonkin Resolution, Stokely Carmichael (Black Power), Great Society)
- ____ (Pendleton (Civil Service) Act, Samuel Gompers, Gilded Age, Farmer's Alliances, Chinese Exclusion Act)
- ____ (Peter Zenger trial, Great Awakening, James Oglethorpe, George Whitefield, Jonathan Edwards)
- ____ (Pilgrims/Separatists, Anne Hutchinson, headright system, Freedom of conscience, city on a hill)
- ____ (Platt amendment, Louis Sullivan, Progressive movement, Russo-Japanese War, Hay-Bunau-Varilla Treaty)
- ____ (pragmatism (William James), Salvation Army, John Dewey, Young Men's Christian Association, Edward Bellamy (Looking Backward))

- _____ (Prigg v Pennsylvania, Mexican American War, Mormons, free soilers, American Anti-slavery Society)
- _____ (Quartering Act, Stamp Act, Paxton Boys, Sugar Act, no taxation without representation)
- _____ (SALT I Treaty, hippies, Camp David Accords, Mayaguez incident, Bakke v Board of Regents)
- _____ (Samuel Slater, Federalist/First American Party System, Pinckney Treaty, undeclared naval war, full funding/assumption)
- _____ (Securities and Exchange Commission, Neutrality acts, court packing scheme, "share the wealth", Indian Reorganization Act)
- _____ (Seneca Falls Convention, Maine Laws, Irish immigration, Treaty of Guadalupe-Hidalgo, Wilmot Proviso)

- _____ (Servicemen's Readjustment Act, Ralph Bunche, George Kennan, United Nations, Korematsu v U.S.)
- _____ (settlement house movement, William Jennings Bryan, Atlanta Compromise, jingoism, Sherman Silver Purchase Act)
- _____ (Shay's Rebellion, Northwest Ordinance, Three-fifths Compromise, Articles of Confederation, Annapolis Convention)
- _____ (Social Gospel, Knights of Labor, Jim Crow Laws, A Century of Dishonor, social Darwinism)
- _____ (Spanish-American War, Booker T. Washington, Gospel of Wealth, yellow journalism, Sherman Anti-trust Act)
- _____ (spheres of influence, Big Stick Policy, Lochner v New York, Gentlemen's Agreement, muckrakers)
- _____ (Stamp Act Congress, Sons of Liberty, non-importation agreements, Pontiac's Rebellion, Townshend Acts)
- _____ (supply-side economics, Iran-Contra, Geraldine Ferraro, Oliver North, "evil empire")
- _____ (Tea Act, Boston Massacre, Gaspee Affair, First/Second Continental Congress, Crisis Papers)
- _____ (the Grange, Crédit Moblier Scandal, long drives, Horatio Alger, Chief Joseph)
- _____ (Theodore Roosevelt, Upton Sinclair (The Jungle), Emilio Aguinaldo, Pure Food and Drug Act, Anthracite Coal Strike)
- _____ (Trade and Navigation Acts, Bacon's Rebellion, King Philip's War, Salutary neglect, Halfway Covenant)
- _____ (Trail of Tears, Dorothea Dix, nullification, William Lloyd Garrison/Liberator, Worcester v Georgia)
- _____ (Treaty of Ghent, Hartford Convention, Adams-Onis Treaty, War Hawks, American System)
- _____ (Treaty of Versailles, Federal Trade Commission, irreconcilables, Keating-Owen Child Labor Act, Ballinger-Pinchot Affair)
- _____ (triple wall of privilege, Sussex/Arabic Pledges, Food Administration, Zimmerman Note (Telegram))

Chronological Review

In the blank to the left of the items, place a number from 1 to 10 (1=earliest, 10=most recent), placing the items in the correct chronological order. Then, in the blank to the right of the items, write the decade in which the event occurred.

Set one

- _____ Bacon's Rebellion _____
- _____ Intolerable Acts _____
- _____ Boston Tea Party _____
- _____ Stamp Act _____
- _____ French and Indian War _____
- _____ Declaration of Independence _____
- _____ Battle of Saratoga _____
- _____ Great Awakening _____
- _____ Articles of Confederation _____
- _____ Halfway Covenant _____

Set two

- _____ Adams-Onis Treaty _____
- _____ The Embargo _____
- _____ Alien and Sedition Acts _____
- _____ Quasi War with France _____
- _____ Chesapeake Affair _____
- _____ Midnight Appointments _____
- _____ Louisiana Purchase _____
- _____ Pinckney Treaty _____
- _____ Jay Treaty _____
- _____ Establishment of the BUS _____

Set three

- _____ Invention of the Cotton Gin _____
- _____ Marbury v Madison _____
- _____ Monroe Doctrine _____
- _____ McCulloch v. Maryland _____
- _____ Corrupt Bargain _____
- _____ Missouri Compromise _____
- _____ Chartering of the Second BUS _____
- _____ Mr. Madison's War _____
- _____ Tariff of Abominations _____
- _____ Treaty of Ghent _____

Set four

- _____ Manifest Destiny _____
- _____ Ratification of the Constitution _____
- _____ Second Great Awakening _____
- _____ Compromise of 1850 _____
- _____ The Dominion of New England _____
- _____ Trail of Tears _____
- _____ Northwest Ordinance _____
- _____ XYZ Affair _____
- _____ Bleeding Kansas _____
- _____ "City on a Hill" _____

Set five

- _____ Mexican-American War _____
- _____ Republican Party formed _____
- _____ Kansas-Nebraska Act _____
- _____ Lincoln-Douglas Debates _____
- _____ Dred Scott v Sandford _____
- _____ Harper's Ferry _____
- _____ California admission _____
- _____ Wilmot Proviso _____
- _____ Summer-Brooks Affair _____
- _____ Crittenden Compromise _____

Set six

- _____ Townshend Acts _____
- _____ First American Party System _____
- _____ Articles of Confederation _____
- _____ Indian Removal Act _____
- _____ Northwest Ordinance _____
- _____ Compromise of 1850 _____
- _____ Common Sense _____
- _____ Battle of Yorktown _____
- _____ Oregon acquired _____
- _____ Bank War _____