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Commentary of Specific Points on the Timeline (this Column 6)

---- ¹DESTRUCTION OF NORTHERN ISRAEL (SAMARIA) – About 792 B.C. through 722 B.C. ----

- (46) Then in the thirty eight (38th) year of Azariah/ Uzziah king of Judah did Zachariah the son of Jeroboam II reign over Israel in Samariah six (6) months (2Kings 15:8 through 12).
- (46.1) And Shallum the son of Jabesh conspired against him (Zechariah), and smote him before the people, and slew him, and reigned in his stead. This was the word of the LORD which he spake unto Jehu, saying, Thy sons shall sit on the throne of Israel unto the fourth (4^{th}) generation, and so it came to pass. Shallum the son of Jabesh began to reign in the nine and thirtish (39^{th}) year of Uzziah king of Judah; and he reigned a full month in Samaria (2Kings 15:10 through 16).
- (47) For Menahem the son of Gadi went up from Tirzah, and came to Samaria, and smote Shallum the son of Jabesh in Samaria, and slew him, and reigned in his stead. In the nine and thirtieth (39th) year of Azariah king of Judah began Menahem the son of Gadi to reign over Israel, and reigned ten (10) years in Samaria (2Kings 15:14 through 22).
- (47.1, 48) And Menahem slept with his fathers; and Pekahiah his son reigned in his stead. In the fiftieth (50th) years of Azariah/ Uzziah king of Judah Pekahiah the son of Menahem began to reign over Israel Samaria, and reigned two (2) years (2Kings 15:22 through 26).
- (48.1) But Pekah the son of Remaliah, a captain of his, conspired against him and smote him in Samaria, in the palace of the king's house, with Argob and Arieh, and with him fifty (50) men of the Gileadites; and he killed him, and reigned in his room. In the two and fiftieth (52nd) year of Azariah/Uzziah king of Judah Pekah the son of Temaliah began to reign over Israel in Samariah, and reigned twenty (20) years (2Kings 15:25 through 31). This was also the final year of the reign of Azariah/Uzziah king of Judah (2 Kings 15:1 through 7, 2 Chronicles 26, Isaiah 6:1).

So Uzziah slept with his fathers, and they buried him with his fathers in the field of burial which belonged to the kings, for they said, He is a leper: and Jotham his son reigned in his stead (2 Chronicles 26:23 through 2 Chronicles 27:9):

- (48.2) In the second (2nd) year of Pekah the son of Remaliah king of Israel began Jotham the son of *Uzziah king of Judah* to reign. Five and twenty (25) years old was he when he began to reign, and he reigned sixteen (16) years in Jerusalem (2 Kings 15:32 through 38).
- (49, 50) And in Samaria/ Northern Israel Hoshea the son of Elah made a conspiracy against Pekah the son of Remaliah, and smote him, and slew him, and reigned in his stead, in the twentieth (20^{th}) year of Jotham the son of Uzziah (2 Kings 15:30). Also, in those days the Lord began to send against Judah Rezin the king of Syria, and Pekah the son of Remaliah. And Jotham slept with his fathers, and was buried with his fathers in the city of David his father; and Ahaz his son ruled Judah in his stead. In the

seventeenth (17th) year of Pekah the son of Remaliah Ahaz the son of Jotham king of Judah began to reign. Twenty (20) years old was Ahaz when he began to reign, and he reigned sixteen (16) years in Jerusalem (2 Kings 15:37 and 38, 2 Kings 16). (51, 52, 52.1) – In the twelfth (12th) year of Ahaz king of Judah began Hoshea the son of Elah to reign in Samaria over Israel nine (9) years. This ninth (9th) year of Hoshea was the same year that Assyria destroyed Samaria/ Northern Israel. Now it came to pass in the third (3rd) year of Hoshea son of Elah king of Israel, that Hezekiah the son of Ahaz king of Judah began to reign (2 Kings 17, 2 Kings 18).

Commentary of Specific Points on the Timeline Continues ...

---- DESTRUCTION OF NORTHERN ISRAEL (SAMARIA) - Approximately 722 B.C. to 698 B.C. ----

The ten (10) Tribes of Israel in Samaria, the Northern Kingdom were destroyed. Isaiah and other prophets of God warned Israel time after time that this destruction would come, if they did not repent of false gods\ idol worship, and return to Him: (17, 17.1) – The Northern Kingdom of Israel (Samaria) is destroyed by Assyria about 722 B.C. It was the ninth (9th) year of the reign of Hoshea, and sixth (6th) year of the reign of Hezekiah in Judah (the Southern Kingdom of Israel @ Jerusalem). Hezekiah began to reign after the death of his Father Ahaz.

A few years after destroying Samaria (Northern Israel) the Assyrian Empire threatens the existence of Southern Israel (Judah):

(17.2) – Eight (8) years had passed since Assyria destroyed the Northern Kingdom of Israel. Now, here in the fourteenth (14th) year of Hezekiak, Sennacherib king of Assyria has come up against all the fenced cities of Judah, and took them. Hezekiah is forced to take silver and gold from the *Temple* to pay Assyria not to attack Judah. But then later, Hezekiah trusted the *LORD God*, and *God* delivered Judah out of the hand of the Assyrian Empire.

The sign God gave Hezekiah to assure/comfort him that he would recover from sickness and Jerusalem would not be destroyed by the king of Assyria:

(17.3) – Not long after Assyria destroyed the Northern Kingdom of Israel, Hezekiah was sick unto death and Judah was also under the threat of being destroyed by Assyria. Then with sincere prayers Hezekiah made his case to the *LORD*. God answered his prayers, and caused the sundial shadow to go backward 10 degrees as a sign. *See Isaiah Chapter 38 and 2 Kings Chapter 20*.

At the time of Hezekiah's sickness he had reigned in Judah fourteen (14) years. After God healed him he ruled another fifteen (14) years. This was also about the time of the end of Isaiah's prophecy:

(17.4, 18, 18.1) – Judah, or the Southern Kingdom of Israel continued until it was destroyed by Nebuchadnezzar in 586 B.C. According to *Isaiah 1:1*, the prophecy of Isaiah began during the reign of Uzziah and ended during the time of Hezekiah's rule. Some Bible scholars believe Hezekiah's son, Manasseh (*the ruler in Judah after Hezekiah*) was responsible for the death of Isaiah. Manasseh reigned fifty five (55) years; did very wickedly in his earlier years (*idol worship that included human sacrifice*) in the sight of God (2 Kings 21:1 through 18). However, the Book of Chronicles indicates he repented and served the *LORD God* during his latter rule!

¹Timeline of 1 and 2 Kings –

The Kings of Judah in the Southern Kingdom of Israel were allowed of the LORD God to reign from the eternal throne of David; but not all conducted themselves and their rulership in the manner that was approved of the LORD God!

And none of the kings of Samaria; the Northern Kingdom of Israel returned to the LORD God from worshipping false gods and idols! *Recall the message God gave David by the prophet Nathan in 2 Samuel Chapter 7:*

Moreover I will appoint a place for my people Israel, and will plant them, that they may dwell in a place of their own, and move no more; neither shall the children of wickedness afflict them any more, as beforetime,

And as since the time that I commanded judges to be over my people Israel, and have caused thee to rest from all thine enemies. Also the LORD telleth thee that he will make thee (*David*) an house.

And when thy days be fulfilled, and thou shalt sleep with thy fathers, I will set up thy seed after thee, which shall proceed out of thy bowels, and I will establish his (*David and his seed's*) kingdom.

He (David and his seed) shall build an house for my name, and I will stablish the throne of his kingdom for ever (or throughout eternity?).

I will be his father, and he shall be my son. If he commit iniquity, I will chasten him with the rod of men, and with the stripes of the children of men:

But my mercy shall not depart away from him, as I took it from Saul, whom I put away before thee.

And thine house and thy kingdom shall be established for ever before thee: thy throne shall be established for ever (Refer to, "Thy Throne Forever" in the "Definitions & Figures") section.

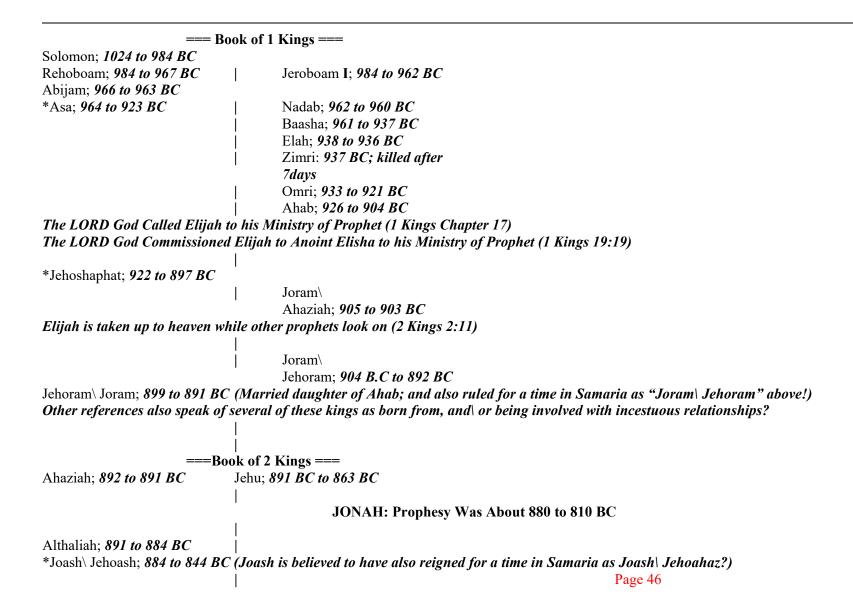
According to all these words, and according to all this vision (and prophecy!), so did Nathan speak unto David.

2 Samuel 7:10 through 7:17

Kings of Judah

Kings of Samaria

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The ministry of the prophet Elis	sha is accomplished (1 Kings 13:14 through 13:20)
	Joash\
	Jehoahaz 861 BC to 846 BC
	Joash\
	Jehoahaz 846 BC to 830 BC?
	(1 Kings 14:1 and 14:2)
*Amaziah <i>844 to 815 BC</i>	Jeroboam II; 830 to 789 BC
	HOSEA: Prophesy Was About 825 to 740 BC
	AMOS: Prophesy Was About 785 to 760 BC
*Azariah\	
Uzziah 815 BC to 763 BC	Zechariah 777 BC (6 months)
	ISAIAH: Prophesy Was About 780 to 698 BC
The ministry of Isaiah the prop	het began sometime near the end of the reign of King Uzziah of Judah (Isaiah 1:1 and 6:1)
	Shalum 777 BC (1 month)
	Menahem 776 BC to 766 BC
	Pekahiah 765 BC to 763 BC
*Jotham <i>761 to 745 BC</i>	Pekah 763 BC to 743 BC
	MICAH: Prophesy Was About 740 to 700 BC
Ahaz 746 BC to 730 BC	
1 maz / 70 DC 10 / 30 DC	Hoshea 731 BC to 722 BC
*Hezekiah 729 to 700 BC	Northern Kingdom of Israel
	Invaded; ceased being a
	Nation Approximately, 722 BC
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The ministry of Isaiah the pro	phet ceased sometime beginning with the reign of King Manasseh of Judah, the Southern Kingdom
Manasseh <i>699 to 644 BC</i>	
1 1 5	e gods and idol worship away and walk after the LORD God of Israel; the God of Creation!
Related dates are appr	coximations.