

GCE

Biology A

Unit H420A/01: Biological purposes

Advanced GCE

Mark Scheme for June 2017

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This mark scheme is published as an aid to teachers and students, to indicate the requirements of the examination. It shows the basis on which marks were awarded by examiners. It does not indicate the details of the discussions which took place at an examiners' meeting before marking commenced.

All examiners are instructed that alternative correct answers and unexpected approaches in candidates' scripts must be given marks that fairly reflect the relevant knowledge and skills demonstrated.

Mark schemes should be read in conjunction with the published question papers and the report on the examination.

OCR will not enter into any discussion or correspondence in connection with this mark scheme.

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Annotations

Annotation	Meaning
DO NOT ALLOW	Answers which are not worthy of credit
IGNORE	Statements which are irrelevant
ALLOW	Answers that can be accepted
()	Words which are not essential to gain credit
	Underlined words must be present in answer to score a mark
ECF	Error carried forward
AW	Alternative wording
ORA	Or reverse argument

Subject-specific Marking Instructions

INTRODUCTION

Your first task as an Examiner is to become thoroughly familiar with the material on which the examination depends. This material includes:

- the specification, especially the assessment objectives
- the question paper
- the mark scheme.

You should ensure that you have copies of these materials.

You should ensure also that you are familiar with the administrative procedures related to the marking process. These are set out in the OCR booklet **Instructions for Examiners**. If you are examining for the first time, please read carefully **Appendix 5 Introduction to Script Marking: Notes for New Examiners**.

Please ask for help or guidance whenever you need it. Your first point of contact is your Team Leader.

Mark Scheme

Question	Answer	Marks	Guidance
1	A✓	1	
2	C✓	1	
3	A✓	1	
4	B✓	1	
5	D✓	1	
6	D✓	1	
7	B√	1	
8	C✓	1	
9	B✓	1	
10	C✓	1	
11	A✓	1	
12	A✓	1	
13	C✓	1	
14	D✓	1	
15	A✓	1	
	Total	15	

Q	uesti	on	Answer	Marks	Guidance
16	(a)	(i)	scales and hair help to reduce heat loss \checkmark	1max	
			generate heat from , respiration / metabolism \checkmark		ALLOW generate heat internally IGNORE temperature
	(a)	(ii)	 (insects are smaller and) have a , large(r) / AW , surface area to volume ratio ✓ (insects have) great<u>er</u> rate of heat loss ✓ mammals and birds have , more effective / thick<u>er</u> , insulation ✓ <i>ref to a method</i> of more precise control of body temperature in birds and mammals ✓ 	2 max	 Mps 1 and 2 ALLOW ora for mammals (must be comparative) ALLOW SA:V / surface area relative to volume ALLOW lose heat more , quickly / easily ALLOW have fat under skin ALLOW ora for insects (must be comparative) e.g. thermoregulatory centre / heat gain / heat loss centre e.g. vasodilation / vasoconstriction e.g. sweating / shivering / hairs standing up
16	(b)	(i)	spiracle (s) ✓	1	ALLOW stigma(ta) DO NOT ALLOW stomata
	(b)	(ii)	<u>trachea(</u> I) (fluid) ✓	1	IGNORE haemolymph IGNORE tracheole

Q	uestic	on	Answer	Marks	Guidance
16	(c)			3 max	give credit to examples used in the correct context
			high metabolic , demands / rate \checkmark		ALLOW high rate of respiration
			need , large oxygen / rapid oxygen , supply \checkmark		
			diffusion , not sufficient / too slow / distance too far \checkmark		IGNORE not efficient
			(to) maintain , steep / AW , concentration / diffusion , gradient(s) \checkmark		
			surface area to volume ratio is (usually) low \checkmark		ALLOW SA:V / surface area relative to volume
			(named) metabolite(s) needed by <u>cells</u> / (named) waste(s) removed from <u>cells</u> ✓		ALLOW nutrients / hormones IGNORE oxygen ALLOW toxins

Q	Question			Answer	Marks	Guidance
Q1	uestio	on	1 2 3 4 5	 large size / at least 50% of available space ✓ title / heading ✓ labels outside diagram ✓ label lines should not cross over others ✓ continuous lines ✓ 	Marks 2 max	Guidance IGNORE numbered lines and mark as prose IGNORE references to detail of diagram ALLOW once only no , sketching / feathering for either mp5 or mp6
			6 7 8 9	no shading ✓ use plain paper ✓ state magnification ✓ correct proportions ✓ Total	10	

Q	uesti	on	Answer	Marks	Guidance
17	(a)	(i)	10 ⁸ OR 1×10 ⁸ OR 100 000 000	2	If answer is incorrect ALLOW one mark <i>For evidence of correct working</i> i.e.10 ⁹ ÷ 10 ¹
	(a)	(ii)	liver has , large / good / AW , blood supply ✓ released / secreted / AW , into bile ✓	2	IGNORE reference to C-reactive protein and copeptin throughout ALLOW liver has sinusoids
17	(b)	(i)	3157 μm^3 / 3.157 x10 ³ μm^3 OR 3155 μm^3 / 3.155 x10 ³ μm^3 (3.14 used for value of π) OR 3158 μm^3 / 3.158 x10 ³ μm^3 (22/7 used for value of π) OR 3.157 / 3.155 / 3.158 , ×10 ⁻¹⁵ m^3 (answer using SI units) $\sqrt{\sqrt{3}}$	3	ALLOW for two marks correctly calculated value not given to 4SF e.g. 3156.55 μ m ³ 3157.82 μ m ³ (22/7used) 3154.95 μ m ³ (3.14 used) OR correctly calculated value without units e.g. 3157 / 3.157 OR correctly calculated value with inappropriate units e.g. 3.157x10 ⁻⁶ mm ³ 3.157x10 ⁻⁹ cm ³ If two or three marks were not awarded for the correct answer or calculated value: for one mark look for evidence of use of the formula: (4/3) × π × r ³

Q	Question		Answer		Guidance
17	(b)	(ii)	(transmission) electron (microscope) ✓	2 max	ALLOW TEM DO NOT ALLOW scanning electron microscope
			AND ONE of the following:		/ SEM
			2D image ✓		IGNORE black and white / colour
			internal details visible ✓		
			(named) organelles / ultrastructures , visible \checkmark		e.g. mitochondria IGNORE nucleus (as visible under a light microscope)
			high <u>magnification</u> ✓		meroscope)
			high <u>resolution</u> ✓		
			Tot	al 9	

Ques	stion		Answer	Marks	Guidance
18 ((a)		the factor that will , determine / limit / AW , the rate \checkmark when at , low(er) / sub-optimal / AW , level \checkmark	2	 Both marks can be gained from a correctly described example e.g. when CO₂ (concentration) is in short supply, it prevents the rate of photosynthesis increasing DO NOT ALLOW inhibits / reduces ALLOW prevents rate from increasing / slows down rate of increase / stops rate from increasing / causes rate to plateau ALLOW when in short (est) supply
18	(b)	(i)	increased volume of water added (to seedlings) , leads to lower survival (of seedlings) ✓ larger decrease in survival for added water , above / from , 30 (cm ³) ✓ volume of water has no effect on number (of seedlings) surviving up to the first 3 days / AW ✓ quote data points / calculation(s) used , to support any point ✓	3 max	ALLOW the more water the faster they die ALLOW ora e.g. less / little , decrease in survival for 30(cm ³) and below DO NOT ALLOW at 30cm ³ minimum one pair of readings quoted for two water volumes (no units needed)

18	(b)	(ii) *	Read through the whole answer from start to finish,	6	
			concentrating on features that make it a stronger or		
			weaker answer using the indicative scientific content as		
			guidance. The indicative scientific content indicates the		
			expected parameters for candidates' answers, but be		
			prepared to recognise and credit unexpected approaches where they show relevance.		
			Using a 'best-fit' approach based on the science content of		
			the answer, first decide which set of level descriptors,		
			Level 1, Level 2 or Level 3, best describes the overall quality of the answer using the guidelines described in the		
			level descriptors in the mark scheme.		
			Once the level is located, award the higher or lower mark.		
			The higher mark should be awarded where the level		
			descriptor has been evidenced and all aspects of the		
			communication statement (in italics) have been met.		Indiactive exientific points may include
			The lower mark should be awarded where the level		Indicative scientific points may include
			descriptor has been evidenced but aspects of the		Aerobic respiration (A)
			communication statement (in italics) are missing.		Statement (S)
			In cummon/		The scientific statement can be implied by
			 In summary: The science content determines the level. 		 giving good scientific detail (No oxygen so) no aerobic respiration occurs
			 The science content determines the level. The communication statement determines the 		
			mark within a level.		Further detail (D)
					No , link reaction / Kreb's cycle / ETC /
			Level 3 (5–6 marks)		oxidative phosphorylation
			A detailed scientific statement about aerobic respiration AND a detailed scientific statement about anaerobic		 No oxygen to act as the final , electron / hydrogen acceptor
			respiration AND more than one scientific consequence for		
			the plant of overwatering		
					Anaerobic respiration (An)

 There is a well-developed line of reasoning which is clear and logically structured. The information presented is relevant and substantiated. Level 2 (3–4 marks) A detailed scientific statement about either aerobic or anaerobic respiration AND a scientific consequence for the plant of overwatering There is a line of reasoning presented with some structure. The information presented in the most part relevant and supported by some evidence. Level 1 (1–2 marks) A statement about either aerobic or anaerobic respiration AND a scientific consequence for the plant of overwatering There is an attempt at a logical structure with a line of reasoning. The information is in the most part relevant and correct. O marks No response or no response worthy of credit. 	 Statement (S) The scientific statement can be implied by giving good scientific detail (Plant has to) switch to anaerobic respiration / only anaerobic respiration can occur <i>Further detail</i> (D) Only glycolysis occurs Alcoholic fermentation occurs NAD regenerated (for glycolysis) Pyruvate to ethanal to ethanol Named enzyme e.g. pyruvate decarboxylase (Only) 2 ATP Scientific consequences for the plant (C) ethanol is toxic (alcoholic fermentation) is irreversible Less ATP produced / only 2 ATP from glycolysis Less / no , active transport (root hair cells) cannot take up mineral ions (by active transport) so (plant) cannot make , proteins / amino acids / DNA / chlorophyll etc cannot generate water potential gradient (into roots) / water potential (in root hair cells) is too high water cannot be absorbed (so cells cannot remain turgid) less / no , photosynthesis
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Q	Question		Answer	Marks	Guidance
18	(c)	(i)		2 max	Read answer first; if two marks from written response, IGNORE diagram. If two marks not awarded refer to diagram to find additional mark(s).
			water is (a) polar (molecule) ✓		DO NOT ALLOW water is charged ALLOW water has slightly positive / δ^+ , H IGNORE ' δ^- O' if describing water
			nitrate (ion) / NO_3^- , is , charged / negative \checkmark		IGNORE 'δ ⁻ O' if describing nitrate or on diagram DO NOT ALLOW nitrate is polar
			(hydrogen bonds form) between H on water		IGNORE solid line for H bond on diagram
			and O on nitrate ✓		NOTE 'delta plus of water is attracted to negative charge of nitrate' = 2 marks (MP1 and 2)
					NOTE the following examples
					= 2 marks (MP 2 & 3) = 2 marks (MP 1 & 3)
					= 1 mark (MP3)

Q	Question		Answer	Marks	Guidance
18	(c)	(ii)		2 max	ALLOW Ψ for water potential throughout DO NOT ALLOW ref to concentration of water in mps 2 or 3
			solutes / ions / named ion , enter , against concentration gradient / by active transport \checkmark		ALLOW 'pumped' as AW for active transport
			reduces water potential of (endodermal) <u>cell</u> (s) \checkmark		ALLOW water potential of <u>cell(s)</u> becomes more negative
			water , moves / diffuses , by osmosis / down water potential gradient \checkmark		ALLOW from high to low water potential
18	(d)		organ is collection / AW , of <u>tissues</u> ✓ perform / carry out / adapted to , function / role ✓ <i>leaves have</i> two from: epidermis / spongy mesophyll / palisade mesophyll / vascular / phloem / xylem , (tissues) ✓ (to carry out) photosynthesis / gaseous exchange ✓	4	IGNORE cells throughout ALLOW working together IGNORE mesophyll (unqualified) IGNORE stomata
			Total	19	

Q	uesti	on	Answer	Marks	Guidance
19	(a)		B ✓ C ✓ B ✓	3	If two or more letters given, 0 mark
19	(b)		nucleotide ✓ phosphate ✓ pentose ✓ strands ✓	4	If two or more words are given for each gap do not accept contradictory responses ALLOW two
19	(c)	(i)	 U matrix ✓ W crista(e) / <u>inner</u> (mitochondrial) membrane ✓ Z <u>inter</u>-membrane space ✓ 	3	IGNORE ETC / ATP synthase / cytochromes ALLOW inter-membranal space
	(c)	(ii)	cyanide , prevents / AW , aerobic respiration	1	BOTH statements required for one mark IGNORE 'affects' throughout ALLOW link reaction / Krebs cycle / ETC / oxidative phosphorylation instead of aerobic respiration ALLOW cyanide allows , glycolysis / anaerobic respiration
			fluoride , prevents / AW , anaerobic respiration (which also prevents aerobic respiration) \checkmark		ALLOW prevents , all respiration / both stages of respiration IGNORE lactate fermentation
			Total	11	

5 ✓ ✓ ✓ ALLOW 3, 4, 5 OR 6 to correct SF for 3 marks ALLOW 3, 4, 5 OR 6 to incorrect SF for 2 marks ALLOW 2 OR 7 to correct SF for 2 marks ALLOW 2 OR 7 to correct SF for 1 mark ALLOW 2 OR 7 to correct SF for 1 mark ALLOW any other figure to correct SF for 1 mark ALLOW any other figure to correct SF for 1 mark Image: Constraint of the following evidence of working for 1 mark If no marks awarded from above, look for the following evidence of working for 1 mark	Question	Answer	Marks	Guidance
$\operatorname{mean}/\overline{x} = 30 \text{ OR } \Sigma = 228$ OR $\operatorname{v} - \frac{\sum (\overline{x} - \overline{x})^2}{N}$ OR OR	20 (a)			If no definitive answer given in Table 20, look in space above for working and/or answer. ALLOW 3, 4, 5 OR 6 to correct SF for 3 marks ALLOW 3, 4, 5 OR 6 to incorrect SF for 2 marks ALLOW 2 OR 7 to correct SF for 2 marks ALLOW 2 OR 7 to incorrect SF for 1 mark ALLOW any other figure to correct SF for 1 mark any other figure to incorrect SF = 0 marks If no marks awarded from above, look for the following evidence of working for 1 mark mean / \bar{x} = 30 OR Σ = 228 OR

Q	uesti	on	Answer M		Guidance
20	(b)		SD bars plotted correctly for the first four yeast species above and below the mean. \checkmark	2	 A correctly plotted SD bar is an accurately drawn vertical line. If the top and bottom of the line are capped, accept only the following symbols —, X, ⊙ IGNORE A. pullulans (both columns) ALLOW one complete SD bar incorrect For one mark Four, five or six complete correct SD bars
20	(c)		61.54 (%) OR 70.20 (%) (calculated from Table 20) ✓✓✓	3	IGNORE + or - signs ALLOW for two marks correctly calculated answer not to 4 SF e.g. 61.538 / 61.5 e.g. 70.198 / 70.2 ALLOW for one mark evidence of a correct calculation e.g. *100 OR *100 *100 *100
20	(d)	(i)	 1 incorrect because A. pullulans / one yeast (species) , produced more CO₂ in anaerobic conditions ✓ 2 incorrect because error bars / standard deviations , overlap ✓ 	2	ALLOW no <i>t</i> -test carried out DO NOT ALLOW range bars

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Q	Question		Answer	Marks	Guidance
20	(d)	(ii)	random error (because) <u>some</u> (experiments / yeast species / columns on chart with) large SDs / error bars ✓	1	DO NOT ALLOW standard error DO NOT ALLOW range bars
20	(e)		ribosome(s) ✓	1	ALLOW rough endoplasmic reticulum / RER
			Total	12	

21	(a)	Read through the whole answer from start to finish,	6	
	*	concentrating on features that make it a stronger or weaker		
		answer using the indicative scientific content as guidance. The		
		indicative scientific content indicates the expected parameters		
		for candidates' answers, but be prepared to recognise and credit		
		unexpected approaches where they show relevance.		
		Using a 'best-fit' approach based on the science content of the answer, first decide which set of level descriptors, Level 1, Level 2 or Level 3, best describes the overall quality of the answer using the guidelines described in the level descriptors in the mark scheme. Once the level is located, award the higher or lower mark.		
		The higher mark should be awarded where the level descriptor has been evidenced and all aspects of the communication statement (in italics) have been met.		
				Indicative scientific points may include
		The lower mark should be awarded where the level descriptor		Supporting firm's claim (F):
		has been evidenced but aspects of the communication		As the volume of Diatin increases the mass
		statement (in italics) are missing.		of seedless fruit (harvested) increases
		In summary:		
		 The science content determines the level. 		Against firm's claim (A):
		 The communication statement determines the mark within a level. 		 no , scale / units / numerical value , on graph axes
				 labels of graph axes are the wrong way
		Level 3 (5–6 marks)		round
		A statement in support of the claim AND a statement against the		no , error bars / standard deviation / mean /
		claim AND more than one comment on the validity of the claim		(named) statistical test
		OR		 should be percentage increase in mass
		A statement in support of the claim AND more than one statement against the claim AND a comment on the validity of the claim		 correlation is not evidence of causation risk of bias / lack of objectivity (as company is selling product based on claims)
		There is a well-developed line of reasoning which is clear and		

Mark Scheme

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logically structured. The information presented is relevant and	Zeatin is more productive (than Diatin)
substantiated.	
	Issues with validity (V):
Level 2 (3–4 marks)	no method given
A statement in support of the claim AND a statement against the	
claim AND a comment on the validity of the claim	 species / type of plant is not named
OR	
A statement in support of the claim AND more than one	 no control variables given
statement against the claim	
OR	 concentration of hormone not specified
A statement in support of the claim AND more than one	
comment on the validity of the claim	 temperature control not specified
OR	
A statement against the claim AND more than one comment on	carbon dioxide concentration not specified
the validity of the claim	
There is a line of reasoning presented with some structure. The	location not specified (e.g. could be outside
information presented is in the most-part relevant and supported	vs greenhouse)
by some evidence.	
	mineral availability / soil type , not specified
Level 1 (1–2 marks)	
A statement in support of the claim AND a statement against the	 water availability not specified
claim OR	
	 light intensity not specified
A statement in support of the claim and a comment on the	
validity of the claim OR	 presence of pollinators not specified
-	
A statement against the claim and a comment on the validity of the claim	 presence of , pests / weeds / pesticide /
OR	herbicide , not specified
More than one statement against the claim OR	 no control group (to compare results)
More than one comment on the validity of the claim	
There is an attempt at a logical structure with a line of reasoning.	no evidence of repeats
The information is in the most part relevant.	
0 marks	 no consideration of the interaction with
No response or no response worthy of credit.	other hormones or processes

Q	uestion	Answer	Marks	Guidance
21	(b)	 related to light (L) L1 light intensity / brightness , is not , controlled / specified OR size of hole in box not specified ✓ L2 different , light intensities / brightness , could lead to variation in , phototropism / bending ✓ L3 idea that light intensity / brightness , stays the same ✓ 	6 max	 Mark limitation, explanation and improvement as continuous prose within each numbered prompt. If marks come from more than one letter within either numbered prompt, award that which gives the highest mark IGNORE reference to any other variables ALLOW wavelength / colour instead of intensity throughout (<i>L</i>) For L3 if statement not used other examples may include e.g. use of , light meter / photo sensor e.g. use lamps of same bulb wattage e.g. use same distance from lamp e.g. use same , wavelength / coloured bulb
		 related to selection of seedlings (S) S1 no method for , selecting / AW , (20) seedlings ✓ S2 could lead to biased results ✓ S3 idea of random selection ✓ 		For S1 IGNORE only 20 seedlings selected For S3 ALLOW count , all / more / 50 , seedlings ALLOW reasonable method of selection
		related to measuring bend of seedlings (B)		ALLOW reasonable method of selection e.g. photograph and allocate numbers e.g. mini grid then select random numbers

 B1 degree of bending (of seedlings) not considered ✓ B2 <i>idea of</i> a (reproducible) comparison is not possible OR could lead to biased results ✓ B3 measure angle of bend ✓ 		For B1 ALLOW bending judgement , not quantitative / is subjective
<i>related to replicates (R)</i> R1 experiment / trial , was not repeated ✓		ALLOW descriptions of method e.g. use of protractor e.g. use a , standard / model (for comparison)
 R2 cannot , calculate mean / identify anomalies / carry out statistical analysis ✓ R3 repeat (experiment at least) twice OR carry out (at least) three trials ✓ 		<i>For R2</i> IGNORE reference to , fair test / accuracy / reliability
 related to size of dish (D) D1 size of petri dish not , controlled / specified ✓ D2 different sized dishes could affect , spacing of seeds / access to light ✓ 		
D3 specify , size / volume / diameter , of petri dish \checkmark		<i>For D3</i> ALLOW use the same sized dish
Total	12	

Q	uesti	on	Answer	Marks	Guidance
22	(a)	(i)	A ✓	1	<i>mark the first letter only</i> IGNORE name unless contradicts a stated letter
	(a)	(ii)	B , D ✓	1	If more than two letters given, 0 mark IGNORE names unless contradicts a stated letter
22	(b)	(i)	similarities S1 both use <u>active transport</u> \checkmark S2 both involve , co-transport / described \checkmark S3 both involve <u>selective</u> reabsorption \checkmark S4 both involve use of , sodium ions / Na ⁺ \checkmark differences D1 DCT involves use of , calcium ions / Ca ²⁺ \checkmark D2 (co-transport in) DCT involves ions only \checkmark D3 PCT involves ions and (named) molecules \checkmark	3 max	maximum two marks for similarities or differences IGNORE sodium / Na IGNORE calcium / Ca e.g. glucose / amino acid(s)
	(b)	(ii)	symptom high volume of / excess , urine OR always thirsty / AW ✓ explanation fewer / AW , aquaporins in the (plasma) membrane (of collecting duct cells) ✓	2	ALLOW large amount / lots , of urine IGNORE reference to , dilute urine / water potential / frequency of urination ALLOW protein water channels for aquaporins

Question		on	Answer	Marks	Guidance
22	(c)	(i)	1 have already / are , differentiated / specialised (so cannot divide) ✓	3 max	
			${\bf 2}$ are in , G_{0} (phase of cell cycle) / resting phase \checkmark		ALLOW cannot pass G1 checkpoint / cannot go into S phase / remains in G_1
			3 <i>idea that</i> shape is (too) , irregular / asymmetrical (so cannot divide) ✓		e.g. (podocyte) has projections (so cannot divide)
			4 cytoskeleton cannot function / spindle (fibres) cannot form√		
			5 (if mitosis occurred) it would alter , number / size , of the , gaps / fenestrations \checkmark		
			6 <i>idea that it</i> would alter an aspect of ultrafiltration ✓		ALLOW for aspect of ultrafiltration e.g. different sized molecules can pass through e.g. no / less , ultrafiltration e.g. changes rate of ultrafiltration e.g. changes composition of filtrate
	(c)	(ii)	(adult stem cells) are <u>multipotent</u> ✓	2	DO NOT ALLOW totipotent / pluripotent ALLOW (adult stem cells) can , differentiate / specialise
			(differentiate to) become any <u>cell</u> type within , kidney / nephron (tissue) ✓		
			Total	12	

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