



ANNUAL REPORT

2021-2022

We pledge for...



PEOPLE'S RURAL EDUCATION MOVEMENT

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CONTENTS

Message from the President, PREM	03
Message from the Secretary, PREM	04
Foreword	05
Vision, Mission and Strategic Objectives of PREM	06
PREM at a Glance	07-08
COVID-19 Pandemic Mitigation	09-10
Integrated Approach for Improving Access information & Service for Reproductive Health & Rights	11-16
PEVAC- Participation in Governance	17-18
Bal Bikash, Community Focused Child Development/SHA	19-23
Reducing Child Marriages in Tribal Areas	24-27
Empowering Communities for Inclusive Growth	28-30
Focus Area Development (FADP) for the Development of tribal	31-33
MTMLECE Resource & Training Centre: With in-house Training Facility	34-35
Model Village Initiatives-Rural Area with Urban Setup	36-37
English Medium Education for Children for the children of marginalized communities	38
Professional & Vocational Education for Children from Unprivileged Families	39
Organic Farming-Promotion of livelihood Situation	40
Visual Journey of Field Programmes	41
Financial Summary	42
Governing Body Members	43
Our Partners	44
Acronyms	45



A note from President, PREM...

My dear friends and well-wishers,

We are extremely glad to inform you that, PREM (People's Rural Education Movement) is completing 40 years of its commitment with the people through different interventions and pilot projects, later scaled up by government and other international organizations in different countries.



This organization was started 40 years ago with a small beginning in 15 villages of Mohana block of Gajapati district and in the course of the 40 years, with all your support we are able to reach 22 districts of Odisha and also through network we are able to reach 14 states of India covering more than 1 crore people.

The focus communities are mostly tribals, dalit, fisherfolk and other marginalized communities with special focus on women and children. We are able to go more than an implementing agency rather through advocacy and lobby through different networks like, Odisha Adivasi Manch (OAM), Odisha Dalit Manch (ODM), East Coast Fishermen Forum (ECFF) and National Advocacy Council for the Development of Indigenous People (NACDIP) at national level which through negotiating with policy makers to bring different policies and acts for the benefit of the under privileged people of India. Many examples of this you will find in a report of our 40 years of activities, which will be published soon.

I wish you a Happy New Year-2023 on behalf of our organization and networks to each and everyone who supports for cause of the poor.

With best regards,

Dr. Jacob Thundyil,
President, PREM

Message from the Secretary, PREM.....

Dear Friends,

People's Rural Education Movement (PREM) is a movement by the People, of the People and for the People. The journey continues sustainably because it is motivated by PREM understood as genuine love, compassion (feeling one with themselves and themselves and with the nature). A movement has no beginning and no end while a project has a beginning and an end. Even the projects mentioned in this report are all part of the process of People's journey to unity and harmony. I personally am proud of being part of this movement. I do recognize and promote people's knowledge and wisdom for their sustainable development.



Transformation of every village into a model or smart village with model people is the goal of all the projects. Even this goal is not a finished product. It is an on-going process. But once a village has reached a critical stage with regard to the growth of human consciousness the journey of that village to endless prosperity and happiness is ensured.

I express my solidarity with all stake holders in the People's Rural Education Movement.

Chacko Paruwanany
Secretary, PREM

Foreword

PREM continues to engage to work among the indigenous people towards building sustainable communities. PREM, over its 40 years of its existence, has been sailing through good and bad times and has sustained the practice of sharing joys and sorrows with humility, shared values, collective wisdom dignity and integrity.

The activities of PREM have continuously changed and moved closer to the vision and mission, stated objectives and the strategies to combat and initiate People Centered Sustainable Development Processes, focussing on sustainable livelihood and would continue to do so in future.

Capacity building programmes initiated to cope with the emerging trends and the changing scenario of the impact and the onslaught of globalisation would be further addressed.

Having more than three and half decades of field intervention and initiatives, PREM needs to further strengthen the advocacy, lobbying along with social education.

PREM also envisages strengthening the capacity of the members of the Network it promoted in the areas of empowerment, alternative education process, sustainable practices and natural resource management, land management towards food and income security and alternative energy options.

In the context of availability of resources from corporate, under Corporate Social Responsibility provisions (CSR), for developmental activities, PREM will also make efforts to generate resources from ethical and genuine corporate for the development of the communities.

PREM will contribute its share in building smart villages in our project areas and our future vision is to support more and more marginalized communities through income generation programs, creating SHGs and also support to the mal-nourished children and mothers living in the inaccessible pockets.

Another important area where PREM will be engaged in extending solidarity and support to peoples movement for justice, networking, collaborate with civil society organizations for developing and replicating models lobbying and alliance building and work towards National and State policies that are favourable to the marginalized and demonstrate best practices of sustainable development and strive for building sustainable communities.



OUR OUTREACH

- ❖ 9 Operational Districts
- ❖ 68 Blocks
- ❖ 28 ULBs
- ❖ 1 Municipal Corporation
- ❖ 1,431 GramPanchayats
- ❖ 439 Wards
- ❖ 1,785 Villages
- ❖ 68,040 Households
- ❖ 2,96,500 Population

CORE VALUES

- ❖ TRANSPARENCY
- ❖ ACCOUNTABILITY
- ❖ INTEGRITY
- ❖ GENDER EQUALITY
- ❖ SOCIAL JUSTICE

Our Vision

Creation of a new social order in which the present unorganized and marginalized people have a say in decision making, where education creates awareness and develops skills and fosters the growth of talents, where culture is ever creative, where men and women are totally liberated from all dehumanizing and oppressive forces, and where the decisions of individuals and communities are based on the values of social justice, equality, truth, freedom and the dignity of human life.

Our Mission

To support, empower and facilitate people's organizations for sustainable development in education, governance, health and livelihood; for access to knowledge, resources and innovation to achieve quality of life; and for mainstreaming gender equality, child rights, social inclusion and human rights for the Adivais, Dalits, Fisherfolk and other marginalized communities of India.

Strategic Objectives

PREM's focus on the following objectives to achieve through its development initiatives :

- + Empower adolescent girls in tribal areas.
- + Empower women in socially, economically and politically and encourage them to participate in the decision making process at different levels.
- + Empowering marginalized rural masses, especially Adivasi, Dalits and Fisher People groups.
- + Facilitating education to all women, men, and children, especially early childhood education.
- + Strengthen Mother Tongue Based Early Childhood Education in the existing ICDS centers.
- + Empowering adolescent girls in tribal areas.
- + Promoting participation of women in Self-Help Groups and decision-making processes.
- + Defending the rights of children and their welfare.
- + Motivating and organizing people towards sustainable livelihoods for self-reliance.
- + Encouraging rural masses to participate in the democratic process and strengthening grassroots governance.
- + Promoting and networking indigenous groups to empower them to achieve their rights.
- + Implementing creative solutions and technological innovations in education, healthcare and livelihood.
- + Facilitating clean water, sanitation and healthcare for every community.
- + Strengthen Health system for improved access to integrated quality reproductive health services for women, girls and young people.
- + Improve access to information and services pertaining to RMNCH+A among the particularly vulnerable tribal groups residing in 21 Gram Panchayats of 6 Blocks of Gajapati and Rayagada Districts by strengthening outreach and services at health facilities.
- + Reduce child marriage and empower adolescent girls by strengthening implementation and brining in convergence and programs for adolescents.
- + Channelize the immense energy of the youth of Odisha towards a nation building by inspiring volunteerism and active participation of the youth in various social action programs and community engagement activities.
- + Relief and rehabilitation support during natural calamities and Corona pandemic situation.

GOAL OF PREM

Asset to Asset less..... Power to Powerless.....

PREM AT A GLANCE

PREM (People's Rural Education Movement)

is a secular, humanitarian, non-political and non-governmental organization working for the development of Adivasi (indigenous), Dalit, Fisherfolk and other marginalized communities of India for last 40 years. PREM is a registered voluntary organization under the Societies Registration Act of India. PREM is registered with the Credibility Alliance of NGOs in India. PREM is a Board Member of Voluntary Action Network of India (VANI), International Network of Alternative Financial Institutions (INAFI), and Council for Advancement of People's Action and Rural Technology (CAPART).

It started initially a grass root initiative to facilitate functional literacy, skill development and organizing the vulnerable communities and in the course of time it evolved into a movement to address the larger issues and has experimented various development programmes in the areas of education, child development and child rights, health, agro-forestry, income generation, micro-finance, water and sanitation, differently abled, disaster preparedness, management, relief and is committed to facilitate the process of empowerment of the indigenous communities towards the establishment of self-governance, ownership and sustainable management of natural resources.

PREM has promoted several community based organizations through its Network members which later federated as platforms to address the issues and facilitated the formation of National Advocacy Council for Development of Indigenous Communities (NACDIP) to lobby and advocate the entitlements and rights of the indigenous communities in India.

Over the years it organized, facilitated and involved in a wide range of campaigns through its advocacy and lobby programmes which resulted in formulation of Panchayat Extension to Scheduled Areas Act (PESA) in 1992, conferred entitlements on land, water, forest and paved the way for self-governance, Scheduled Tribes and Traditional Forest Dwellers Rights Act, (FRA) in 2005 that conferred rights to the indigenous communities on the cultivated lands and also the National Policy on Child hood Care and Education (ECCE) in 2012 reflecting PREMs model of mother tongue based multi lingual early child hood education- children are encouraged to study in their mother tongue and subsequently the state, national and international language.

PREM WORKS WITH



TRIBALS

DALITS

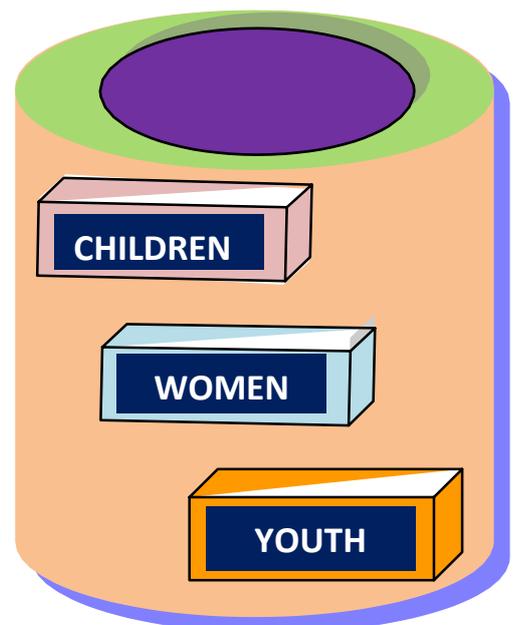


FISHERFOLK



MARGINALISED FARMERS

Primary Target Group



PREM AT A GLANCE



Our Identity

Central to PREM's emblem is the tree which represents life and reflects PREM's mission to facilitate people to support life so that life may support people. The figures of the men and women, represent the people's organizations—the men, women, boys and girls—who come together to participate in the process of promoting life. Our role is to provide support and advocacy to the people's organizations so they can maintain sustainable and value-based development.

PREM's Approach towards Development

PREM believes in values of social justice, equality, truth, freedom and the dignity of human life. Based on these values, PREM strives to sensitize, strengthen and organize people to make them self dependent and demand their legitimate rights. Strengthening people through awareness generation and making them conscious of social issues and social security measures. PREM's development approach ensures organization of people in the community, networking, unity and integrity.

PREM helps to build consensus in the operational villages and lay the framework for action. It provides practical knowledge such as mobilizing human resources, budgeting, saving and investing, monitoring and evaluating, documenting and reporting. PREM establishes the true

sense of *Grama Swaraj*-Village Self-Rule in its operational areas. It creates grass-root leadership for self governance in both scheduled and non-scheduled areas. It gives special importance to train the village leaders on different development approaches for the upliftment of the villages. It also creates general understanding among the people of the community on the development and creates a sense of hopefulness in the minds of people towards the path of progress.

PREM's programs always enforce on the education, livelihood, healthcare, governance, human rights, water and environment sanitation through implementing varied activities with a goal to mainstream the people of marginalized communities.

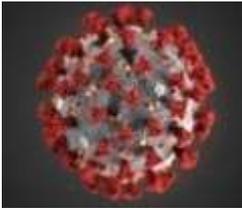
Gender equality and child rights are the core values of PREM. It ensures the empowerment of women, girl children and their participation in development interventions at village and different levels. Skill up- gradation and capacity building programmes of PREM enriches their abilities and making them capable to handle any kind of issues and support their fellow people. Women SHGs are formed in the villages to improve their livelihood status and also to address their issues and of their community.

PREM's approach is to move individuals or groups from magical or naive consciousness to critical one through an action reflection process.

Where We Work : PREM is headquartered in Mandiapalli village, which is 12 Kms. away from the city of Berhampur in Ganjam district of Odisha. Our program areas include the districts of Ganjam, Gajapati, Kandhamal, Boudh, Nayagarh, Rayagada, Dhenkanal, Puri and Keonjhar. In the past we have implemented development programs in many other districts of southern and western Odisha. Our state-level network of tribal organizations (Odisha Adivasi Manch) covers 22 districts of Odisha, and our national-level network NAC-DIP includes organizations working in 16 states of India.

PREM is working towards 11 Sustainable Development Goals (SDGs)





COVID-19 PANDEMIC MITIGATION DISASTER PREPAREDNESS



Dry & Cooked Food, Water Bottle distribution to the People of Mohana by MP, Berhampur



X-Ray on the wheel donated to City Hospital Berhampur by the MLA, Berhampur



PREM handover an Ambulance to City Hospital by the Dist. Collector

Disaster preparedness is one of the important activities of PREM since its inception. It always ready to provide need based support to the victims of such incidences by coordinating with its various donor partners of the world to implement relief activities in the affected communities especially the fisher-folk in coastal areas, tribal and dalits in hilly areas, marginalized farmers in plain areas and slum dwellers in urban areas.

Awareness on Prevention & Control of Covid-19 :

It was high time of Covid Pandemic situation created a menace among everyone, to get rid of such situation and avoid Corona. The volunteers of PREM created awareness among the people on the use of masks, maintenance of social distance, hand-washing practice and to follow the Covid guidelines of Government.

Donation of X-Ray on the wheel and an Ambulance to City Hospital Berhampur

The volunteer organization Help Berhampur Breath in association with PREM donated an X-Ray on the wheel and an Ambulance to City Hospital Berhampur in the presence of Honorable District Collector Ganjam Mr. Vijay Amruta Kulange and MLA Berhampur Mr. Bikram Panda and President PREM, Dr. Jacob Thundvil.

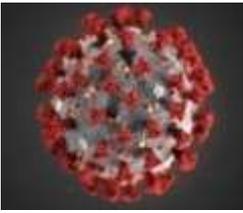
ACHHI AADAT (Good Habits) Program by JICA, Japanese : PREM, together with NACDIP—a National level tribal people's network of India—in collaboration with IJK, New Delhi with the support of JICA—a Japanese organization — has organized an awareness campaign on ACHHI AADAT (Good Habits) on 2nd October 2021 on the eve of Gandhi Jayanti in 101 locations of 12 states of India—Odisha, Andhra Pradesh(South), West Bengal, Madhya Pradesh, Jharkhand, Karnataka, Chhatisgarh, Kerala, Bihar, Tamil Nadu, Rajasthan, Telengana—where we reached 12143 people.

Similarly, on the eve of Global Hand Washing day, we organized awareness camps on hand washing in 117 locations in the above 12 states where we reached 10,423 people.

The purpose of organizing these camps were to create awareness on handwashing, nail cutting, using mask always, and keeping social distance during this pandemic. In the above awareness program children, adolescents, youths, women, PRI members, AWW, Asha workers, and Govt. officials participated. On these two important days, this campaign has given a good message to everyone to keep clean our surroundings and ourselves during the Covid-19 pandemic.

Dry Food Distribution to Migrants during Pandemic Situation

PREM in association with AZIM PREMJI Philanthropic Initiative (APPI), UNFPA, and other agencies has undertaken many activities to save the lives and livelihood of vulnerable families especially the tribal communities and migrant people during the COVID-19 pandemic lockdown. During this process PREM has sensitized 25000 families, distributed ration kits to 1465 vulnerable and migrant families, distributed clothes which includes (1 Saree, 1 Towel & 1 Lungi) and Seed packets to the 386 migrant and vulnerable families of Dantaling village of Asurbandh Gram Panchayat of Sorada of Ganjam District, Odisha. There were 44 widows and 12 widowers in these 386 families. Distributed 5000 dry food packets and water bottles to 5000 migrant brothers and sisters who were going to their native states in the highway by foot/walk and helped them to reach their destination states by providing transportation. Distributed 7000 sanitary kits (which includes -2 Lifebuoy Soaps, 1 Bucket, 1 Mug, 1 Face towel big size, 2 Full masks double cotton) to the 7000 numbers of PVTG (Particularly Vulnerable Tribal Group) families of Gajapati and Rayagada District during COVID-19 pandemic lockdown situation.



COVID-19 PANDEMIC MITIGATION DISASTER PREPAREDNESS

With the second wave hitting the country, declaration of emergency lockdowns, curfews, acute shortage of oxygen, and the limitations of infrastructure to address the magnitude of the problem the livelihood of already distressed rural and tribal communities are adversely impacted. The nationwide lockdown since 5th May 2021 has pushed them further to the brink. In these times of uncertainty, we at PREM believe that it is our duty, as a social organization to support the vulnerable communities, who need it the most. Accordingly, PREM appealed various national and international agencies for collaboration. Sensitive communities, across the globe such as AZIM PREMJI Foundation, Bengaluru; Reliance Foundation, Mumbai; Railway Children India, New Delhi; Help Berhampur Breathe; Shree Raghunath Temple Trust, Plano, Texas, USA; and individuals like Ms. Agnes and Mr. Mathew Thundyil from Taiwan, Mr. Foco Po of Japan responded generously and joined PREM with their helping hand in battling the crisis.

Through the grassroots volunteers, PREM once again stepped up activities to reach the unreached vulnerable communities of Ganjam, Gajapati, Koraput, Rayagada, Malkangiri and Sambalpur district of Odisha. The following initiatives have been taken by PREM in Ganjam district of Odisha to mitigate the situation:

- ✚ Provision of Dry Ration Kits
- ✚ Provision of Oxygen Cylinders, Ambulance services, Oxy-meters, Spiro-Meters, Masks, Gloves, Sanitizers, Sodium Hypo-Chloride, PPE Kits and Fogger Machines to,
 1. District Administration, Ganjam
 2. City Hospital, Berhampur
 3. Rotary Club, Berhampur

District Administration, Gajapati
PHC of Chandragiri, Gajapati
District. Awareness generation on keeping safe from the pandemic and vaccinations at community level.

PREM in association with Reliance Foundation supported Dry Food containing Rice, Dal, Oil, Sugar, Flatten Rice and Turmeric Powder to 1250 needy families





Covid-19 response 2021
PREM (People’s Rural Education Movement)
Berhampur, Odisha, India in collaboration with
Reliance Foundation, Mumbai, India



Distribution of Dry Ration Kits during COVID-19 pandemic 2021 by PREM



PREM Distributed of Dry Ration Kits to daily labourers at Ambapasa villages, in the presence of MP and MLA of Berhampur Constituency



PREM in collaboration with Reliance Foundation organised Relief Camps in some of the blocks of Ganjam District and also Berhampur Municipal Corporation. The relief materials kit consist of Rice, Dal, Sugar, Mustard Oil and Hand Rub Sanitizer etc for every family. This was distributed in Asurabandha and Gopalpur Sasan Panchayat of Suroda Block covering 780 families. Then, we also distributed the same relief materials kit in Berhampur Municipal Corporation especially in Ambapasa, Park Street covering a number of 200 families. We also distributed the relief kit to widows of Mandapali, Shabi Narayan Pur and the colony nearby CUAT Fisheries College and Berhampur University covering 200 families. During the distribution in Berhampur Municipal Corporation at Ambapasa, the Honourable Member of Parliament, Berhampur Lok Sabha Constituency Shri Chandra Sekher Sahu, and the Honourable Member of Legislative Assembly, Berhampur Shri Bikram Kumar Panda were present and PREM Team were organising all distribution work in collaboration with local volunteers of the respective areas.

INTEGRATED APPROACH FOR IMPROVING ACCESS TO INFORMATION & SERVICES FOR REPRODUCTIVE HEALTH & RIGHTS



Sanitation Kits distribution in Gajapati District



Health Facility assessment by using aspirational district and CP-9 checklist



Panchayat Level Sensitization to GKS members

Since July-2018, PREM in association with UNFPA undertaking initiatives in close association with the district health team to enhance access to integrated sexual reproductive health services and to address vulnerabilities of girls particularly to child marriage in Gajapati and Rayagada districts of Odisha. Further need based support has been extended to other four districts assigned to UNFPA like, Dhenkanal, Nawrangpur, Nuapada and Kalahandi.

Integrated district Intervention (IDI) project aims to Reaching the marginalized women, young adults and adolescent girls in the unreachable areas living in conditions of geographical barriers, inaccessibility to health services which will take a profound shift from business as usual. Achieving universal access to sexual and reproductive health and reproductive rights, including family planning, and to promote gender equality and rights is on priority. Prioritizing the attention on the most vulnerable and marginalized young women and girls, two high-priority districts/ aspiration district as per National Institute for Transforming India (NITI) AAYOG, were selected based on a vulnerability mapping exercise for concerted action on the most.

In alignment with the UNFPA's strategic plan (2018-2021) and UNFPA India's 9th Country Programme Action Plan (2018-2022), the integrated district project aims to promote reproductive health and rights, particularly for girls and women from the indigenous tribal communities in two districts, namely Rayagada and Gajapati. The two districts have a high proportion of tribal communities (Rayagada - 55.8% and Gajapati - 54.3%) and are home to three Particularly Vulnerable Tribal Groups (PVTGs) who include Lanjia Saura, Saura and Donaria Kondh.

The Three PVTGs, with a population of approximately 28,000 reside in 21 Gram Panchayats, spread across six blocks of Gajapati and Rayagada districts. The PVTGs generally reside in hilly, forested regions and remain isolated from the mainstream population and have a challenge to access RMNCH+A information and services.

Further, girls in these communities get married at a very young age resulting in too early, too many and too closely spaced births. The situation is further aggravated due to harmful practices and poor health seeking behaviour and high rates of home delivery. Gajapati reports 37 percent home deliveries and Rayagada 28 percent (NFHS-4). All these factors have resulted in high maternal and infant mortality in these communities.

Project Aims and Objectives

Aims : Women, adolescents and youth especially the marginalized have access to integrated sexual reproductive health services and can exercise their reproductive rights.

Objectives :

- a. To strengthen health system for improved access to integrated quality reproductive health services for women, girls and young people
- b. To improve access to information and services pertaining to RMNCH+A among the particularly vulnerable tribal groups residing in 21 Gram Panchayats of 6 blocks of two districts by strengthening outreach and services at health facilities.
- c. To reduce child marriage and empower adolescent girls by strengthening implementation and convergence of programmes for adolescents, such as RKSK, LSE, SAG and other initiatives in the district

The strategies proposed under the Work Plan are as follows;

- Health system strengthening through improved planning, capacity building, and technical assistance
- Improve access to information and services for RMNCH+A in the districts focusing on PVTG
- Strengthening programs for particularly adolescent girls.

Key activities as per strategic directions:

- Orientation of health functionaries for provision of integrated SRH services at Community Health Centres (CHCs) and Health and Wellness Centres (HWCs) of six aspirational districts
- Technical support including supportive supervision by consultants in two districts under the project and in four districts directly by UNFPA
- Develop need based prototype and communication material for RH/MH/AH and other youth and gender interventions, translation of UNFPA's SRH e-module, and procurement of attractive contraceptive vending machines for district and sub-district level facilities
- Community interface and supportive supervision by cluster Coordinators
- Technical support for strengthening programmes for adolescent girls to prevent child marriage and other harmful practices
- Monthly Review of the Project

In 2021, activities were planned for improving the ISRH services at PHC level health and wellness centres. Due to second wave of COVID-19 pandemic, all the activities couldn't be completed. Also visit to health facilities were not completed as per the plan.

INTEGRATED APPROACH FOR IMPROVING ACCESS TO INFORMATION & SERVICES FOR REPRODUCTIVE HEALTH & RIGHTS



Medical Officers Training



DHH Gajapati assessment by RH Consultant along with CNMPHN, ORRY and IR staff



Staff Nurse Training

SL.#	Activities	Planned	Accomplished												
Objective 1: Health system strengthening for improving availability of integrated RH services (planning, capacity building, and technical assistance)															
1	Technical support including Supportive supervision by Consultants at Rayagada and Gajapati (4-6 facility and 2-4 community i.e. 6-8 visits per month per district, including CHC, PHC, HWC and Community)	288 covering all 275 facilities in six districts (12 per district per quarter)	Total-135/275 (49% facilities assessed in 2021) <table border="1" style="width: 100%; border-collapse: collapse;"> <tr> <td>Gajapati</td> <td>33/31(100%) -2 CHCs visited twice</td> <td>Rayagada</td> <td>23/50 (46%)</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Dhenkanal</td> <td>37/51 (73%)</td> <td>Nuapada</td> <td>16/24 (66%)</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Kalahandi</td> <td>16/65 (25%)</td> <td>Nowrangpur</td> <td>10/51 (20%)</td> </tr> </table>	Gajapati	33/31(100%) -2 CHCs visited twice	Rayagada	23/50 (46%)	Dhenkanal	37/51 (73%)	Nuapada	16/24 (66%)	Kalahandi	16/65 (25%)	Nowrangpur	10/51 (20%)
Gajapati	33/31(100%) -2 CHCs visited twice	Rayagada	23/50 (46%)												
Dhenkanal	37/51 (73%)	Nuapada	16/24 (66%)												
Kalahandi	16/65 (25%)	Nowrangpur	10/51 (20%)												
2	Orientation to medical officers for provision of integrated SRH services at Community Health Centres (CHCs) and Health and Wellness Centres (HWCs) of six aspirational districts	180 in 12 batches at all 6 ADs	113 (Q1-96 (Gajapati-35, Nuapada-36 and Kalahandi-25) in 4 batches, Q2-17 at Nowrangpur) and activity deferred due to pandemic situation.												
3	Orientation of nursing officers (SN/CHOs/ANMs) for provision of Integrated SRH services at Community Health Centres (CHCs) and Health and Wellness Centres (HWCs) of six aspirational districts	720 in 48 batches at all 6 ADs	60 (Q2-60 at Nowrangpur) and activity deferred due to pandemics												
OBJECTIVE-2 : IMPROVE ACCESS TO INFORMATION AND SERVICES FOR RMNCH+A SERVICES IN TWO DISTRICTS FOCUSING ON PARTICULARLY VULNERABLE TRIBAL GROUPS (PVTGS)															
4	Training of cluster coordinators	One batch for all 21 CLCs	Completed in Q1												
5	Community interface and supportive supervision by cluster Coordinators (Support to VHND in 21 PVTG GPs)	Total-1260 sessions (Quarterly 315 VHNDs)	Total -1279 (Q1-325+Q2-295+ Q3-340+Q4-318) 90% (1625/1795) VHND held out of 1795 planned sessions and 80% (1279/1625) sessions attended by cluster coordinators												
6	Translation, adaptation and printing of resource and communication materials	AFHC flip books were redesigned and shared with RSKS team for vetting and ten Contraceptive vending machines installed at Gajapati and Rayagada. COVID vaccination audio message was developed in five tribal languages including Odia and shared with SHSRC for dissemination													

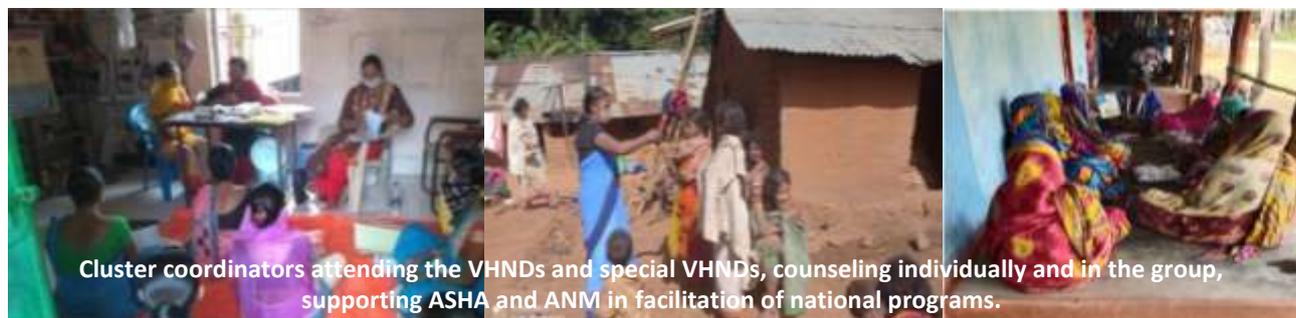
INTEGRATED APPROACH FOR IMPROVING ACCESS TO INFORMATION & SERVICES FOR REPRODUCTIVE HEALTH & RIGHTS



SL#	Activities	
7	Technical support for Strengthening programmes for adolescent girls	<p>Line listing of 3086 drop out adolescents from 21 PVTG GPs and sharing their occupational interest with district skill mission. By Q4 of 2021,490 adolescents linked to skill training and 181 have been linked for back to education</p> <p>Support in developing and tracking the district action plan to end child marriage at both the districts with roll out of ADVIKA. 250 out of 337 (74%) AWCs in PVTG GPs have started the program).</p> <p>Compiling child marriage free villages. Out of 559, 35 are child marriage free villages in PVTG villages of Rayagada and Out of 72 villages, 7 are from PVTG villages of Gajapati. Although more are identified, they will be declared officially in the month of March 2022. Total 42 (10%) out of 420 IDI implementing villages have been declared as child marriage free villages in 2021.</p>
8	Review of the project	
	a. Monthly cluster coordinators review	12 Once Conducted virtually and one conducted along with all projects of UNFPA and joint review with UNICEF at Bhubaneswar
	b. Half yearly project review	2 Once Conducted virtually and one conducted along with all projects of UNFPA and joint review with UNICEF at Bhubaneswar



INTEGRATED APPROACH FOR IMPROVING ACCESS TO INFORMATION & SERVICES FOR REPRODUCTIVE HEALTH & RIGHTS



Cluster coordinators attending the VHNDs and special VHNDs, counseling individually and in the group, supporting ASHA and ANM in facilitation of national programs.

3.2 Progress of Signature Indicators by 2021

Table-2 : Status of Signature indicators in 2021

Sl. #	Indicator	Target	Status of two IDP districts	Remarks
1	<i>Signature Indicator 04: Proportion of health facilities that have an appropriate package of services (including at least 5 reversible contraceptives-IUCD, OCP, Condoms, Centchroman and the injectable only at SDH and DH; prevention of unsafe abortion; RTI/STI management and safe delivery)</i>	75%	82% (18/22)	In 2021, only One PHC (Gajapati, PHC Birikote) started ISRH.
	Facilities providing delivery services		22/22 (100%)	
	Facilities providing safe abortion services		18/22 (100%)	Four CHCs of Rayagada are not providing abortion services (CHC Chandrapur, Ksinghpur, Ramnaguda and Jemadepentha)
	Facilities having 5 reversible FP methods		22/22 (100%)	
	Facilities having 5 reversible FP methods		22/22 (100%)	
2	<i>Signature Indicator 05: Number of adolescents attending AFHC clinics</i>	4500	6078	22 AFHCs functionalized (Gajapati-13,Rayagada-9)
3	Signature Indicator 1: Percentage of facilities implementing advisory and guidelines to improve the quality of services (consent procedures for sterilization and PPIUCD, screening checklist for injectable and PPIUCD)	50%	100%	All facilities providing services are implementing advisory and guidelines for quality SRH services
	Consent procedure for sterilization (Facilities providing service/forms available/using)		22/22/22	All CHC and above facilities are providing sterilization services.
	Consent procedure for PPIUCD (Facilities providing service/forms available/using)		32/32/32	32 out of 54 facilities are providing PPIUCD services
	Screening checklist for injectable (Facilities providing service/forms available/using)		39/39/39	39 out of 54 facilities are providing injectable services
	Screening checklist for PPIUCD (Facilities providing service/forms available/using)		32/32/32	32 out of 54 facilities are providing PPIUCD services

INTEGRATED APPROACH FOR IMPROVING ACCESS TO INFORMATION & SERVICES FOR REPRODUCTIVE HEALTH & RIGHTS



Sensitization of PRIS and oath taking for ending child Marriage



Contraceptive vending machine received by Gajapati-CDMO, DPM, RMNCHA counsellor, Hospital manager



Adolescent Group Counselling by RMNCHA counsellor at Gajapati

Orientation of health functionaries for provision of integrated SRH services at Community Health Centres (CHCs) and Health and Wellness Centres (HWCs) of six aspirational districts :

In 2020, from the health facility assessments of both the districts, it was found that only 55% (12/22) of facilities upto the CHC level were providing integrated SRH services while none of the PHCs/HWCs provide these services.

In-order to improve access to RH services particularly information and services for reversible contraceptives at health facilities closer to the community, it was planned to train the newly recruited MBBS/AYUSH doctors, Community Health Officers (CHOs) and existing ANMs/SNs at the PHCs and HWCs. In 2021, total 173 service providers trained by using ISRH e-module developed by UNFPA.

In quarter-1 a total of 96 service providers got the training at District training unit of Gajapati (35), Kalahandi (25) and Nuapada (26). The participants were from CHCs and PHCs. District O & G specialist along with District Consultant-UNFPA imparted the training. In Q2, the training was conducted at Nawarangpur. Although it was scheduled for all the blocks, only five batches were completed due to enforcement of lockdown related to COVID-19 second wave. At Nawarangpur, 17 medical officers and sixty ANMs/LHVs/ SNs/CHOs/ Pharmacists and counsellors were trained at district and blocks. A total of 173 service providers trained by Q2. Further the activity was deferred due to continuation of lock down.

Technical support including supportive supervision by consultants in two districts under the project and in four districts directly by UNFPA : The district facilitators/RH consultants continued to work closely with the district health team to promote integrated reproductive health (RH) services at health facilities in addition to supporting the health and nutrition sectors as per the monitoring framework established for the aspirational districts by the NITI Aayog.

It was planned to cover 4 to 6 health facilities of two blocks in a month which include District Hospital, Sub Divisional Hospital, CHC, PHC/HWC and Sub-Centres as well as community out-reach services such as VHNDs and Routine Immunization. Information has been captured using standard assessment checklists of aspirational districts (district assessment once in a year, Facility Assessment, Health and Wellness Center Assessment and Community Assessment Checklists) and CP-9 covering signature indicators for the integrated district.

Along with facility assessment, it was decided to conduct the client exit interviews for PPIUCD and female sterilization for improving the quality of services. Monthly it was planned to do 5 PPIUCD and 3 female sterilization client exit interviews. In 2021, total 13 PPIUCD out of 360 target interviews and 61 female sterilization out of 216 client exit interviews were conducted.

Integrated Sexual and Reproductive Health Services (ISRH) : In 2021, all 22 CHC and above facilities visited. 18 (Gajapati-9/9 +Rayagada-9/13) out of 22 (82%) are providing integrated SRH services. Four CHCs of Rayagada (CHC Chandrapur, Kasingpur, Ramnaguda and Jemadeipentha) are not providing safe abortion services, for which those are excluded.

This year, out of 59, 32 (Gajapati-22/22+Rayagada-10/37) PHCs were assessed. One (1/59) PHC of Gajapati (PHC Birkote) started ISRH service. Delivery service is provided at 19/32 (59%) (Gajapati-16/22+Rayagada-3/10) PHCs. Five reversible contraceptives are provided at 22/32 (69%) (Gajapati-13/22+Rayagada-9/10) PHCs. RTI/STI management services provided at 26/32 (81%) (Gajapati-16/22 + Rayagada-10/10) PHCs and only one PHC out of 32 PHCs (3%) is having safe abortion services (Source: Facility visit data of 2021).

Implementation of Advisory and guidelines: All the facilities providing PPIUCD (32-22CHC and above and 10 PHCs), Injectable (39-22 CHC and above and 17 PHCs) and sterilization (22 CHC and above) services are implementing the required advisory and guidelines.

Family planning logistics stock and FPLMIS roll out: Out of 54 facilities visited in 2021, 32 (18 CHC and above (Gajapati-8/9, Rayagada-10/13) and 14 PHCs (Gajapati-9/21, Rayagada-5/10) out of 53 (60%) facilities faced no stock out of any of the commodities.

Roll out of newer contraceptives at PHC and Sc level facilities: Total 53 facilities are providing Antara services at Rayagada and Gajapati. This year, six SC level facilities started Antara services (Source: HMIS 21-22). As per facility audits, 39 facilities have started Antara service out of 54 facilities (Gajapati-20/31 (9/9 CHC and above+11/22 PHCs)+Rayagada-19/23 (13/13 CHC and above+6/10 PHCs).

strengthening of Adolescent Friendly Health Clinics (AFHC): Total 22 AFHCs are functional in both the districts {Gajapati-13(CHC and DH-9+PHC-4) +Rayagada-9 (CHC and above)}. In 2021, total 6078 adolescents attended the clinic over the target of 4500.



INTEGRATED APPROACH FOR IMPROVING ACCESS TO INFORMATION & SERVICES FOR REPRODUCTIVE HEALTH & RIGHTS

Key achievements, Challenges, Lesson Learnt & way forward :

- During Q1 and Q2 of 2021, the ISRH training of medical officers started in three districts by using the e-module. Medical officers are motivated to initiate the ISRH services at HWC level facilities. 173 providers got the training and rest of the activity was deferred due to COVID-19 second wave.
- Twelve automatic contraceptive vending machines have been installed at district headquarter hospital of both the district and CHCs. At Rayagada, 7 machines and at Gajapati, 5 machines have been installed. Repairing services is the challenge in both the districts.
- In 2021, 82% of the CHC and above facilities are providing ISRH services and 100% facilities are following all the advisory and guidelines. One PHC level HWC (PHC, Birikote of Gajapati) has started the ISRH service in 2021. But due to unavailability of MBBS MOs at PHCs and long duration of CAC training, ISRH service is not improved at PHC level facilities. In 2022, support will be extended for sustaining the achieved service status and improving the availability of ISRH service at all CHC and above facilities and to initiate the ISRH services at identified PHC level HWCs where MBBS MOs are posted.
- Stock availability of FP commodities have been improved. Zero stock out of any of the FP commodities improved to 60% in 2021 from 30% in 2020. Continuous monitoring and communication is being done with state for uninterrupted supply. Although SC level training of FPLMIS completed in 2021, the ANMs have not been started the use of FPLMIS for indent and supply of FP commodities. So review and reorientation will be done for improving the use of FPLMIS and to ensure the availability of FP commodities both in the health facility and in the community.
- There is decrease in attendance of 0-6 year's children and service provision at VHNDs and very less number of adolescents are linked to skill mission from the PVTG GPs due to covid-19. The initiatives will be continued by cluster co-ordinators with support of project assistants.
- By Q1 of 2021, 42 village have been declared as child marriage free village out of total 420 villages covered under IDI. Although more number of villages have been identified, declaration will be made in March 2022. Support will be continued in both the districts to identify more number of child marriage free villages and mobilization by cluster co-ordinators through home visits, SHG meeting and GP level child marriage free village task force meetings.

Lesson Learnt and Way Forward:

- Conducting onsite trainings with taking few participants leads to delay in completion of the planned batches and deferring the activity due to covid-19. Although the ISRH service have been improved in CHC and above facilities, the PHC level facilities need support for initiating the FP services. For which, in 2022 it has been planned to train the CHOs posted at SC level HWCs and the MOs posted at PHC level HWCs.
- At state, there is no regular supply of FP commodities. Due to interrupted supply of Antara injectable, the use of total doses by Gajapati has gone down in comparison to 2019-20 and 20-21. And at Gajapati, the Chhaya roll out at VHNDs needs to be improved with supply of more commodities to the district. For that, the SC level FPLMIS review has been planned to improve the stock status of FP commodities.
- Although more number of AFHCs has been made functional, the attendance is still low due to COVID-19 pandemics. Initiatives will be continued to support in roll out of ADVIKA and school health program, by which adolescents can be counseled at Anganwadi Centers and schools and which will lead to increase the referral and attendance in AFHCs.
- In the community, although the adolescent drop outs have been line listed, due to COVID-19 pandemic, skill inclusion and continuation of education are not possible. In 2022, the support will be continued in the community.



Gajapati District Task Force Meeting for Ending Child Marriage



Meeting of UNFPA & UNICEF Aspiration District & IID Team



RH Consultant Gajapati felicitated by District Magistrate for outstanding contribution in LaQshya certification of DHH



RH Consultant Imparting five day residential training of Health and Wellness

PEVAC

FOUNDATION FOR INCREASED PARTICIPATION IN GOVERNANCE



During the last Panchayati Raj elections of Odisha held in the month of January and February-2022, PREM and UNFPA have jointly undertaken a Pre-Election Voter Awareness Campaign (PEVAC) in seven blocks of Gajapati district. Out of the seven blocks, five blocks i.e. Mohana, R,Udayagiri, Gumma, Nuagada, Rayagada are the Scheduled blocks where tribal population is more than 50% and the other two i.e. Kashinagar and Gosani are the Non-Scheduled blocks.

The objective of PEVAC is to enhance voters' awareness about electoral process, help them make informed choices and lay foundation for increased participation of citizens in governance in the long-term. The experience over the years, reveal that citizens' participation including women in the election process is still negligible. And also, the presence of competent and appropriate candidates is a critical condition for good governance i.e. for appropriate and accountable PRIs. Moreover, there is also a need to promote the engagement of aware and informed citizens, especially women and the marginalized mass in the process of elections. The referred endeavour of PREM and UNFPA can initiate a trend for alert and aware citizens, responsible and answerable Elected Representatives and a bright future of all.

Objectives:

1. To increase voter turn-out (esp. among women and other politically marginalized groups in many of the hard to reach areas of Gajapati district)
2. To enhance voters' awareness about electoral process, help voters make informed choices and lay foundation for increased citizen participation in governance in long-term .
3. To raise the issues of women, adolescent girls in the Panchayati elections.
4. To influence voter behaviour for elections in Panchayats.
5. To influence the behaviour of candidates in the elections.
6. To contribute to enhanced political transparency, accountability, credibility and public trust in governance

Activities :

a. Voter Awareness Campaign

The campaign is to promote the message of the relevance of women's participation in the election process in terms of campaigning and providing moral support to the woman candidates and in making conscious use of votes during the elections. To enhance the outreach and effectiveness of the campaign, the team members adopted the strategies like door to door campaign, open discussion (Khola Manch) activity to enable the citizens to improve their understanding of the nature and importance of Panchayati Raj system, election procedures and voters rights, the qualities of the candidates, importance of promoting women and SC/ST participation and leadership.

A method was followed where leaflets were specially read out so as to reach out even to the illiterate sections of the population. Special attempt was made to reach out to the less informed or marginalized sections of the population.

In order to achieve the above-mentioned objectives various activities were undertaken in the Gajapati district. The range of activities covered the pre-nomination stage and went on to the nomination, post-nomination and election scenario.

In order to achieve critical mass as well as visibility, all 149 Gram Panchayats of seven blocks of Gajapati district were covered by the campaign in terms of meetings with the villagers and number of activities as mentioned above. The objective is to mobilize active participation of citizen esp. of women in the election process.

b. Preparation and Production of Campaign Materials:

The major materials prepared for the campaign were posters, leaflets, audio/video materials and peoples manifesto etc. Care was taken to ensure that materials prepared were culturally sensitive, in the local language and in keeping with the local ethos and customs of people.

c. Handholding support to candidates for nomination process prioritizing women

A hand holding support was given to the 709 candidates comprising 399 female and 306 male members. This includes the positions for Sarapanch, Ward members, Nominee and Zila Parishad member. The effort was to reduce the number of rejections of nominations in the areas of intervention,

d. Demonstration on stamping and folding the ballot papers

In order to reduce the rejection of ballot papers, the people showed the color of the ballot papers for different posts and procedure of stamping and folding the ballot paper. All the members of campaign team wear a T- shirt conveying the goal of the campaign. In the district, posters carrying the message of various aspects of election were pasted at prominent public places. Audio cassettes developed for said purpose were played in mobile vans, Panchayat ghar, buses, tea shops etc.

e. Organize Khula Manch Activity

Khula Manch Activity and signing of manifesto by the candidates – The campaign team members are organising Khula Manch where the candidates participate and share their vision for Panchayat development before the villagers. It helped the villagers to understand the plan and programme of each candidate and helped them to choose their leaders.

Conclusion

PEVAC helped to build a wider platform for energizing interest of citizens in strengthening PRIs. It has helped to sensitize the issues of women, adolescent girls related to Gram Sabha and PRIs. These also helped to sustain the interest and involvement of various actors in the campaign. Women were encouraged to contest on unreserved seats. The members helped the women candidate in nomination process. The audio songs for awareness generation are accepted by the people. It also enabled the voters to distinguish between dummy & genuine candidates. Administration has extended its support to the campaign

PEVAC

FOUNDATION FOR INCREASED PARTICIPATION IN GOVERNANCE

Khola Manch-Interface Meeting with aspirant candidates & the villagers

Women practicing stamping, folding using demo ballot papers

Generation of Women Awareness through Wall Posters/Door Posters

Aspirant candidate submitting the nomination form after successful filling of the form by the support of PEVAC volunteer

Training to the PEVAC Volunteers

Awareness generation among the women voters by distributing leaflets and discussing on the same

Lok Istahar-People's Manifesto sioned by the aspirant candidates

PEVAC Volunteer supporting the aspirant candidate in filling the nomination form

RATIONALES OF PEVAC
UNFPA do rationalize the PEVAC on the basis of following :

- ❑ The success and credibility of independent electoral interventions is directly proportional to the extent of support and cooperation of electoral authorities and other concerned state agencies and the quality of information shared by them.
- ❑ Effective interventions usually require a high level of public awareness-raising, citizen education and mobilization.
- ❑ In order to have institutional & sustainable effects, efforts to foster electoral transparency and accountability need to be conceived as a continuous activity in a long term perspective. In this regard, post-election follow-up efforts which are timely and action-oriented are a must. Otherwise, people may question the credibility and usefulness of such interventions.
- ❑ Since levels of political interest and involvement tend to peak during elections & wane when elections are over, it is important to ensure a sustained process of communication and engagement with citizens/voters.
- ❑ Voter preferences are determined by multiple factors (such as the popularity of a given political party, money-driven canvassing by candidates, influential persons /leaders in the family/community, the ethnic identity of the candidates, etc.) These factors can hinder the impact of issue-based education and advocacy efforts. Therefore, it can be important to ensure that such campaigns are well-targeted and sustained over time.
- ❑ Self-serving and unscrupulous political elements may feel threatened by CSO interventions for electoral transparency and accountability, and there is a risk that they may resort to coercive or violent means. Strategies for dealing with such situations may include: reporting coercive behaviour or threats to electoral authorities, the press or the police.

BAL VIKASH

CHILD FOCUSED COMMUNITY DEVELOPMENT/SHA



Staff Capacity Building Training



Gender Training at Saleju.



Gender Training Kerkebad

“The Bal Vikash CFCD/SHA project” has been implemented by PREM in association with Kindemthilfe (KNH), Germany since 1st July, 2015 which aims to empowerment the women in Kandh tribal community living in 30 neglected outlying villages of Daringbadi block under Kandhamal district of Odisha. The broad objective of the project is to promote children, women and their communities critically conscious and well equipped/empowered with knowledge, skills and resources, that would help them realize their full potentials and rights and thus would lead to life of dignity and self-sufficient.

The project year was a mixed blessing; a predicament of disappointment and frustration stemming out of the lockdowns/shut downs lasting for about the first four months on one hand and subsequently one of somewhat relaxation from the pandemic related rigid restriction on the other. The project period set out amidst all constraints with the preventive measures against the dreaded pandemic COVID-19. Although a blessing in disguise, it kept children away from schools throughout the year as well as it did havoc to the socio-economic life of communities; the on-line education projected and practised as an alternative, was of no use and relevance, being far from the empirical reality of the children inhabiting the outlying interior pockets and ultra-poor families such as those of the program communities; the rights of children have somehow or other been contravened.. Canvass and campaign for the PRI election and the corresponding code of conduct stood as a stumbling block for sometime during the last quarter of the project year; this was compounded by the seasonal engagement of women; women had to remain occupied with the harvest of paddy & turmeric. By & large the environment of the year was not congenial to the implementation

of the project activities to the extent expected save the period stretching forth from September, 2021 till the 31st March, 2022.

Overall Project Objective :

The overall project objective is to see children, women and their communities critically conscious and well equipped/empowered with knowledge, skills and resources, that would help them realize their full potentials and rights and thus would lead to life of dignity and self-sufficiency.

Project Sub-Objectives :

1. To build the knowledge, skills and capacity of the tribal communities in areas of education, health, sustainable livelihood, Good Governance and child rights.
2. To promote people's organizations, SHGs and strengthen local bodies of governance to take ownership and decision making of their development through Self Help Approach (SHA).
3. To promote the rights of children at all levels of the community and ensure that children realize their full potential with respect to their rights.

Strategy :

The SHA approach has proved to be the best for women's socio-economic, political empowerment & emancipation. Transformative changes have gathered momentum. The training activities on SHG, CLA, Goal setting, business plan, entrepreneurship, marketing and value chain, gender and the like have shaped hem into right conscious, self confident, assertive and vocal individuals commanding respect from the communities. They have grown in their bargaining capacity while in transaction with government officials whosoever. Men seem to be surrendering themselves to their female counterparts and domestic violence has considerably come down.

Major Activities in support of the sub-objective:

Staff training:

The staff training was intended to equip the CFs with the knowledge and skills of facilitating meetings of SHGs and training on some thematic subjects. This time CLA leaders were also included in the training to make them better grasp the techniques of moderation and the technical subjects to train the SHGs and CLA members later. Thus 15 participants were there to attend the training-8 project staffs and the 7 CLA leaders from the 6 CLAs. The concept of SHG and CLA were dealt with in detail. Besides, the subjects like leadership, communication, moderation of meetings, entrepreneurship, business module/plan, marketing and value chain, fund rotation, gender etc were elucidated. The training was held for consecutive 3 days and clarity brought about on the basics of the subjects as foundational and introductory. The subject wise training given again cluster wise by the PC and the team leader of the field later brought about more understanding and helped the CFs and CLA leaders to take follow up action and to guide their SHGs to apply the leanings.

Training on Gender:

The project team organized this training at village level for both the sexes encompassing children, adolescent boys and girls and adult men and women. 17 of all the 30 villages have been covered under this program; the total number of participants from all these villages counted 687. The training started with a brain storming case story that proved to be thought provoking and shocking to the participants bringing out their perception on gender. The socio-gram too was used at places where found suitable. The third and main part of the training utilized was the gender module and as per the recommendation made at the gender assessment sessions.

BAL VIKASH

CHILD FOCUSED COMMUNITY DEVELOPMENT/SHA



Business Module Training of CLA Suganketa



Entrepreneurship Training at Kadipanga



Review Meeting of Unnati CLA at Petarbadi

Training on Business Module/plan:

The training on business module was held in all the 6 clusters, namely, Sambrudhi (Badabanga), Pragati (Partamaha), Unati (Jhimabadi), Adarsha (Kilabadi), Jhansirani (Suganketa) & Shaktimayee (Sujamaju) covering 307 women participants from the SHGs incorporated into these CLAs. Analysis followed on one's yearly income from different sources, expenditures along various purposes, resource inflow and outflow circles, various livelihoods including non-farm that comprise production, service and trade, livelihood options and feasibility in the context of the rural Adivasi communities and the local markets and so on. The women were able to see the cycle of outflow of raw materials coming back again in a slightly different form processed and value added and sold at high prices which they could do at the grassroots level if they tried. The training was impacted by the project Coordinator and the team leader of the CFs in the field.

The training on Entrepreneurship :

The training on entrepreneurship was intended to instill entrepreneurial spirit or rather to build the risk taking attitude among SHG members so that they would take to micro-enterprises feasible and viable to the local market and situation. The present trend is to remain confined to the traditional livelihoods-farm and off-farm. This they have been doing for years without much economic gain. There was a need for their turning to innovative and non-farm businesses-trades, services and production/value addition to the very resources that outflow raw. For anything new to go ahead with they lacked willingness, courage and risk taking attitude, a stepping stone to a micro-enterprise. The training on entrepreneurship was just to stimulate the mind and attitude of SHG/CLA members towards this end. The training on Entrepreneurship was imparted for members of the 6 CLAs such as.

Adarsha (Kilabadi), Shaktimayee (Sujamaju,) Suganketa, Unati (Jhimabadi), Sambrudhi (Badabanga) and Pragati (Partamaha) with an object of instilling in them the spirit of entrepreneurship and building risk taking attitude. Altogether 273 SHG members belonging to the CLAs participated in the program. The training begun with an analysis of the raw materials they sell out, the commodities they purchase, the necessary commodities available in the village, the gaps and the scopes of value addition, trades and services to open up in the village or nearby markets. Interlink was built among the subjects- business module, marketing and value chain and entrepreneurship as they are inclusive and entwined to one another; marketing or market knowledge with its demand and supply patterns necessitates micro-plan based on infrastructure, support systems/ services, micro-finance precedes microenterprises. The resource materials had been collected from 3 training manuals published.

Training on Marketing & Value Chain

was held for the 2 CLAs, Ashirbad of Kilabadi, Unati of Jhimabadi and a village of Sambrudhi called Mokopata participated by a total of 174 women from concerned SHGs and CLAs. The important aspect dealt in detail was 'marketing' as preceding production and selling of products unlike the usual practice of producing first or rather starting a business and then looking for a market. The training laid stress on Micro-enterprise calling for micro-finance, micro-market and micro plan. Micro plan in its turn necessitates knowledge on market demand and supply patterns and the availability of raw materials, infrastructure, support services, money, transport facilities, skills etc.

Use of Output: The training programs have helped the women participants to grasp the basics of micro-enterprises. The participants discussed the take-away in the respective SHGs and thus

passed on to the other members who did not attend the programs. The learning has awakened all implanting in them the zeal and deeper desire for launching innovative livelihoods over and above the traditional ones..Only a refresher on the above subjects is what they look for. The crucial topic Marketing and value chain has to be dwelt upon in detail opening the horizons of marketing ventilation,

Following the sub-objective-2, the below mentioned activities undertaken this year :

Formation of CLAs : 4 CLAs had emerged in the former year and two more came into being this year, namely Sambrudhi for Badabanga cluster and Unati for Jhimabadi area. In fact the CLA, Pragati was very big, its villages and member SHGs, scattered and some villages were situated far away. Hence the cluster was divided into two; the additional one, formed of the most distant villages from Partamaha has been named 'Unati'. Now to enumerate the functional CLAs counting six such as, PRAGATI, UNATI, SHAKTIMAYEE, JHANSIRANI, ADARSHA, SAMBRUDHI, PRADARSIKA.

Monthly Review & Planning of SGHs/CLAs :

CLA meeting: Meetings were held monthly for the CLA members in their respective venues Suganketa, Sujamaju, Kilabadi, Jangalghar, Jhimabadi and Partamaha in order to see if they run well their institutional businesses and to revamp the spirit of the CLAs as necessary. Issues of member SHGs, investment of loans extended to different groups, education on the protective practices against the pandemic and the like became the subjects of reflection during the CLAs' meetings. The objectives behind the formation of CLAs were highlighted to bring home to the participants their functions on the basis of the objectives, issues they need to address and the needs of SHGs and communities, to fulfill.

BAL VIKASH

CHILD FOCUSED COMMUNITY DEVELOPMENT/SHA



CLA goal setting training Kilabadi



Fund Rotational Training at Partamaha



Zero Discrimination Day celebration at Suganketa

SHG and CLAs 'Training on Goal Setting, Self Assessment & Planning:

Goal setting exercises were held at Gahadadi and Dalabadi villages. The training reflected the learning on the activity from the CFs' training that had been conducted at Digha, West Bengal. It called for some games and interactive questions to stimulate thinking among the trainees and help them envisage their goals individual and group goals. The games were followed by analysis of their situation, the issues and needs and to prioritize them on the basis of importance, realistically sound, achievability within a defined time period. After a kind of practical for the CFs in these SHGs, all the other SHGs had the same exercises facilitated by the respective CFs.

4 CLAs, namely, Shaktimayee (Sujamaju), Adarsha (Kilabadi), Unafi (Petarbadi/Jhimabadi) and Pragati (Partamaha) were taken through the goal setting exercises and plans of actions. 162 members of the CLAs and SHGs participated in this program altogether. The local CFs, the field coordinator and the PC facilitated the training camps.

SHGs Trained on Leadership/Communication:

The project conducted training on leadership at Kilabadi, Sujamaju, Partamaha, Suganketa & Jhimabadi for Adarsha, Shaktimayee, Pragati, Jhansirani and Unafi CLAs respectively. 190 SHG members from the clusters participated in the training camps. Simulation games preceded the analysis on leadership. The games explicated the characteristics and qualities of leadership such as knowledge, wisdom, thinking capacity, observation capacity, ability to influence, foresight, capability to resolve conflicts and so on. The national level training held in Digha enlightened and impacted the local training camps for CLAs by the project team.

Training on Communication: The project conducted training on communication for the SHG members in 4 villages such as Jungle Ghar, Kilabadi, Suganketa and Sangudumaa. The training started with simulation games as a brain storming exercise. A detailed analysis on communication followed it. The games explicated the characteristics and qualities of communication such as attentive listening, pronouncing words clearly and as audibly as necessary, understanding matters before passing on messages. 'Miscommunication has proved disastrous in most cases including project related matters' was also a message communicated to the participants. Altogether 132 women participated in the program held in these villages.

Training on Fund Rotation: Training on fund rotation was initiated at Mundlabali village for 3 villages Pisscamala, Jagedi and Mundlabali village itself. The training subsequently was conducted for CLAs of Suganketa, Kilabadi, Pragati and Unafi. Women leaders from Gahadadi and Mokopata too attended the program that was held at Suganketa. Proper use of fund especially for productive purposes was one of the major thrusts of the training. Motivation was there for Fund not to be kept blocked and torpid in banks for the benefit of banks but to be invested by members for innovative income generation enterprises. Fund is to circulate among members within an SHG, from the CLA to SHGs and vice versa. It can happen from one CLA to another as necessary. There need to be clear principles and norms set for fund disbursement and lending within an SHG, CLA and among CLAs and the repayment rules to follow with honesty for the greater good of women at all; levels and their communities. CLAs should have mechanisms and systems of fund raising within the whole set up and from without as part of the Self Help women and child centered sustainable community development process and the continued existence of these institutions. 250 participants were participated in all these venues

Following the sub-objective-3 the below mentioned activities undertaken this year:

Annual Meet of Women and Children

took place on the 27th & 30th of March, 2022. The first day was devoted to competitions among children and women along various relevant subjects including Rights of the Child and of women. The main function took place on the 30th of the month. Almost 350 participants including children and women were present for the program. The BDO, the BPM, the CDPO and a Supervisor graced the occasion by their cordial presence. The government officials spoke of the schemes and programs meant for tribal women and children. A distinguished team of health specialists too was present along with the local medical officers. The President, PREM presided over the august gathering and briefed the participants on the vision of the project and the objectives of the annual meet as open articulation of women and children's issues especially those related to their development and rights. The team of health workers and the local doctor demonstrated the advantage of a special kind of sanitary pad labeled wish free 'over the ones sold in the market for use during the menstrual period and spoke of personal hygiene. They highlighted the usefulness of an ointment meant for sores or infections in the inner part of the female genital/sexual organ. This was mainly meant for the adolescent girls. Children and women presented their songs, dance and speeches. After the dignitaries addressed the gatherings on relevant topics for their development and the realization of their rights, the winners were awarded prizes.

Observation of International Zero Discrimination Day:

The Zero discrimination day was observed at Suganketa and Sujamaju for the SHG members and adolescent girls coming under the Jhansirani and Shaktimayee CLAs respectively. As large number of women and adolescent girls as 206 participated in the programs. **Contd...**

BAL VIKASH

CHILD FOCUSED COMMUNITY DEVELOPMENT/SHA

The socio-gram was used as a primary methodology to help the participants grasp the magnitude, the adverse impact and the grievous injustice done to a certain section by discrimination existent in families, communities and society at large along gender, caste, creed, colour, and educational status, socio-economic and political status. The history of how caste system came into being was elaborated to bring home to the participant the fact that there existed no caste system in the beginning and all were same and equal. That the Rights of a child is violated seriously was thrashed in a special way. Similarly it was discussed how widows and barren women are tortured in the society. The programs ended with the conclusion. "Accepting people as they are, loving and respecting one another and providing equal access and opportunity to all regardless of caste, creed and other status should be our motto".

"Accepting people as they are, loving and respecting one another and providing equal access & opportunity to all regardless of caste, creed and other status should be our motto".

Observation of International women's day: The International women's Day was celebrated amidst great jubilation and hilarity by 3 CLAs, i.e., Adarsha CLA (Kilabadi), Sambrudhi (Badabanga) and Unati CLA (Jhimabadi). This was done as if there was the clarion call from Clara setting to action for gender equity. 216 women participated in Toto in these 3 CLAs. The celebration started with a brief elucidation touching the historical back ground about the rally staged in America on the 28th of February, 1908 by 15000 women with a demand for better pay, shorter working hours and voting right and the decision that had followed to this effect at the international conference of 100 women from

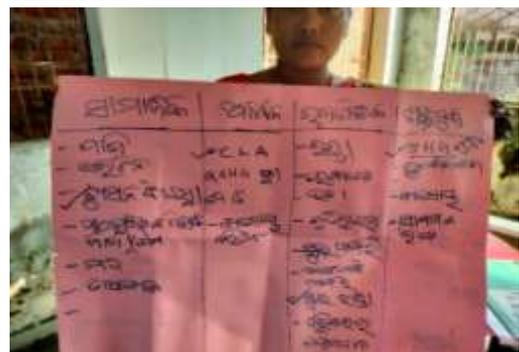
countries in 1910. The participants subsequently thrashed the social, political and economic issues of the tribal women. Highlights of stories around successes and failures followed it. The events ended up with women's determination for further empowerment and attempts along these spheres.

Advocacy: A core committee formed of representatives from the SHGs and children's clubs do advocacy at the concerned administrations and elected representatives towards the realization of the rights of children, women as well as of the communities. The 6 CLAs too take proactive measures prompted by the issues, needs and rights of women and They have been much involved during the shut downs for the provisions of communities and the migrant labourers and have succeeded in achieving the dues in terms of cash and food stuff & to-be-used materials like mask, sanitizers etc..

ACHIEVEMENT BY ADVOCACY OF WOMEN AND CHILDREN

In consequence of advocacy action undertaken by women and children as part of the fulfillment of the socio-economic and political goals set by SHGs/CLAs there have come about inter alia the following achievement by the end of this project year:

1. Side drainage in 3 villages-Dalabadi, Saleju, Tondami
2. Drinking water facility under Basudha Yojana in Petarbadi, Adigamba, Jhimabadi
3. Installation & repair of tube wells in 10 villages
4. Compost pits in 4 villages-Sarumaha, Dalabadi, Sangudumaa, and Jangleghar
5. Household toilets in 571 families (Kerkebadi, Saruma, Suganketa, Kilabadi and Tondami, Dalabadi, Ganjuguda, Jhimabadi and Petarbadi))
6. Forest Land patta given to 30 households and Land development activities in 4 villages (Tondami, Dalabadi, Saleju and Adigamba)
7. Open well dug in 8 villages.& ,& renovation of 5 ponds
8. Ration cards obtained by all families and this year obtained by Dalabadi, Kilabadi and Sangudumaa
9. Kitchen garden in 1450 in 30 villages
10. Cowsheds constructed in 2 villages (Kilabadi and Sarumaha)
11. Repair of AWCs in two centers & boundary walls constructed in 2 schools.
12. Concrete Road constructed to 21 villages & 4 culverts
13. Work under MGNRGA in Dalabadi and Bandu
14. Electrification of houses in 3 villages, solar street light at one and almost 30 community halls and a high school building at Sujamaju.



BAL VIKASH

CHILD FOCUSED COMMUNITY DEVELOPMENT/SHA

PROJECT OUTREACH IN FY 2021-2022

List of all direct target groups	Total planned for project duration	Outreach during the FY		
		Male	Female	Other
1. Staff training -(Female and Male)	10	7	8	
2. CLA Review Meeting-women	150	6	264	
3. CLA goal setting training-women	150		162	
4. Marketing and value chain-women	150		174	
5. Advocacy-women, and children	260		23	
6. Observation of International women's day-women	200		216	
7. Entrepreneurship training-women	200		273	
8. Gender training -Men and women	300	165	399	
9. Business module/plan-women	150		307	
10. Training on Fund rotation-women	150		250	
11. Zero discrimination day-women	200		206	
12. Communication training-women	150		132	
13. Annual meet of tribal women and children-male and female	250	142	203	
13. Training on leadership-women	150		190	
14. Training on marketing & value chain	150		174	
Total direct target groups:		307	632	

REDUCING CHILD MARRIAGES IN TRIBAL AREAS



PREM in association with Educo, Spain initiated project called "Reducing Child Marriages" in Daringbadi block of Kondhamal district of Odisha in the month of January 2021.

The project Aims to Achieve:

With the broader goal of preventing and reducing the incidences of child marriage in the Daringbadi blocks of Kandhamal District, the project attempts to achieve the following:

1. Develop and strengthen adolescent girls and boys groups to stand up for their rights, defend against child marriage & seek justice
2. Sensitize community to change their attitude towards child marriage create enabling environment for children's growth & wellbeing, especially girls.
3. Strengthening and activation of child protection system at village, block and district level
4. Developing strong network at district level of CSOs, State Women's Commission, SCPCR and Media.

Broad Objective :

Reduce the prevalence of Child Marriage in Daringbadi block of Kandhamal district of Odisha to ensure well-being of the children and adolescents.

Specific Objective of the Project: Children are protected from Child Marriage through empower of adolescents and activating Child Protection System at the community level.

Expected Outcome of the Project:

1. Empowered children and adolescents will access justice and protect girls from being forced into child marriage.

2. Children and Adolescent will continue their education till 12th Standard.
3. Sensitized and active local institutions will create protective environment to reduce Child Marriage.
4. Responsive system will enforced the prohibition of child marriage act to reduce child marriage.

Key Activities & Achievements

Activity -1 : Adolescents groups have been formed in 76 Operational villages where 3347 adolescents between the age group 12 to 18 yrs have been registered. Members of adolescent groups have been sensitized on their rights and consequences of child marriage.

Activity-2: Sports and cultural activities have been organized in all 76 villages of the project to engage the children/adolescents during the pandemic where 2017 adolescents participated very actively in the event.

Activity-3: Life skill education trainings have been organized in 76 villages for two days, where 1817 adolescents participated. The purpose of this training was to develop health behaviour, increase self-confidence, improve thinking and problem solving skill and improve skill to solve the challenges of everyday life.

Activity-4: Regular meeting of adolescent groups in the village. In these meetings the adolescents discussed about their issues, planned for the social action activities, discuss on peer counseling and rehearsal and organizing of cultural program.

Activity-5: Leadership training was organized by the project for the leaders of adolescent groups where 152 adolescents from 76 villages participated. The purpose of this training was to enhance the leadership skills among the adolescent leaders

so that they can understand the children issues and present these issues before the local authorities.

Activity-6: 73 cultural programs have been organized by the adolescent groups in all 73 villages of seven panchayats of its operational area, where around 5320 participants sensitized on consequences of child marriage and child labour.

Activity-7: 76 Interface meetings have been conducted in 76 villages among the VCPC members and Adolescent groups, where children and adolescents had presented their issues to the VCPC members. All together 2280 adolescents and VCPC members and PRI members participated.

Activity-8: Vocational camp has been organized for the drop out adolescents and youths with the support of block level officials, where 106 eligible adolescents and youths participated/ registered.

Activity-9: 152 Social action activities (Cleaning have been organized by the adolescent groups in the operational villages.

Activity-10: Christmas celebration activities have been organized in 7 GPs of operational area. The main objective of this celebration was to bring all the children together and celebrate the Christmas joy, hope and happiness with their friends.

Activity-11: Children of project operational area have expressed different type child labour issues through drawing/pictures, during the world day against child labour campaign.

Activity-12: Tracking the retention and attendance of school going children in the village by the parents, School Management Committee & adolescent groups.

Activity-13 : Peer Group Counseling to the dropout children to get admission in the schools and National Institutes of Open School (NIOS) for higher education.

Activity-14 : 10 dropout children have been motivated to back to school and now joined in different schools.

REDUCING CHILD MARRIAGES IN TRIBAL AREAS



Activity-15 : 90 child labour children are motivated and now they say that henceforth they will not go for any child labour and we are organizing camps to link them with different vocational and skill development trainings.

Activity-16 : 120 students of project operational area were struggling to find schools to take admission. With the support of PREM EDUCO team now these 120 children are enrolled in schools & continuing their education.

Activity-17 : 17 School teachers of project operational area have been trained on life skill education by the project.

Activity-18 : Baseline Survey Community Mobilizers are collecting baseline information from the families, conducting one to one interview with the AWW, ASHA, School Head Master, SMS Member and from the women (20-25 yrs) who had married before 18 years.

Activity-19 : Introductory meetings have been conducted in all 76 Revenue villages where 4560 village people (Youth, SHG, PRI, ASHA, AWW and community people participated in these meetings.

Activity-20 : 242 SHG meetings have been conducted, where 4560 SHG members participated and sensitized on child care and protection mechanisms, consequence of Child marriage, Adverse factors of child labour, child marriage prohibition act, and their role to stop child marriage child labour, child abuses and to create protective environment in the village.

Activity-21 : 76 Village level Child Protection Committees (VCPC) have been formed in 76 villages and there are 1064 members in these committees. During the year 290 sensitization meetings have been conducted in the operational villages where 1064 VCPC members of these committees have been oriented on

consequence of Child marriage, Adverse factors of child labour, child marriage prohibition act, and their role to stop child marriage child labour, child abuses and to create protective environment in the village

Activity-22 : 178 Youth club meetings have been conducted where 3682 youths participated and sensitized on child care and protection mechanisms, consequence of Child marriage, Adverse factors of child labour, child marriage prohibition act, and their role to stop child marriage child labour, child abuses and to create protective environment in the village.

Activity-23 : Sensitization meetings were conducted for the PRI members in 7 operational Gram Panchayats. 97 PRI members participated in these orientation meetings. The purpose of this meeting was to sensitize PRI members on Child Marriage Prohibition Act 2006 and their role to stop child marriage and to create protective environment in the villages.

Activity-24 : The Panchayat level task force meetings have been conducted successfully in 7 GPs where our project team played a vital role for organizing those meetings. In these meetings 98 PRI members participated and they sensitized on role towards reducing child marriage and to create child care and protection mechanism in the villages.

Activity-25: 486 home visits have been conducted by the project team where they have met with the parents, adolescents, children and care givers and sensitized them on the well-being of the adolescents and their care and protection issues.

Activity-26 : 73 religious leaders have been sensitized on Child Marriage Prohibition Act 2006 and their role to stop child marriage incidences in the villages.

Activity-27: 73 religious leaders have been sensitized on Child Marriage Prohibition Act 2006 and their role to stop child marriage incidences in the villages.

Activity-28: Oath taken by the key stakeholders at community level.

Activity-29: Capacity building training for the project staff organized to enhance their capacity for smooth implementation.

Activity-30: Regular meeting with the ICDS/CDPO/CMPO, DCPO & DSWO to organize block and district level task force meetings to strengthen the responsive mechanisms system.

Activity-31: Project had organized Webinar on the eve of World Day Against Child Labour on 12th June 2021. In this program DCPO, CWC Chairperson, Child line Director, DLO of the district was panelist and representatives from Educo were the guest speakers.

Activity-32: Block level networking workshop was organized by the project, where 45 block level concerned primary service providers and representatives from district child line participated in the workshop. The purpose of this workshop was to establish good network among the service providers in the block and district for collective actions towards end child marriage.

Activity-33: The 40 days campaign on child right was launched on 1st November 2021 by OSCPCR, in association Educo and PREM at Bhubaneswar, Odisha.

Activity-34: State level webinar on Child Labour : Issues, Cause, Effect and Solution.

Activity-35: State level consultation on prevention of child marriage and child labour in Bhubaneswar, Odisha on November 24, 2021. Total 157 participants participated.

Activity-36 : Child Right Caravan Campaign in three districts- Ganjam, Gajapati & Kandhamal – to create awareness among different stakeholders on child rights, child marriage, child labour and child care and protection mechanisms.

Activity-37 : Meeting with state level policy makers, Govt. Of Odisha to ensure child right and care and protection of children.

REDUCING CHILD MARRIAGES IN TRIBAL AREAS

The 40 days campaign on child right was launched on 1st November 2021 by OSCPCR, in association Educo and People's Rural Education Movement (PREM) at Bhubaneswar, Odisha.



State level consultation on prevention of child marriage and child labour in Bhubaneswar, Odisha on November 24, 2021. Total 157 participants participated



Child Right Caravan Campaign in three districts- Ganjam, Gajapati & Kandhamal – to create awareness among different stakeholders on child rights, child marriage, child labour and child care and protection mechanisms



The Policy Brief on Prevention of Child Marriage highlights five evidence-based strategies identified by ICRW to delay or prevent CHILD MARRIAGES :

1. Empower girls with information, skills and support networks;
2. Provide economic support and incentives to girls and their families;
3. Educate and rally parents and community members
4. Enhance girl's access to a high-quality education; and
5. Encourage supportive laws and policies

In order for the next generation of development programmes to make ending child marriage a priority, policy makers must pay attention to these strategies while continuing to test innovative approaches and evaluation techniques.

REDUCING CHILD MARRIAGES IN TRIBAL AREAS



We Pledge for
"SAY NO TO CHILD MARRIAGE"

Operational Areas

76 revenue villages of 7 Gram Panchayats of Daringbadi block of Kandhamal district such as, Sonepur, Partmaha, Badabanga, Dasingbadi, Simanbadi, Danekbadi & Kirikuti. The project also extend its endeavours in 20 Schools towards the children studying in Middle Schools, Ashram Schools, Secondary Schools and Higher Secondary Schools in said 7 Gram Panchayats.

EMPOWERING COMMUNITIES FOR INCLUSIVE GROWTH



Capacity building trainings to the entrepreneurs



The entrepreneurs receiving the projectors



Sahadev Majhi, New entrepreneur from Mohana providing Banking services

PREM has been implementing “BridgelIT Project (Phase 5a Odisha Module) in collaboration with Development Focus, (TCS funded project) Bengaluru since 1st January 2020 with a mission to create relevant opportunities for the most marginalized sections of society, by engaging with and building the capacity of civil society actors, such that it leads to Educated, Egalitarian and Empowered communities. The project identified and strengthens the civil society actors focusing on the tribal and dalit communities of Gajapati district namely, Mohana and Gumma and two clusters of Rayagada district namely, Padmapur and Gunupur, who are socio-economically marginalized since generations. The project is in a process for implementing an innovative Digital Entrepreneurship Program with the aim to create rural e-entrepreneurs from socially and economically disadvantaged rural communities.

The project, aptly named BridgelIT, is a micro entrepreneurship program that aims to provide livelihood opportunities and bridge the IT gap between urban and rural India by building the capacity of rural youth in e-entrepreneurship. BridgelIT will focus on building the IT and entrepreneurial skills of rural youth, build their confidence, and enhance their life-skills, providing them with the necessary means and support to earn a livelihood through e-entrepreneurship. The initiative will not only allow rural youth to be gainfully employed and self-sufficient, but will also bridge the IT gap by enabling the youth to bring much needed IT related services into their communities. By promoting rural entrepreneurship, the intervention aims to improve the rural economy, reduce illiteracy, and provide academic inputs to both school going children and adults through computer based education.

The overall aim of the project is to provide livelihood opportunities for rural youth through e-entrepreneurship and

through these e-entrepreneurs provide computer-based and online services to rural communities.

The specific objectives of the project are:

- i. To create rural e-entrepreneurs from socially and economically disadvantaged communities
- ii. To make available much needed computer and e-based services to rural communities through e-entrepreneurship
- iii. To provide supplementary academic inputs for government primary and middle school children through computer-based education
- v. To provide functional literacy to rural adults through computer-based education

The primary goal of the project is to facilitate rural youth to become e-entrepreneurs and for the youth to build sustainable business with their computer and technical skills. However, as a way of giving back to their communities, the beneficiaries of the project (called Entrepreneurs) will also have two mandatory roles to perform within their communities:

- 1. Provide functional literacy to rural adults who are not literate**
- 2. Provide supplementary academic inputs to children in local Govt. schools**

The project will be implemented over a 5 year period (2 years of intensive interaction and handholding, and 3 years of supplemental support), the project will be community anchored through the communities' participation in planning, selecting and supporting the entrepreneurs. A total of 32 participants from the 4 clusters (2 clusters in Rayagada and 2 clusters in Gajapati district) will be provided training in computers and Internet based services, entrepreneurial skills, communication skills, life skills, and handholding support to start their own IT / Internet based businesses. A strong

emphasis will be placed on empowering young SC / ST women to take up this opportunity to become entrepreneurs and establish their own e-enterprises.

Capacity building trainings to the entrepreneurs

Training programs were organized in four clusters of both the districts during this period with an objective to capacitate the entrepreneurs to handle e-entrepreneurship activities. Following are the topics of the trainings :

- ❖ Basic knowledge and fundamentals of the computer
- ❖ Basic knowledge on photography with techniques
- ❖ Online training on revenue streams

Resource person for Development Focus provided the training on techniques of photography. This training created interest among the entrepreneurs and they expressed their interest to pick this profession as the business opportunity and provide photography as part of their services.

Similarly, online training on revenue streams was organized for all clusters by the Roi Net, state Coordinator. The sessions were very practical and the resource person trained on numerous Banking Services through the Roinet portal that was tied up with nearly 42 public, private and regional rural banks. The entrepreneurs also learnt how to apply for Pan Card, Tahasil Certificates, DTH / mobile recharge, job applications, DTP works, Photoshop works etc. All entrepreneurs are now registered with Roinet Expresso and have received their business IDs to provide different services to the community. It was a wonderful training session conducted over two days. The entrepreneurs were very happy to receive this training which will create opportunity for income generation. Moreover, they also realized their contribution for their community as a change agent.

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EMPOWERING COMMUNITIES FOR INCLUSIVE GROWTH



Narayan from Mohana Cluster providing Banking services to community



Susama from Gunupur Cluster providing online services to community



Cluster providing online services to community

Distribution of Laptops to the Entrepreneurs :

The entrepreneurs from both the districts Gajapati and Rayagada (16 entrepreneurs from each district) received 32 laptops and its accessories from PREM through this project. The entrepreneurs were very happy to receive the same and enthusiastic enough to start their entrepreneurship programs using the laptops by the handholding support of PREM resource team.

Virtual Training to the Entrepreneurs :

Due to Corona pandemic restrictions, virtual training sessions were conducted during this period To enhance the capacity and entrepreneurial skills of the entrepreneurs and to build capacity on the importance of Business Capital and Stock Management virtual trainings were conducted by Resource person from Development Focus in this period. through this training entrepreneurs received knowledge on basic business skills and book keeping, income, expenses, profit, monthly and half yearly targets setting, looking for market opportunities, maintaining customer register, process of searching business opportunities in the village, process of managing stocks in the shop, especially for offline items. All entrepreneurs are regularly attending team meetings in their respective clusters and they conducted Livelihood Committee meeting for their respective villages and the feedback of the community was very positive. "Now all entrepreneurs are providing different online and offline services to the community i.e. Banking Services, Pancard Apply, Tahasil Certificates, DTH recharge and Mobile Recharge, Job Applications, DTP, Driving License and Passport Size Photo etc.

They are also learning from each other and sharing their experiences. Team Meetings were also conducted in each entrepreneur's shop (on a rotation basis) and this has given the entrepreneurs an opportunity to see what the other entrepreneurs are doing, and to interact with their families. Visiting entrepreneur's shops has enabled the entrepreneurs to help their fellow weaker entrepreneurs with small loans. The Cluster Leads are also very committed in helping their entrepreneurs.



Susama Providing Pass photo



Geeta Providing Xerox services



Team Meeting at Gumma Cluster



Bapi Providing Banking services

EMPOWERING COMMUNITIES FOR INCLUSIVE GROWTH



Computer based Business by the Entrepreneurs

The entrepreneurs are very happy that they became self-sustained by getting this opportunity of computer based entrepreneurship trainings and handholding support from PREM-BridgelT resource team. They are not only earning money for their livelihood but they are serving their community in different ways for which they were facing much problem earlier. The entrepreneurs associated with varied computer based activities as required now-a-days. The activities like, Banking Services, Pancard apply, Tahasil Certificates, DTH recharge and Mobile Recharge, Job Applications, DTP, Driving License, Passport Photo, Mobile downloading etc.

FOCUSED AREA DEVELOPMENT (FADP) FOR THE DEVELOPMENT OF TRIBALS



Ladies Finger Fields and harvesting



**Bitter Gourd Harvesting
and selling in the fields**



**Cowpea Cluster visit &
observing the product**

PREM in association with Odisha State Government Tribal Development Department, the ITDA Gunupur has been implementing different livelihood interventions to increase and strengthen the income level of the tribal families in 7 blocks of Rayagada district of Odisha, through the FADP programme.

It's a perspective plan for each ITDA for supporting ST families with viable alternative livelihoods Identification of livelihood opportunities based on the land and non-land based options suitable to local conditions, available resources and capacities of the tribal communities. FADP is being implemented by converging resources from SCA to TSP & Art 275(1) in convergence with other flagship programmes of state/ central Govt. i.e. - MGNREGA, National Horticulture Mission (NHM), Rastriya Krushi Vikash Yojana (RKVY), OLM etc.

In development paradigm Rayagada district lags behind in all respects starting with communication, literacy, lack of employment opportunities, low production in agriculture and low level of income to indebtedness. All these deprivations have forced them to depend on forest and Podu Cultivation as an alternative source of livelihood.

To address the above issues ITDA Gunpur has been implementing different programs in 7 blocks of Rayagada district towards improving the livelihood security of poor households by promoting efficient, self managed and sustainable exploitation and conservation of natural resources and development of non-farm enterprises.

The broad objective of the Gunupur ITDA programme is as follows.

- ✦ Build the capacity of marginal groups as individual and grass root institution.

- ✦ Enhance the access of poor tribal people to land water and forest and increase the productivity of these resources in environmentally sustainable and socially equitable ways;
- ✦ Encourage and facilitate off-farm enterprise development focused on the needs of poor tribal households;
- ✦ Monitor the basic food entitlements of tribal households and ensure their access to public food supplies;
- ✦ Strengthen the institutional capacity of government agencies, Panchayati Raj Institutions, NGOs and civil society to work effectively on a participatory mode for poverty reduction with tribal communities;
- ✦ Encourage the development of a pro-tribal enabling environment through ensuring that legislation governing control of and access to, development resources by poor tribal households is implemented effectively and recommending other policy improvements;
- ✦ Build on the indigenous knowledge and values of tribal and blend these with technological innovations to ensure a speedier pace of development.

Thus OTELP's main thrust is on "Empowerment" and "Sustainable livelihoods". For the 1st time GO-NGO partnership would help enhance core competence of the community based institutions/organizations to achieve the above mentioned objectives. The programme is being implemented through VDCs in co-ordination and active involvement of ITDA, facilitating NGOs (FNGOs), SHGs, UGs & CIGs.

KEY INTERVENTIONS :

Promotion of Sweet Corn Cluster :

Earlier the tribal were cultured with traditional agriculture method. They were not having the adequate facility and knowledge for the cultivation of

Sweet corn and they lease their land with a low price to other people for cultivation. As a result, the outsiders were getting huge benefit using the lands of the native tribals. After social mobilization, continuous awareness raising programs in the community and also regular organization of village meetings with handholding supports, they were now interested for sweet corn cultivation. The identification of suitable land and availability of water for cluster and collection of documents and submitting the same at the ITDA, Gunupur through the WEOs have been executed by the experts. After approval of the beneficiaries list the ITDA has been provided Hybrid sweet corn seeds, Organic Manure, Bio-fertilizers and plastic carrats for sweet corn cultivation. The hybrid sweet corn cultivation programme was taken in 7 blocks namely, Gunupur, Ramanaguda, Padmapur, Bisum Cuttak, Muniguda, Chandrapur and Gudari under this ITDA. After harvesting, the experts from PREM had also supported the beneficiaries for marketing in towns and cities with high profit margin and thus each farmer has got Rs.26,000/- to Rs.30,000/- from sweet corn cultivation and it encouraged the farmers and now they have taken the decision to grow huge amount of sweet corn cultivation of using the profit money by themselves. They are very much thankful to ITDA and also PREM for their genuine handholding support.

Promotion of Hybrid Paddy Cluster :

During this financial year, the OTDS changed the method of cultivation of paddy. The new type of cultivation is cluster system. In this method 3 to 4 villages in a GP were identified for minimum 15-20 acre each compact patch for cultivation. In this method beneficiaries were selected through village meeting headed by PRI members and Agriculture staff where easily actual targeted paddy cultivation beneficiaries and lands were selected.

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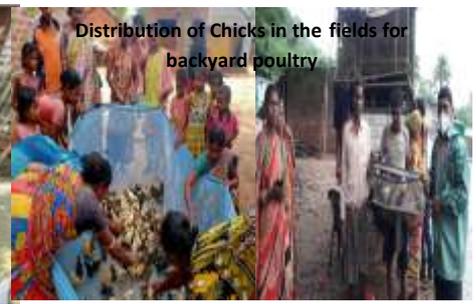
FOCUSED AREA DEVELOPMENT (FADP) FOR THE DEVELOPMENT OF TRIBALS



Distribution of Hy.Sweet corn seeds & fertilisers by PM, SMS, PRI Members, Expert FADP, ITDA, Gunupur



Harvesting of sweetcorns visited by PM, SMS, ITDA, Gunupur.



Distribution of Chicks in the fields for backyard poultry

The most viable for sustainable livelihood activity is Paddy cultivation in cluster approach. Before FADP intervention very minimum no of tribals basically depend on traditional way of cultivation which is meet only their meal purposes and use of indigenous seed using traditional method where they gain success less in concern. In the mean time the FADP programme trying its best efforts to implementing the HYB Paddy cluster programme by utilizing Agricultural line sewing idea such as providing hybrid seeds, bio-fertilizer and regular time to time follow-up and meeting by experts and SMS Ag, ITDA to giving them various plant protection measures and ideas on harvesting, preserving and selling in market in different Market.

Hybrid Paddy Cultivation in cluster approach there are two kinds of i.e. Ankur and Scented rice have been taken up under the FADP project for livelihood enhancement of the tribal people. Village meeting were organized for selection of beneficiaries to taken up HYB Paddy clusters in 7 blocks under ITDA, Gunupur area i.e. - Gunupur, Padampur, Gudari, Chandrapur, Ramanaguda, Bissam Cuttack & Muniguda Block. The expert of the concern block identified the actual ST beneficiaries and collected documents like land patta, BPL card, Adhar card, Ration card and other requirements. Identified 871 no's of beneficiaries with 1 acre of land each having irrigated area which comes to 871 acres for Paddy cluster. The Paddy cluster Programme has been implemented as per the approved budget by ITDA Gunupur and provide the input assistance to the cluster beneficiaries under this scheme i.e.- Hybrid Paddy Seeds & different types of organic manure and organic PP materials and micronutrient but Labour for cleaning the weeds, ploughing the land and irrigation are contributed by the beneficiaries by themselves.

Through this programme the ST beneficiaries have not only got two

Staple foods a day, but they also saving money for their future. They are also associated with cultivating vegetables. According to the analysis, after selling rice at local markets they express their happiness and averagely one beneficiary profited of Rs.18000-25000 for 18 to 22 qntrs. of harvesting grains by the Paddy cultivation.

Hence, FADP has been targeted to execute cluster basis Paddy cultivation next year also and instructed to the experts for identifying 20-30 acres of land in a cluster basis so that harvesting can be linked to big market to gain more profit for the betterment of the tribal people.

Horticulture: WADI PLANTATION (Mango & Cashew)

Wadi Plantation Programme has been taken up in 07 nos of block, covering 2415 Nos beneficiary for 2415 acres of area. The beneficiaries are selected through pali sabha presided by ward member and concern sarapanch of the GP. The beneficiaries has been provided 40 nos of mango and 80 nos of cashew grafts as well as different kind of fertilizer such as organic manure, organic pesticide (Neem Cake), Azotobactor, Azospirillum, PSB and Microrrhiza and Tree guard for fencing. The beneficiaries facilitated training and capacity building programme for fencing work, fire line layout, bush cutting, proper use of fertilizer and to take care of the plants for better survival of the grafts. The Experts have been visited the field in regular intervals and take care of plants and also mobilized the beneficiaries for better survivability of plants.

At present target activity for WADI plantation has achieved and follow up activity is going on. All mango and cashew graft has been planted and fencing work has been completed. The beneficiaries will be facilitated intercrop cultivation within plantation area. And as per guideline of MGNREGA total man days generated 296420 nos till December-2020 under ITDA, Gunupur.

Vegetable Cluster :

This year OTDS started an innovative way of cultivation i.e. cluster system. In this method 3 to 4 villages in a GP were identified for minimum 15-20 acre each compact patch for cultivation in this method beneficiaries are selected through village meeting headed by PRI members and Horticulture staff where easily actual targeted vegetable beneficiaries and lands are selected.

The most viable for sustainable livelihood activity is vegetable cultivation in cluster approach. Before FADP intervention very minimum no. of tribals basically depend on traditional way of cultivation which was supporting their consumption purposes and use of indigenous seed and traditional method was yielding less compare to their inputs. Meantime, the FADP programme efforts to implement the vegetable cluster programme by utilizing horticulture idea, such as providing hybrid seeds, bio-fertilizer and regular time to time follow-up and meeting by experts and SMS Ag, ITDA to give them various plant protection measures and ideas on harvesting, preserving and selling in market in different weekly markets.

Village meetings were organized for selection of beneficiaries to take up vegetable clusters in 7 blocks under ITDA, Gunupur area i.e. - Gunupur, Padampur, Gudari, Chandrapur, Ramanaguda, Bissam Cuttak & Muniguda Block. The expert of the concern block identified the actual ST beneficiaries and collected their documents. Identified 459 no's of beneficiaries with 1 acre each having irrigated area which comes to 459 acres for different type of vegetables like Okra, Cowpee, Bitter Gourd, Tomato and Chilly. The vegetable cluster Programme has been implemented as per the approved budget by ITDA Gunupur and provided the input assistance to the cluster beneficiaries. Averagely one beneficiary profited of Rs.18000-25000 by the vegetable cultivation.

FOCUSED AREA DEVELOPMENT (FADP) FOR THE DEVELOPMENT OF TRIBALS



DISTRIBUTION OF HYB PADDY(ANKUR RICE)& ORGANIC MANURE & BIO-FERTILIZERS AT GUNUPUR, PADMAPUR, RAMANAGUDA, GUDARI & CHANDRAPUR BLOCK DURING KHARIF 2020-21 UNDER FADP BY ITDA GUNUPUR



Major Achievements of the FADP Program

1. 1772 beneficiaries of 46 GPs covering 95 villages have cultivated Mango & Cashew in 1772 acres of land.
2. 459 beneficiaries of 32 GPs covering 40 villages have cultivated vegetable in 459 acres of land.
3. 380 beneficiaries of 23 GPs covering 30 villages have cultivated Hyb-Vegetable in 380 acres of land.
4. 604 beneficiaries of 22 GPs covering 31 villages have cultivated Sweet Corn in 604 acres of land.
5. 851 beneficiaries 17 GPs covering 35 villages have cultivated Hybrid Paddy in 851 acres of land.
6. 477 beneficiaries of 17 GPs covering 26 villages have promoted back yard poultry.



HYB PADDY (ANKUR RICE) CULTIVATION AT GUNUPUR, PADMAPUR, RAMANAGUDA, GUDARI & CHANDRAPUR BLOCK UNDER FADP PROJECT BY ITDA GUNUPUR. HARVESTING AND PACKING OF PADDY FROM HYB PADDY(ANKUR) CLUSTER DURING KHARIF-2020-21

MTMLECE RESOURCE & TRAINING CENTRE: WITH IN-HOUSE TRAINING FACILITY

Mother Tongue Based Multi-Lingual Early Childhood Education (MTMLECE) National Resource & Training Centre is one of the best assets of PREM, which is dedicated to the nation for the benefit of tribal and indigenous communities. The centre is established by PREM in view of sensitizing all the stake holders especially the staff of line departments like, ICDS Supervisors, Teachers, Workers, DSWO, CDPO, interested individuals of the state, national and international level, PREM has established a National Resource and Training Centre at Mandiapalli in the premises of PREM office. This is the first institution in India to impart training on Mother Tongue Based Multi-Lingual Early Childhood Education.



MTMLECE National Resource & Training Centre

The Centre is equipped with all context specific teaching and learning materials appropriate to the Early Childhood Education. The interested organizations who deal with early childhood education are getting training by the experienced training team of PREM at this resource and training centre. Visitors from different states, national and international level frequently visit this National Resource and Training Centre (NRTC) to gain knowledge on the concept of Mother Tongue Based Multi-Lingual Early Childhood Education and appreciate the excellent work of PREM to mainstream tribal and indigenous communities of India.

MTMLECE National Resource and Training Centre:

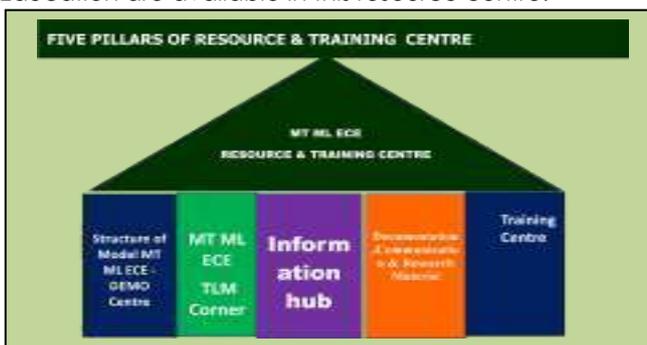
National Resource and Training Centre is established by PREM to bring more understanding among the different stakeholders on MT ML ECE and to enhance the skill and knowledge of existing ICDS workers in tribal areas of Odisha and India on the transaction of MT ML ECE.

Resource centre is a Learning centre as well as an Information Hub: The resource centre would help to different stake holders of the state as well as India to understand what is Mother Tongue Based Multi Lingual Early Childhood Education, How we will include this in the present ICDS program, what would be the teaching and learning materials for transaction of the mother tongue based multilingual early childhood education in the existing ICDS centres of tribal areas, basic information about different tribal groups of states and India and it will also provide basic information about different existing government policies, schemes and services related to Early Childhood Care and Education (ECCE).

Structure of Model ECCD-DEMO Centre: In the resource centre there is a dummy structure of Model Mother Tongue Based Multilingual Early Childhood Education DEMO Centre. It is similar to the CBCD DEMO centre which we have developed in the villages.

MT ML ECE TLM Corner: MT ML ECE Teaching learning Materials is one of the key components of resource centre. Material development is one of the ongoing activities of the resource centre. There is a team in the resource centre who are fully associated with developing Teaching Learning Materials on MTMLECE for the CBCD centres. There are different kind of context specific teaching learning materials in the centres like, materials for cognitive development, Materials for language development, materials for physical development, materials for social development and materials for emotional development.

Information & Communication Hub: This is just like an information and communication hub. All type of information and communication materials related to Mother Tongue Based Multilingual Early Childhood Education are available in this resource centre.



Inner Part of the MTMLECE

Evidence based documentation, Communication and Research Material: Project will collect evidence based case studies/success stories from the field by the help of field level coordinators which will be used as evidence based documents to motivate the policy makers, community peoples and parents.

National and International Visitors Visiting the MTMLECE Resource Centre : National and International Visitors very often Visiting the MTMLECE Resource Centre to know about the MTMLECE concept and the context specific teaching learning materials prepared by using locally available materials and appreciating PREM and the resource team for their good work for strengthening MTMLECE all over India.

Training Center : Training is one of the key components of resource centre. PREM in association with Bernard Van Leer Foundation (BvLF) providing residential training in resource centre, to enhance the MT ML ECE transaction skills of different stakeholders like ICDS workers, preschool teachers, ECE supervisors and the persons who are working on Early Childhood Education. Phase wise training is provided in the centre and the maximum trainee strength is 30 persons in a batch which includes both in-house training and field level training. Whatever the learning the trainees will acquire in the in-house training are executed at field practically before children in the existing CBCD Demo centres run by PREM.

The training curriculum is designed in such a way that a layman can understand the concept of MTMLECE and the trainings conducted by the well experienced trainers. The curriculum includes the technique of using the teaching and learning materials for transaction of the mother tongue based multilingual early childhood education in the existing ICDS centres of tribal areas, basic information about different tribal groups of states and India and it will also provide basic information about different existing government policies, schemes and services related to Early Childhood Care and Education (ECCE). Resource materials like Local Songs, Stories, Riddles, Games & Pictures from the tribal communities were developed by the center teachers, center supervisors and training supervisors based on the culture, tradition and customs of tribals.

The following is the schedule of training/orientation offered under NRTC to different stake holders, concerned personnel of the ICDS department and interested individuals and individual organizations :

Training /Orientation Offered Under the NRTC

Sl.	Name of the Training	Duration of the Training	Training/Orientation for persons
1.	Full-fledged MT ML ECE Transaction Training (Five days in the field with Demo classes)	15 days	New Anganwadi Teachers/ECE Teachers
2.	MTMLECE Transaction Training. (two days in the field with Demo classes)	7 days	Anganwadi Teachers/ECE Teachers
3.	Refresher Training on MT ML ECE (One day field visit as an exposure visit.	5 days	Anganwadi Teachers/ECE Teachers
4.	Orientation on MTMLECE & visit to Demo Centre	2 days	ICDS Supervisors/ ECE Supervisors
5.	Orientation on MTMLECE (One days orientation and resource centre visit and 2 nd day exposure visit to DEMO centre)	2 days	CDPO, DSWO, ECE Coordinators, Interested NGOs, INGOs, PRI Members



Visit of Govt. Officials to the MTMLECE Resource Centre



National & International Visitors visits the NRTC very frequently



Visit of PRI Members

MODEL VILLAGE INITIATIVES

RURAL AREA WITH URBAN SETUP



Anganwadi Centre in Gudang Gorjang, Gumma

PREM in association with Missio International, Germany has initiated Model Village Programme to facilitate overall development of the community by the active participation and ownership of the community. The project intends to form a model village with a model vision, micro-plan and a model Gram Sabha and covers 100 villages in four blocks of Gajapati district such as Gumma, Mohana, Rayagada and Nuagada and at Goudagotha GP of Surada block in Ganjam district. The evidence based success through model village initiatives encourages the adjacent villages to adopt the same process to create their own village into a model one. The improved lifestyle of the villagers of model villages attract the attention of the neighboring villages in the region. PREM through its Gruhini training, AshaJyoti, Advanced Agricultural Training, empowers women and provide scope for entrepreneurship development and the entrepreneurs are motivated to act as change agents to clean the environment, send children to schools, adopt health care practices, operate savings bank accounts and participate in local governance etc. Their collective efforts are translated into building-up model villages.

People of the model villages set the example by advocating their legitimate rights before government and other authorities. They have started raising questions about the irregularities and corruptions. Promotion and realization of scientific temper among the communities has resulted in reduction of blind belief and witch craft. IMR and MMR are reduced due to their inclination to avail health facilities and institutional delivery. People of these communities have become sensitized on community based care of children, education of children, clean drinking water, clean and beautiful toilets and smokeless kitchen and litigation, violence, alcohol and tobacco free community and participation in government schemes.

Features of model village:

- 100% Housing, 100% Toilets,
- 100% Literacy,
- 100% Smokeless Kitchen,
- 100% Safe Drinking Water Facilities,
- Alcohol Free & Litigation Free Villages,
- Food Security for 12 months
- Sustainable Income
- Access to government schemes and programs
- 100% admission and retention in ICDS centre and School
- 100% immunization and health facilities

Following the above commandments successfully, Gudang Gorjang, a tribal village in Gumma Block of Gajapati District, Odisha initially was considered as the model village. The improved life style of the people from Gudang Gorjang village attracted other neighbouring villages and PREM organized the exposure visits to different stake holders to Gudang Gorjang village, which created mindset among the people to replicate this model initiative in their villages. As a result, there are 100 villages of Gajapati and Ganjam district reached to the status of model village. Gudang Gorjang village was awarded as one of the best village in the block by the district administration this year. People became organized and regularly maintain cleanliness and hygiene as per the village committee decisions. The people of this village became very keen for education and hence they have established a Mother Tongue Based Early Childhood Education Centre and all the context specific teaching and learning materials are provided by PREM and the teacher of this centre got training on the transaction process of MTMLECE. Besides, the youth group of these model villages take keen interest to monitor the model features of the village. A mini stadium has been established at Gudang Gorjang village where the youth group of the village plays regularly and enjoy their life. The PREM resource team monitor, supervise and provide hand holding support with technical assistance to these villages to continue their model features and slowly scaling up this process to other adjacent villages of the operational districts of Odisha.



Award Ceremony
Gudang Gorjang is the best GKS village in
Gumma block 2020-2021



Village Committee receiving Rs.10,000/- as
award from the District Collector, Gajapati

The model village, Gudang Gorjang of Gumma block was recognized as the best GKS village of the block for the year 2020-21 by The District Collector, Gajapati and awarded with Rs.10,000/-. The award was received by the representatives of the village.

This is one of the great achievements of PREM

MODEL VILLAGE INITIATIVES RURAL AREA WITH URBAN SETUP



The model initiative of PREM is identified by Government of Odisha and going to scale up this Model Village Concept in other districts of Odisha replicating the same process adopted by PREM through the scheme “AMA GAON AMA BIKASH”. “Pradhan Mantri Adarsha Grama Yojana”, a Central Govt. scheme. Which also strives towards the model village initiative which PREM initiated since 10 years.

This is a successful intervention, which added one more milestone in PREM’s model initiatives.

ENGLISH MEDIUM EDUCATION FOR THE CHILDREN OF MARGINALIZED COMMUNITIES

"Support for quality education will certainly enable the children of marginalized communities to compete with the rest in the globalised world".

PREM in collaboration with Tribal Development Department, Govt. of Odisha & district administration run a ST and SC hostel at Ambapua, Berhampur since 2007.

With the objective of providing quality education to the potential children of the marginalized communities to enable them to compete with the mainstream children, PREM has been facilitating education of tribal children in English Medium Schools in Berhampur with the support from the Tribal Development Department, Govt. of Odisha. Government Hostels where the children stay and study are coordinated and maintained by PREM. Since 2007, ST and SC children are getting support from this program and are continuing their education in English Medium School by staying in this hostel under the close guidance of PREM.

In the current academic year 169 SC and ST children (79 boys and 90 girls) are studying at Central school and other English medium schools. Besides their accommodations, the children are supported with study materials, dress materials, tutorial support, spoken English course, computer education, regular health check-ups, opportunity for co-curricular activities, nutritious food and care etc. Again the children gets the opportunity for co-curricular activities like, different indoor and outdoor games, dance, song, art & craft, debate, sports, storytelling, one act play, classical, modern dances and songs, playing Casio, drum and harmonium which increases the confidence level of the children and also develop their inner potentialities. By this way, children are developing very well in this homely environment and under the surveillance of experienced teachers, care takers and the warden.

Besides their academic performance the hostel children are also very keen in other co-curricular activities. The children of the hostel got the opportunity to participate in district, state and national level Athletics, Taekwondo, Kabadi and Khoko competitions and awarded for their wonderful performances.



Children of indigenous communities studying in Central School, Berhampur

**STUDENT LIST OF SPECIAL URBAN HOSTEL, AMBAPUA AS ON 31ST MARCH 2022
ACADEMIC YEAR 2021-2022**

Class	Boys	Girls	Total	SC			ST		
				Boys	Girls	Total	Boys	Girls	Total
1st	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
2nd	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
3rd	15	12	27	10	7	17	5	5	10
4th	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
5th	10	9	19	2	0	2	8	9	17
6th	16	28	44	3	4	7	13	24	37
7th	10	16	26	3	2	5	7	14	21
8th	10	12	22	2	2	4	8	10	18
9th	8	6	14	1	3	4	7	3	10
10th	10	7	17	0	1	1	10	6	16
11th	15	8	23	2	2	4	13	6	19
TO TAL	94	98	192	23	21	44	71	77	148

SCHOOL WISE STRENGTH OF STUDENTS

Sl.#	Name of the School	Boys	Girls	Total
1	K.V. Berhampur	34	37	71
2	K.V. Gopalpur	28	39	67
3	St. Xavier's School	32	22	54
TOTAL		94	98	192



Children Excellence in Co-curricular Activities



Children singing, playing music and dancing & doing merriment at hostel

PROFESSIONAL & VOCATIONAL EDUCATION FOR CHILDREN FROM UNPRIVILEGED FAMILIES

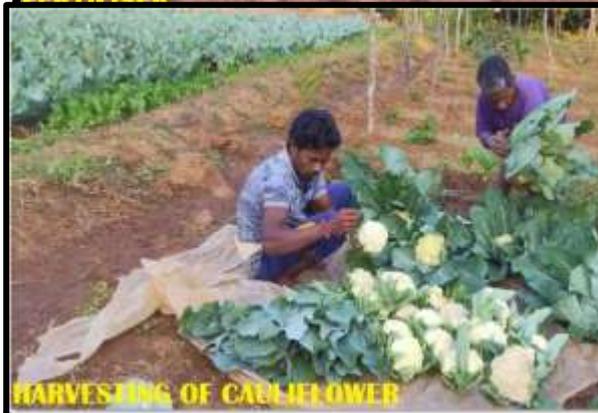
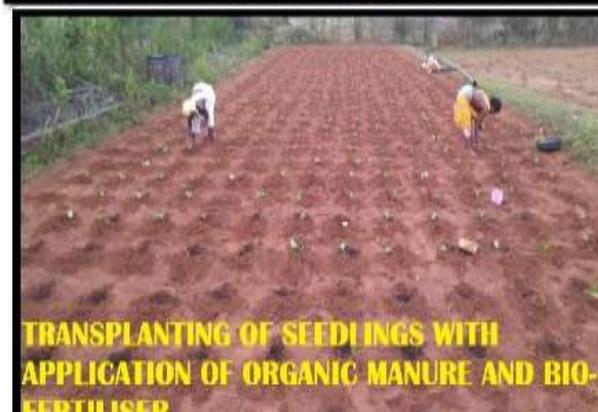


Our special thanks to Ms. Geeta Meheta whose generous and kind support towards the training of children from marginalized families in nursing, hotel management and other professional courses through the project "Gyandevi Foundation" since 2019.

Most of the potential college students from the unprivileged communities especially the students from tribals and dalits communities of Odisha do not get opportunities to study different professional courses like : Engineering, Nursing, Hotel Management and other similar professional courses due to their poor socio-economic condition of their family. PREM in association with Gyandevi Foundation is supporting 43 children in the professional courses. Out of them, 8 students are undergoing General Nurse Mid-wife training, 16 students for B.Sc Nursing and 10 students for Hotel Management. PREM has tie up with different colleges for General Nursing Mid-wife (GNM), B.Sc. Nursing and Hotel Management institutions for their quality education. The details of the student and the institutions where they are undergoing training are given in the following table:

Sl.#	Name of the Professional Course	No. of Students	Status of the Students	Name of the College/Institution
1.	B.Sc. Nursing	2	1 st Year	St. Ann's College of Nursing, Visakhapatnam
2.	B.Sc. Nursing	1	1 st Year	Divine Grace Nursing Institutions, Bangalore
3.	B.Sc. Nursing	1	2 nd Year	Mother Vanini College of Nursing, Padapalligudam, Vijayawada
4.	General Nursing Mid-Wife (GNM)	7	2 nd Year	School of Nursing- Christian Hospital, Berhampur
5.	General Nursing Mid-Wife (GNM)	1	2 nd Year	St. Joseph College of Nursing, Guntur
6.	B.Sc. Nursing	2	2 nd Year	St. Joseph College of Nursing, Guntur
7.	B.Sc. Nursing	1	2 nd Year	St. Joseph College of Nursing, Hyderabad
8.	B.Sc. Nursing	1	2 nd Year	St. Ann's College of Nursing, Visakhapatnam
9.	B.Sc. Nursing	1	2 nd Year	School of Nursing & Health Sciences, Berhampur
10.	B.Sc. Nursing	4	3 rd Year	St. Joseph College of Nursing, Guntur
11.	B.Sc. Nursing	1	3 rd Year	St. Ann's College of Nursing, Visakhapatnam
12.	B.Sc. Nursing	1	3 rd Year	Shekhar College of Nursing, Bengaluru
13.	B.Sc. Nursing	1	4 th Year	St. Joseph College of Nursing, Guntur
14.	Hotel Management	10	3 rd Year	SIMS, Berhampur

ORGANIC FARMING PROMOTION OF LIVELIHOOD SITUATION



VISUAL JOURNEY OF FIELD PROGRAMMES



COFFEE PROCESSING



Coffee Processing unit in Gudang Gorjang model village of Gumma



Celebration of International women's day at Ragidi at GP office by the entrepreneurs and youth groups in presence of the Sarpanch of the GP.



BLACK GOLD

Waste- dry and green leaves are transformed into organic compost in Model village Dimbripantal.



Adwika meeting organised at village level at AWC of Mohana block



Observation of National Girl Child Day on 24th January 2021



Shishu Sampark Chariot to create awareness on girl children's issues, through Songs and audio messages on children at Dhenkanal District



Narayan Sabar and Aso Sabar entrepreneurs of MohanaCluster comfortably earning their livelihood



FINANCIAL SUMMARY (2021-22)

PEOPLE'S RURAL EDUCATION MOVEMENT: BERHAMPUR:GANJAM DIST.: ODISHA
CONSOLIDATED RECEIPTS AND PAYMENTS ACCOUNT OF FOREIGN CONTRIBUTIONS AND
GENERAL ACCOUNT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31ST MARCH, 2022

RECEIPTS	AMOUNT(Rs.)	PAYMENTS	AMOUNT (Rs.)
OPENING BALANCES:		UTILIZATION:	
F.C. Account	33,25,550.63	F.C. A/c. (As per R&P)	1,04,12,686.87
General Account:	<u>3,44,36,362.39</u>	General A/c.: (As per R & P)	<u>3,06,32,171.19</u>
	3,77,61,913.02		4,10,44,858.06
RECEIPTS:		Other General A/c Expenses	
F.C. Account	80,18,324.11		1,34,71,841.55
General Account	<u>2,94,59,619.76</u>	Investment Net(General A/c)	2,72,124.54
	3,74,77,943.87		
Other General A/c Income	55,27,503.76		
BANK INTEREST:		CLOSING BALANCES:	
F.C. Account	1,08,689.00	F.C. Account	10,39,876.87
General Account	<u>21,46,753.34</u>	General Account	<u>2,71,94,101.97</u>
	22,55,442.34		2,82,33,978.84
TOTAL Rs.	<u>8,30,22,802.99</u>	TOTAL Rs.	<u>8,30,22,802.99</u>

(JACOB THUNDYIL)
 President
 PREM
 Berhampur (Gm)

As per our report attached.
 for PRUTHI & PRUTHI ASSOCIATES
 Chartered Accountants
 Firm No 14843N
 (ARTIN P. INT. F.C.A.)
 Partner
 Membership No.085006



PEOPLE'S RURAL EDUCATION MOVEMENT (PREM):BERHAMPUR: GRAM DIST. ODISHA
CONSOLIDATED RECEIPTS AND PAYMENTS ACCOUNT OF FOREIGN CONTRIBUTIONS FOR THE YEAR ENDED
31ST MARCH, 2022

RECEIPTS	AMOUNT(Rs.)	PAYMENTS	AMOUNT(Rs.)
OPENING BALANCE		UTILIZATION:	
Union Bank of India - 14378	15,55,862.50	Kindemthilfe, ev, Germany	24,27,143.30
Union Bank of India - 79751 (M2) (S) Account)	23,32,178.33	Mission International, Germany	27,97,930.50
< cerise Payable	38,88,040.63	Diocese of Taiwan	9,55,421.96
	(5,62,490.00)	CMCJ	2,242.00
EC TS	19,538.00	Misc FC Receipts	1,601.85
Kindemthilfe, ev, Germany	19,47,372.00	Educo Spain	40,48,121.26
Diocese of Taiwan	10,45,580.00	Ketto Online Venture Pvt Ltd	59,293.00
CMCJ	4,424.78	Japan Funding	<u>1,20,933.00</u>
MISC PC Receipts	48,08,789.33		1,04,12,686.87
UCO Spain	63,010.00		
Ketto Online Venture Pvt Ltd	29,640.00		
Japan Fundis g	80,18,324.11	CLOSING BALANCE:	
Bank Interest	1,08,689.00	Union Bank of India - 14J78	2,29,595.69
		Union Bank of India - 79751	1,270.83
		SBI Jagantipur Branch A/c No. 45033	6,13,696.50
		State Bank of India - 40132664599	7,707.78
		Indian Overseas Bank - 9000	<u>2,11,657.07</u>
		Expenses Payable	10,63,927.87 (24,051.00)
TOTAL Rs.	<u>1,14,52,563.74</u>	TOTAL Rs.	<u>1,14,52,563.74</u>

(JACOB THUNDYIL)
 President
 PREM
 Berhampur (Gm)

As per our report attached.
 for PRUTHI & PRUTHI ASSOCIATES
 Chartered Accountants
 Firm Regn No. 014843N
 (MARTIN P. INT. F.C.A.)
 Partner
 Membership No.085006



31 AUG 2022

GOVERNING BODY OF PREM

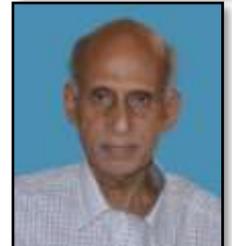
Dr. Jacob Mathew Thundyil, President & Co-Founder of PREM: Dr.Thundyil is the President and co founder of PREM. He is the Governing Board Member of International Network of Alternative Financial Institutions (INAFI). He was the Board Member of Council for Advancement of People's Action & Rural Technology (CAPART) and one of the founder members of Vaoluntary Action Network of India(VANI). He is also the convener of National Advocacy Council for Development of Indegenious Communities(NACDIP).



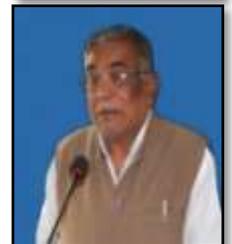
Ms. A. Padma Raju, Vice-President : *A social worker engaged in the empowerment of tribals in southern districts of Odisha.She is currently working as Secretary of Centre for Community Development (CCD), Paralakhemundi, Gajapati*



Dr. Chacko Philip Paruvanany, Secretary-cum-Treasurer & Co-Founder of PREM. Dr.Chacko studied in Germany and is well experienced in mass communication and community health.



Mr. M. Nageswara Rao, Joint Secretary : *Mr. Rao, an Advocate by profession, has been providing legal aid to the poor and marginalized communities for asserting their constitutional rights. He has rich experience in dealing with cases relating to human rights, especially the tribals. He is also associated with several organizations as legal Advisor.*



Ms. Minati Padhi, Member : *She is involved in organizing tribal communities, mobilizing women to form Self Help Groups and leadership building on gender discrimination, income generation through value addition of local product. Presently Ms Padhi is working as Secretary of Institute for Women's Development (IWD)*



Ms. Geeta Devi, Member : *Being a human right defender and legal practicener, Ms Geeta is involved in providing legal support to the victims of atrocities, discrimination, human right violation, domestic violence, child abuse. She also works for the promotion and protction of children and women rights.*



Ms. Satyavati Choudhury, Member : *Ms. Satyavati, a social worker specialized in addressing the health related issues of the women and children and now engaged in providing eye care service to the people. She heads an organization namely Jana Jaqarana*



OUR ESTEEMED PARTNERS

The Partners, Donors and the Organization, supporting the activities of PREM, have always enabled us to expand our programs and impact over an ever increasing rural population. Partnership has added values and strengthened our interventions. We are extremely grateful to the partners who supported to make our vision into reality. We would also like to thank all the individual donors of PREM.

Program/ Projects	Funding Partners	Partner's Logo
Integrated Approach for Improving Access to Information & Services for Reproductive Health & Rights	United Nations Population Fund (UNFPA), Government of India, Bhubaneswar	
Bal-Bikash-Child Focused Community Development/SHA	Kindernothilfe (KNH), Germany	
Bridge IT project	Development Focus, (TCS funded project), Bengaluru	
Focus Area Development Project (FADP)	ITDA, Gunupur, Govt. of Odisha	
Reducing Child Marriage	Educo, Spain	
Model Village Initiatives	Missio International, Germany	
Kendriya Vidyalaya Education	SC &ST DEPTT., Government of Odisha	
Professional & Vocation Education for children from unprivileged Families	Gyan Devi Foundation	

ACRONYMS

ARSH	Adolescent Reproductive Sexual Health
ASHA	Accredited Social Health Activists.
AWW	Anganwadi Worker
BDO	Block Development Officer
BPL	Below Poverty Line
CF	Community Facilitator
CLA	Cluster Level Association
COVID	CORONA VIRUS Infected Disease
CRP	Community Resource Person
CSR	Corporate Social Responsibility
ECE	Early Childhood Education
FADP	Focus Area Development Program
FRA	Forest Rights Act
GO	Government Organisation
GP	Gram Panchayat
ICDS	Integrated Child Development Scheme
ICRW	International Center for Research on Women
ITDA	Integrated Tribal Development Agency
KNH	Kinder Not Hilfe
MBK	Master Book Keepers
MGNREGS	Mahatma Gandhi National Rural Employment Guarantee Scheme
MOLE	Minister of Labour and Employment
MT-MLECE	Mother Tongue based Multilingual (Early Childhood) Education
NCPCR	National Commission for Protection of Child Rights
NGO	Non-Government Organisation
NRTC	National Resource Training Centre
NTTF	Nettur Technical Training Foundation
OTELP	Odisha Tribal Empowerment & Livelihoods Program
PVTG	Particularly Vulnerable Tribal Groups
PRI	Panchayat Raj Institution
RKSK	Rashtriya Kishor Swasthya Karyakram
RMNCH+A	Reproductive, Maternal, Newborn, Child Health and Adolescent
RTE	Right to Education (Act)
RTI	Right to Information (Act)
SHA	Self Help Group Approach
SHG	Self Help Group
VDC	Village Development Committee
VHND	Village Health and Nutrition Day
PC	Project Coordinator
SHA	Self Help Approach
SHG	Self Help Group

**Campaign Against
Child Marriage & Child Labour**



Child Marriage & Child Labour ends Childhood. It negatively influences Children Rights to EDUCATION, HEALTH & PROTECTION. These Consequences impact not just the girl directly, but also her family and community. JOIN HANDS WITH US AND "SAY NO TO CHILD MARRIAGE & CHILD LABOUR"



Prepared by
J. Chandra Sekhar
Program Manager, PREM
by the technical support of Project Managers, PREM