The Parts of Speech

Nouns Propouns

Verbs

Adjectives and Articles

Adverbs

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Nouns

Nouns are the names of persons, places, things (including living things), and ideas.

Persons: student, teacher, Justin Bieber

Places: beach, mountain, Mexico

Things: cellphone, apple, Fido

Ideas: justice, freedom, happiness

Pronouns

<u>Pronouns</u> are words used in place of nouns to avoid needless and confusing repetition. Pronouns also help identify the speaker.

Without pronouns:

Ms. Pla loves to use Ms. Pla's iPad.

With pronouns:

I love to use my iPad.

She loves to use her iPad.

Verbs

A <u>verb</u> is a word that shows action or state of being or links the subject to another word in the sentence.

The soccer ball flew out of the field.

Megan is excited about the trip.

Jimmy's locker smells funny.

Adjectives

An <u>adjective</u> is a word that describes a noun or a pronoun.

Mayra is pretty. She is also smart.

My mom bought me an orange sweater.

The unlucky bird was sucked into the jet engine.

Articles

Articles (a, an, the) are words that introduce nouns. They are a type of adjective.

Jamie brought a frog to school. The frog jumped on the teacher's head. Jamie was so embarrassed that she hid inside a recycling bin for the rest of the period. The teacher gave her an "F" for the day.

Adverbs

Adverbs are words that modify verbs, adjectives, and other adverbs. They provide the following information: how, when, where, how often, how much.

Jamie hid so quickly that nobody noticed.

She didn't return to class until much later.

I saw her playing with her frog outside. She's in a lot of trouble now, but that's how it usually is.

She's a very unusual girl.

Prepositions

<u>Prepositions</u> are words that show position, direction, or add information. They are always part of a <u>prepositional phrase</u>.

Jamie hid in a recycling bin.

The principal wandered <u>around the school</u> searching <u>for her</u>.

He even checked <u>inside</u> a <u>locker</u> full <u>of smelly socks</u>.

Conjunctions

<u>Conjunctions</u> are words that connect words, groups of words, or sentences.

Sebastian and Esteban are brothers.

Sebastian likes to play soccer and hang out with friends, whereas Esteban likes to play the guitar and surf the Internet.

Both boys enjoy playing video games and going for a swim.

Interjections

<u>Interjections</u> are stand-alone words or phrases that show strong emotion.

Wow, I didn't know you were such a good writer.

Yay! Tomorrow we'll all go to the beach!

Oh no! The car broke down!

Bibliography

Kemper, Dave, Patrick Sebranek, and Verne Meyer. Write Source. Wilmington: Great Source Education Group, 2005.

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