## "Oh, Snap! You CAN Close the Achievement Gap!"

Pre-A Lesson Plan (< 40 letters)				
COMPONENTS AND ACTIVITIES		OBSERVATIONS/NOTES		
<b>Working With Names</b> (2-3 minutes) Choose one. Omit once child can write first name without a model (using correct letter formation).				
Name puzzle —		1. With envelope (model)		
Magnetic letters		<ul> <li>2. Without envelope (model)</li> <li>3. Cut into more pieces</li> </ul>		
Rainbow writing				
<b>Working With Letters</b> (2–3 minutes) Choose one per day. Activities 5, 6, and 7 are for children who know at least 30 letters.				
$\Box$ 1. Match the letters in the bag $-$ < 10 letters				
2. Match letters to an AE	3C chart			
3. Name letters left to right   - 11 - 29 letters				
4. Find the letter on an ABC chart				
<b>5.</b> Name a word that begins with that letter				
<b>6.</b> Find the letter that makes that sound <b>39</b> letters				
7. Name the letter that begins that word				
Working With Sounds (2-3 minutes) Choose one per day.				
Clapping syllables	1 2 3	Use pictures on ABC chart, student names, common picture cards		
Hearing rhymes – Li	sten for rhyme - thumbs up, thumbs down			
Sorting pictures - Sa	ay picture/word, say sound,	say letter, place picture		
Working With Books (5 minutes) Shared reading with Level A book; teach print concepts.				
Title:				
Choose one or two: One-to-one matching Concept of a word Identify first/last word Concept of a letter Identify first/last letter Identify period Locate upper/lowercase	- Teach Concept	of Print		
Interactive Writing and Cut-Up Sentence (5 minutes)				
Dictated sentence:				
Letter formation: - In air, on table, on ABC chart				
Letters and Names Next Steps:	Sounds Next Steps:	Books Next Steps:	Writing Next Steps:	

## Early Literacy Skills:

- > Letter ID Alphabet Tracing (in addition to Pre-A lesson plan daily)
  - 1. If the student knows less than 10 letters, have the student trace only the letters he/she knows and letters in first name.
  - 2. If the student doesn't know the letter name, tutor says letter name. Student repeats letter name while tracing letter. For example, "A, a, apple." (Letter, letter, picture).
  - 3. If students doesn't know how to form letter correctly, tutor holds student's finger and traces the letter/s modeling correct letter formation while saying letter name.
- > Phonemic Awareness & Letter Sounds Continuum (ALL ORAL no letters/words in print):
  - Sound/word discrimination
    - Which word doesn't belong: "cat, mat, bat, ran"
  - Rhyming listening for rhymes at the end of words
  - Sentence segmentation counting words in sentences
  - Syllable segmenting & blending
    - wa-ter = water
    - $\circ$  tumbling = tum-bl-ing
  - Onset & rime blending and segmenting
    - "Cat" = /k/ + /at/
    - /k/ + /at/ = "cat"
  - Segmenting and blending phonemes
    - What word is made from the sounds /k//a//t/ = "cat"
    - $_{\odot}$  What are the sounds you hear in "cat?" = /k/ /a/ /t/
  - Deleting and manipulating phonemes
    - What is "cat" without the /k/? = "at"
    - What word do you get if you change the /t/ in "cat" to /p/? = "cap"
- > Concepts of Print:
  - Front/back cover
  - Print tells story
  - $L \rightarrow R$  directionality
  - Voice/print pairing
  - First and last word/letter/page
  - Top/bottom of text, pictures
  - Punctuation
  - Upper- and lowercase letters
  - Concept of letter & word