# MITSUBISHI Type A1SJHCPU

### Mitsubishi Programmable Controller User's Manual (Hardware)

Thank you for purchasing the Mitsubishi program controller MELSEC-A series.

Prior to use, please read both this and relevant manuals thoroughly to fully understand the product.



MODEL	A1SJCPU(H/W)-U-E
MODEL	13 1560
CODE	133200
IB(NA)	-66469-N(1101)MEE

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### SAFETY PRECAUTIONS

(Read these precautions before using this product.)

Before using this product, please read this manual and the relevant manuals carefully and pay full attention to safety to handle the product correctly.

In this manual, the safety precautions are classified into two levels:



Under some circumstances, failure to observe the precautions given under " $\underline{\Lambda}$  CAUTION" may lead to serious consequences.

Observe the precautions of both levels because they are important for personal and system safety.

Make sure that the end users read this manual and then keep the manual in a safe place for future reference.

#### [DESIGN PRECAUTIONS]

### A WARNING

 Create a safety circuit outside the programmable controller to ensure the whole system will operate safely even if an external power failure or a programmable controller failure occurs.

Otherwise, incorrect output or malfunction may cause an accident.

(1) For an emergency stop circuit, protection circuit and interlock circuit that is designed for incompatible actions such as forward/reverse rotation or for damage prevention such as the upper/lower limit setting in positioning, any of them must be created outside the programmable controller.

Install the emergency stop switch outsid the controlpanel so that workers can operate it easily.

#### [DESIGN PRECAUTIONS]

<ul> <li>(2) When the programmable controller detects the following error conditions, it stops the operation and turn off all the outputs.</li> <li>The overcurrent protection device or overvoltage protection the power supply module is activated.</li> <li>The programmable controller CPU detects an error such a watchdog timer error by the self-diagnostics function. In the case of an error of a part such as an I/O control part the detected by the programmable controller CPU, all the output on. In order to make all machines operate safely in such a cafail-safe circuit or a specific mechanism outside the program controller.</li> <li>(3) Depending on the failure of the output module's relay or trar output status may remain ON or OFF incorrectly. For output may lead to a serious accident, create an external monitorin</li> <li>If load current more than the rating or overcurrent due to a short load has flowed in the output module for a long time, it may caus smoke. Provide an external safety device such as a fuse.</li> <li>Design a circuit so that the external power will be supplied after p the programmable controller.</li> <li>For the operation status of each station at a communication error refer to the respective data link manual.</li> <li>The output controller.</li> </ul>	or on device of as a at cannot be ts may turn ase, set up a imable r example nsistor, the signals that og circuit. circuit in the se a fire and power-up of controller in data link, ect output or

#### [DESIGN PRECAUTIONS]

### WARNING

<ul> <li>Whe conn function who connected a state of the connected a</li></ul>	en controlling a running programmable controller (data modification) by necting a peripheral device to the CPU module or a PC to a special tion module, create an interlock circuit on sequence programs so that the le system functions safely all the time. by before performing any other controls (e.g. program modification, rating status change (status control)), read the manual carefully and ure the safety. Neese controls, especially the one from an external device to a grammable controller in a remote location, some programmable controller probslem may not be resolved immediately due to failure of data munications. revent this, create an interlock circuit on sequence programs and blish corrective procedures for communication failure between the rnal device and the programmable controller CPU. en setting up the system, do not allow any empty slot on the base unit. by slot is left empty, be sure to use a blank cover (A1SG60) or a dummy tule (A1SG62) for it. en using the extension base unit, A1S52B, A1S55B or A1S58B, attach ncluded dustproof cover to the module in slot 0. erwise, internal parts of the module may be flied in the short circuit test or n an overcurrent or overvoltage is accidentally applied to external I/O ion.
<ul> <li>Do r main Kee Failu</li> <li>Whe valv the r</li> </ul>	not install the control lines or communication cables together with the in circuit or power lines, or bring them close to each other. If a distance of 100mm (3.94inch) or more between them. Une to do so may cause malfunctions due to noise. If an an output module is used to control the lamp load, heater, solenoid e, etc., a large current (ten times larger than the normal one) may flow at time that the output status changes from OFF to ON. Take some

preventive measures such as replacing the output module with the one of a suitable current rating.

• Time from when the CPU module is powered on or is reset to when it enters in RUN status dependson the system configuration, parameter settings, and program size.

Design the program so that the entire system will always operate safely, regardless of the time.

#### [INSTALLATION PRECAUTIONS]

<ul> <li>Use the programmable controller under the environment specified in the user's manual.</li> <li>Otherwise, it may cause electric shocks, fires, malfunctions, product deterioration or damage.</li> </ul>
<ul> <li>Insert the module fixing projection into the fixing hole in the base unit and then tighten the module mounting screw within the specified torque.</li> <li>When no screw is tightened, even if the module is installed correctly, it may cause malfunctions, a failure or a drop of the module.</li> <li>Tightening the screw excessively may damage the screw and/or the module, resulting in a drop of the module, a short circuit or malfunctions.</li> </ul>
<ul> <li>Connect the extension cable to the connector of the base unit or module. Check the cable for incomplete connection after connecting it. Poor electrical contact may cause incorrect inputs and/or outputs.</li> <li>Insert the memory card and fully press it to the memory card connector.</li> </ul>
Check for incomplete connection after installing it. Poor electrical contact may cause malfunctions.
<ul> <li>Be sure to shut off all phases of the external power supply used by the system before mounting or removing the module. Failure to do so may damage the module.</li> </ul>
• Do not directly touch the conductive part or electronic components of the module.
Doing so may cause malfunctions or a failure of the module.

#### [WIRING PRECAUTIONS]

### ∕≜WARNING

• Be sure to shut off all phases of the external power supply used by the system before wiring.

Failure to do so may result in an electric shock or damage of the product.

 Before energizing and operating the system after wiring, be sure to attach the terminal cover supplied with the product.

Failure to do so may cause an electric shock.

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- Always ground the FG and LG terminals to the protective ground conductor. Failure to do so may cause an electric shock or malfunctions.
- Wire the module correctly after confirming the rated voltage and terminal layout.

Connecting a power supply of a different voltage rating or incorrect wiring may cause a fire or failure.

- Do not connect multiple power supply modules to one module in parallel. The power supply modules may be heated, resulting in a fire or failure.
- Press, crimp or properly solder the connector for external connection with the specified tool.

Incomplete connection may cause a short circuit, fire or malfunctions.

- Tighten terminal screws within the specified torque range. If the screw is too loose, it may cause a short circuit, fire or malfunctions.
   If too tight, it may damage the screw and/or the module, resulting in a short circuit or malfunctions.
- Carefully prevent foreign matter such as dust or wire chips from entering the module.

Failure to do so may cause a fire, failure or malfunctions.

Install our programmable controller in a control panel for use.

Wire the main power supply to the power supply module installed in a control panel through a distribution terminal block.

Furthermore, the wiring and replacement of a power supply module have to be performed by a maintenance worker who acquainted with shock protection.

(For the wiring methods, refer to Type A1SJH(S8)/A1SH/A2SHCPU(S1) User's Manual)

#### [STARTUP AND MAINTENANCE PRECAUTIONS]

### MARNING

- Do not touch any terminal during power distribution. Doing so may cause an electric shock.
- Properly connect batteries. Do not charge, disassemble, heat or throw them into the fire and do not make them short-circuited and soldered. Incorrect battery handling may cause personal injuries or a fire due to exothermic heat, burst and/or ignition.
- Be sure to shut off all phases of the external power supply used by the system before cleaning or retightening the terminal screws or module mounting screws.

Failure to do so may result in an electric shock.

If they are too loose, it may cause a short circuit or malfunctions.

If too tight, it may cause damage to the screws and/or module, resulting in an accidental drop of the module, short circuit or malfunctions.

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 When performing online operations (especially, program modification, forced output or operating status change) by connecting a peripheral device to the running CPU module, read the manual carefully and ensure the safety. Incorrect operation will cause mechanical damage or accidents.

Do not disassemble or modify each of modules.
 Doing so may cause failure, malfunctions, personal injuries and/or a fire.

 When using a wireless communication device such as a mobile phone, keep a distance of 25cm (9.84inch) or more from the programmable controller in all directions.

Failure to do so may cause malfunctions.

- Be sure to shut off all phases of the external power supply used by the system before mounting or removing the module.
   Failure to do so may result in failure or malfunctions of the module.
- Do not drop or apply any impact to the battery. Doing so may damage the battery, resulting in electrolyte spillage inside the battery.

If any impact has been applied, discard the battery and never use it.

 Before handling modules, touch a grounded metal object to discharge the static electricity from the human body.

Failure to do so may cause failure or malfunctions of the module.

#### [DISPOSAL PRECAUTIONS]

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When disposing of the product, treat it as an industrial waste.
 When disposing of batteries, separate them from other wastes according to the local regulations.

(For details of the Battery Directive in EU member states, refer to User's manual to the CPU module used.)

#### [TRANSPORTATION PRECAUTIONS]

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 When transporting lithium batteries, make sure to treat them based on the transportation regulations. (Refer to Appendix 2 for details of the relevant models.)

### ● CONDITIONS OF USE FOR THE PRODUCT●

 Mitsubishi programmable controller ("the PRODUCT") shall be used in conditions;

i) where any problem, fault or failure occurring in the PRODUCT, if any, shall not lead to any major or serious accident; and ii) where the backup and fail-safe function are systematically or automatically provided outside of the PRODUCT for the case of any problem, fault or failure occurring in the PRODUCT.

(2) The PRODUCT has been designed and manufactured for the purpose of being used in general industries.

MITSUBISHI SHALL HAVE NO RESPONSIBILITY OR LIABILITY (INCLUDING, BUT NOT LIMITED TO ANY AND ALL RESPONSIBILITY OR LIABILITY BASED ON CONTRACT, WARRANTY, TORT, PRODUCT LIABILITY) FOR ANY INJURY OR DEATH TO PERSONS OR LOSS OR DAMAGE TO PROPERTY CAUSED BY the PRODUCT THAT ARE OPERATED OR USED IN APPLICATION NOT INTENDED OR EXCLUDED BY INSTRUCTIONS, PRECAUTIONS, OR WARNING CONTAINED IN MITSUBISHI'S USER, INSTRUCTION AND/OR SAFETY MANUALS, TECHNICAL BULLETINS AND GUIDELINES FOR the PRODUCT.

("Prohibited Application")

Prohibited Applications include, but not limited to, the use of the PRODUCT in;

- Nuclear Power Plants and any other power plants operated by Power companies, and/or any other cases in which the public could be affected if any problem or fault occurs in the PRODUCT.
- Railway companies or Public service purposes, and/or any other cases in which establishment of a special quality assurance system is required by the Purchaser or End User.
- Aircraft or Aerospace, Medical applications, Train equipment, transport equipment such as Elevator and Escalator, Incineration and Fuel devices, Vehicles, Manned transportation, Equipment for Recreation and Amusement, and Safety devices, handling of Nuclear or Hazardous Materials or Chemicals, Mining and Drilling, and/or other applications where there is a significant risk of injury to the public or property.

Notwithstanding the above, restrictions Mitsubishi may in its sole discretion, authorize use of the PRODUCT in one or more of the Prohibited Applications, provided that the usage of the PRODUCT is limited only for the specific applications agreed to by Mitsubishi and provided further that no special quality assurance or fail-safe, redundant or other safety features which exceed the general specifications of the PRODUCTs are required. For details, please contact the Mitsubishi representative in your region.

#### REVISIONS

\*The manual number is given on the bottom right of the front cover.

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Japanese Manual Version IB(NA)-68408-S

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This manual describes EMC standards and Low-Voltage instructions the handling precautions, and error codes of: A1SJHCPU (abbreviated to CPU in this manual)

Manuals

The manuals related to A1SJHCPU are listed below. Refer to the following manuals when necessary.

#### **Detailed manuals**

Manual Name	Manual No. (Model Code)
type A1SJH/A1SH/A2SHCPU(S1) User's manual Provides information on the performance, specifications, handling, etc. of the A1SJHCPU/A1SHCPU/A2SHCPU(S1) and on the memory cassette specifications and handling. (Sold separately)	IB-66779 (13JL22)

#### **Related manuals**

Manual Name	Manual No. (Model Code)
Type ACPU/QCPU-A (A Mode) Programming Manual (Fundamentals) Describes programming methods necessary for creating programs, device names, parameters, program types, memory area configuration, and so on. (Sold separately)	IB-66249 (13J740)
Type ACPU/QCPU-A (A Mode) Programming Manual (Common Instructions) Describes how to use the sequence instruction, basic instructions, applied instructions and microcomputer programs. (Sold separately)	IB-66250 (13J741)
Type AnSHCPU/AnACPU/AnUCPU/QCPU-A (A Mode) Programming Manual (Dedicated Instructions) Describes instructions that have been expanded for A1SJHCPU/ A1SHCPU/A2SHCPU(S1). (Sold separately)	IB-66251 (13J742)
AnS Module type I/O User's Manual Describes the specification of the compact building block type I/O module. (Sold separately)	IB-66541 (13JE81)

#### USER PRECAUTONS

#### Precautions when using the AnS series

For a new CPU module, which has never used before, the contents of built-in RAM and device data are undefined.

Make sure to clear the built-in RAM memory (PC memory all clear) in the CPU module by peripheral devices and operate latch clear by RUN/STOP key switches.

#### Precautions for battery

- (1) The operation after a battery is unmounted and the programmable controller is stored. When reoperating after a battery is uncounted and the programmable controller is stored, the contents of built-in RAM and device data may be undefined. For this reason, make sure to clear the built-in RAM memory (PC memory all clear) in the CPU module by peripheral devices and operate latch clear by RUN/STOP key switch before start the operation again.
- (2) If a battery exceeded its guaranteed life is stored and reoperated. If a battery exceeded its guaranteed life is stored and reoperated, the contents of built-in RAM and device data may be undefined. For this reason, make sure to clear the built-in RAM memory (PC memory all clear) in the CPU module by peripheral devices and operate latch clear by RUN/STOP key switches before start the operation again.

After the built-in RAM clear and latch clear of the CPU module, write the backed-up memory contents to the CPU module before saving.

POINT	
Make sure to ba	ck-up each memory contents before storing the programmable controller.

- \* Refer to the following manuals for details of built-in RAM clear (programmable controller memory all clear) by peripheral devices.
  - GX Developer Operating Manual
  - A6GPP/A6PHP Operating Manual
  - SW□SRX/SW□NX/SW□IVD-GPPA Operating Manual Refer to Section 4.5 for latch clear operation by RUN/STOP key switch of the CPU module.

### 1. SPECIFICATIONS

#### **1.1 SPECIFICATIONS**

Item	Specifications					
Ambient operating temperature	0 to 55 °C					
Ambient storage temperature	–20 to 75 °C					
Ambient operating humidity	10 to 90 % RH, No-condensing					
Ambient storage humidity		10	to 90 % RH,	No-condensing	1	
			Frequency	Acceleration	Amplitude	Sweep count
Vibration	Conforming to JIS B 3502, IEC 61131-2	Under intermittent vibration	5 to 9Hz	-	3.5mm (0.138in.)	10 times each in
resistance *4			9 to 150Hz	9.8m/s <sup>2</sup>	-	X, Y, Z directions
		Under continuous	5 to 9Hz	-	1.75mm (0.069in.)	-
		vibration	9 to 150Hz	4.9m/s <sup>2</sup>	-	
Shock resistance		Conforming to JIS B 3502, IEC 61131-2 (147m/s <sup>2</sup> , 3 times in each of 3 directions X Y Z)				
Operating ambience	No corrosive gases					
Operating elevation *3	2000m (6562ft.) max.					
Installation location	Control panel					
Over voltage category *1	ll max.					
Pollution level *2	2 max.					
Equipment category	Class I					

Table 1.1 General specification

- \*1 This indicates the section of the power supply to which the equipment is assumed to be connected between the public electrical power distribution network and the machinery within premises. Category II applies to equipment for which electrical power is supplied from fixed facilities. The surge voltage withstand level for up to the rated voltage of 300 V is 2500 V.
- \*2 This index indicates the degree to which conductive material is generated in terms of the environment in which the equipment is used. Pollution level 2 is when only non-conductive pollution occurs. A temporary conductivity caused by condensing must be expected occasionally.
- \*3 Do not use or store the PC in the environment when the pressure is higher than the atmospheric pressure at sea level. Otherwise, malfunction may result. To use the PC in high-pressure environment, contact your nearest Mitsubishi representative. have welt (AFOD AFED AFOD ACOD ACOD) . .

When all A series extension base unit (A32b, A33b, A30b, A02b, A00b	, 13
used in the system, the following specifications apply.	

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	Frequency	Acceleration	Amplitude	Sweep count	
Under intermittent	10 to 57Hz	-	0.075mm (0.003in.)	10 times each in X, Y, Z directions	
vibration	57 to 150Hz	9.8m/s <sup>2</sup>	-		
Under continuous	10 to 57Hz	-	0.035mm (0.001in.)	-	
vibration	57 to 150Hz	4.9m/s <sup>2</sup>	-		

### 2. PERFORMANCE SPECIFICATIONS

#### 2.1 Performance Specifications

The memory capacities of A1SJHCPU module, performances of devices, etc., are presented below.

Type		A1SJHCPU	
Control system		Repeated operation (using stored program)	
I/O control method	ł	Refresh mode/Direct mode selectable	
Programming lang	guage	Language dedicated to sequence control. Relay symbol type and logic symbolic language, MELSAP-II (SFC)	
		Sequence instructions : 26	
Number of instruc	tions (types)	Basic instructions : 131	
		Application instructions : 106	
		CC-Link dedicated instructions : 8	
Processing speed		Direct : 0.33 to 2.3 µs/step	
(sequence instruc	tion)	Refresh : 0.33 µs/step	
Number of I/O dev	ice points	2048 *2	
Number of I/O poi	nts	256	
Watchdog timer (\	NDT)	10 to 2000 ms	
Memory capacity	1 (built-in RAM)	64 k bytes	
Program	Main sequence	Max. 8 k steps	
capacity	Sub sequence	None	
Self-diagnostics fu	unctions	Watchdog error monitor, Memory error detection, CPU error detection, I/O error detection, Battery error detection, etc.	
Operation mode a error	t the time of	STOP/CONTINUE	
$STOP \to RUN \text{ out}$	tput mode	Output data at time of STOP restored/data output after operation execution	
Clock function		Year, month, day, hour, minute, second (Automatically recognizes leap years.) Accuracy -3.1 to +5.3 s (TYP. +1.7 s)/d at 0 °C -1.6 to +5.3 s (TYP. +2.4 s)/d at 25°C -9.6 to +3.6 s (TYP2.1 s)/d at 55 °C	
Allowable momentary power failure period		Depends on power supply module	
Current consumpt	ion (5 V DC)	0.3 A	
Weight		7.0 kg	
Standard		UL/cUL	

Table 2.1 Performance specifications

- \*1 The maximum total memory that can be used for parameters, T/C set values, program capacity, file registers, number of comments, sampling trace, and status latch is 32 k/64 k bytes. The memory capacity is fixed. No expansion memory is available.
- \*2 The I/O device after the actual input points can be used as MELSECNET(/B), MELSECNET/MINI-S3, or CC-Link.

#### 3. EMC DIRECTIVES AND LOW VOLTAGE DIRECTIVES

The products sold in the European countries have been required by law to comply with the EMC Directives and Low Voltage Directives of the EU Directives since 1996 and 1997, respectively.

The manufacturers must confirm by self-declaration that their products meet the requirements of these directives, and put the CE mark on the products.

 Authorized representative in Europe Authorized representative in Europe is shown below.
 Name: Mitsubishi Electric Europe BV Address: Gothaer Strase 8, 40880 Ratingen, Germany

#### 3.1 Requirements for Compliance with EMC Directives

The EMC Directives specifies emission and immunity criteria and requires the products to meet both of them, i.e., not to emit excessive electromagnetic interference (emission): to be immune to electromagnetic interference outside (immunity).

Guidelines for complying the machinery including MELSEC-AnS series programmable controller with the EMC Directives are provided in Section 3.1.1 to 3.1.8 below.

The guidelines are created based on the requirements of the regulations and relevant standards, however, they do not guarantee that the machinery constructed according to them will not comply with the Directives.

Therefore, the manufacturer of the machinery must finally determine how to make it comply with the EMC Directives: if it is actually compliant with the EMC Directives.

#### 3.1.1 EMC standards

(1) Regulations regarding emission

Standard	Test item	Test description	Value specified in standard
EN61131-2: 2007	CISPR16-2-3 Radiated emission *2	Radio waves from the product are measured.	• 30M-230MHz QP: 40dBµV/m (10m in measurement range) *1 • 230M-1000MHz QP: 47dBµV/m (10m in measurement range)
	CISPR16-2-1, CISPR16-1-2 Conducted emission *2	Noise from the product to the power line is measured.	<ul> <li>150k-500kHz QP: 79dB, Mean: 66dB *1</li> <li>500k-30MHz QP: 73dB, Mean: 60dB</li> </ul>

\*1 QP: Quasi-peak value, Mean: Average value

\*2 Programmable controllers are open-type devices (devices designed to be housed inside other equipment) and must be installed inside a conductive control panel. The corresponding tests were conducted with the programmable controller installed inside a control panel.

#### (2) Regulations regarding immunity

Standard	Test item	Test description	Value specified in standard
	EN61000-4-2 Electrostatic discharge immunity *1	Immunity test in which electrostatic is applied to the cabinet of the equipment.	<ul> <li>8kV Air discharge</li> <li>4kV Contact discharge</li> </ul>
	EN61000-4-3 Radiated, radiofrequency, electromagnetic field immunity *1	Immunity test in which electric fields are irradiated to the product.	80% AM modulation@1kHz • 80M-1000MHz: 10V/m • 1.4G-2.0GHz: 3V/m • 2.0G-2.7GHz: 1V/m
	EN61000-4-4 Electrical fast transient/burst immunity *1	Immunity test in which burst noise is applied to the power line and signal line.	<ul> <li>AC/DC main power, I/O power, AC I/O (unshielded): 2kV</li> <li>DC I/O, analog, communication: 1kV</li> </ul>
EN61131-2: 2007	EN61000-4-5 Surge immunity *1	Immunity test in which lightning surge is applied to the power line and signal line.	AC power line, AC I/O power, AC I/O (unshielded) : 2kV CM, 1kV DM DC power line, DC I/O power : 0.5kV CM, DM DC I/O, AC I/O (shielded), analog, communication: 1kV CM
	EN61000-4-6 Immunity to conducted disturbances, induced by radio- frequency fields *1	Immunity test in which high frequency noise is applied to the power line and signal line.	0.15M-80MHz, 80% AM modulation@1kHz, 10Vrms
	EN61000-4-8 Power-frequency magnetic field immunity *1	Immunity test in which the product is installed in inductive magnetic field.	50Hz/60Hz, 30A/m
	EN61000-4-11 Voltage dips and interruption immunity *1	Immunity test in which power supply voltage is momentarily interrupted.	<ul> <li>Apply at 0%, 0.5 cycles and zero-cross point</li> <li>0%, 250/300 cycles (50/60Hz)</li> <li>40%, 10/12 cycles (50/60Hz)</li> <li>70%, 25/30 cycles (50/60Hz)</li> </ul>

\*1 Programmable controllers are open-type devices (devices designed to be housed inside other equipment) and must be installed inside a conductive control panel. The corresponding tests were conducted with the programmable controller installed inside a control panel.

#### 3.1.2 Installation instructions for EMC Directive

The programmable controller is open equipment and must be installed within a control cabinet for use.\* This not only ensures safety but also ensues effective shielding of programmable controller-generated electromagnetic noise.

- Also, each network remote station needs to be installed inside the control panel.
   However, the waterproof type remote station can be installed outside the control panel.
- (1) Control cabinet
  - (a) Use a conductive control cabinet.
  - (b) When attaching the control cabinet's top plate or base plate, mask painting and weld so that good surface contact can be made between the cabinet and plate.
  - (c) To ensure good electrical contact with the control cabinet, mask the paint on the installation bolts of the inner plate in the control cabinet so that contact between surfaces can be ensured over the widest possible area.
  - (d) Earth the control cabinet with a thick wire so that a low impedance connection to ground can be ensured even at high frequencies.
  - (e) Holes made in the control cabinet must be 10 cm (3.94 in.) diameter or less. If the holes are 10 cm (3.94 in.) or larger, radio frequency noise may be emitted.
  - (f) Lock the control panel so that only those who are trained and have acquiredenough knowledge of electric facilities can open the control panel.

- (2) Connection of power and earth wires Earthing and power supply wires for the programmable controller system must be connected as described below.
  - (a) Provide an earthing point near the power supply module. Earth the power supply's LG and FG terminals (LG : Line Ground, FG : Frame Ground) with the thickest and shortest wire possible. (The wire length must be 30 cm (11.18 in.) or shorter.) The LG and FG terminals function is to pass the noise generated in the programmable controller system to the ground, so an impedance that is as low as possible must be ensured. In addition, make sure to wire the ground cable short as the wires are used to relieve the noise, the wire itself carries large noise content and thus short wiring means that the wire is prevented from acting as an antenna.
  - (b) The earth wire led from the earthing point must be twisted with the power supply wires. By twisting with the earthing wire, noise flowing from the power supply wires can be relieved to the earthing. However, if a filter is installed on the power supply wires, the wires and the earthing wire may not need to be twisted.

#### 3.1.3 Cables

The cables extracted from the control panel contain a high frequency noise component. On the outside of the control panel, therefore, they serve as antennas to emit noise. To prevent noise emission, use shielded cables for the cables which are connected to the I/O modules and intelligent function modules and may be extracted to the outside of the control panel.

The use of a shielded cable also increases noise resistance. The signal lines (including common line) of the programmable controller, which are connected to I/O modules, intelligent function modules and/or extension cables, have noise durability in the condition of grounding their shields by using the shielded cables. If a shielded cable is not used or not grounded correctly, the noise resistance will not meet the specified requirements.

- (1) Earthing of shielded of cables
  - (a) Earth the shield of the shielded cable as near the unit as possible taking care so that the earthed cables are not induced electromagnetically by the cable to be earthed.
  - (b) Take appropriate measures so that the shield section of the shielded cable from which the outer cover was partly removed for exposure is earthed to the control panel on an increased contact surface. A clamp may also be used as shown in the figure below. In this case, however, apply a cover to the painted inner wall surface of the control panel which comes in contact with the clamp.



Note) The method of earthing by soldering a wire onto the shield section of the shielded cable as shown below is not recommended. The high frequency impedance will increase and the shield will be ineffective.



- (2) MELSECNET (II) and MELSECNET/10 modules
  - (a) Use a double-shielded coaxial cable for the MELSECNET module which uses coaxial cables such as A1SJ71AR21, A1SJ71LR21 and A1SJ71BR11. Noise in the range of 30 MHz or higher in radiation noise can be suppressed by the use of double-shielded coaxial cables (manufactured by MITSUBISHI CABLE INDUSTRIES, LTD: 5C-2V-CCY). Earth the outer shield to the ground.



For the shield grounding, refer to item (1).

- (b) Make sure to attach a ferrite core to the double-shielded coaxial cable connected to the MELSECNET module. In addition, position the ferrite core on each cable near the outlet of the control panel. The ferrite core manufactured by TDK Corporation, ZCAT3035-1330, is recommended.
- (3) Ethernet module

Precautions to be followed when AUI cables and coaxial cables are used are described below.

(a) Always earth the AUI cables\*1 connected to the 10BASE5 connectors. Because the AUI cable is of the shielded type, strip part of the outer cover and earth the exposed shield section to the ground on the widest contact surface as shown below.



(b) Use shielded twisted pair cables as the twisted pair cables\*1 connected to the 10BASE-T connectors. For the shielded twisted pair cables, strip part of the outer cover and earth the exposed shield section to the ground on the widest contact surface as shown below.



Refer to (1) for the earthing of the shield

\*1 Make sure to install a ferrite core for the cable. The ferrite core manufactured by TDK Corporation, ZCAT2032-0930, is recommended. (c) Always use double-shielded coaxial cables as the coaxial cables\*2 connected to the 10BASE2 connectors. Earth the double-shielded coaxial cable by connecting its outer shield to the ground.



Refer to (1) for the earthing of the shield

\*2 Make sure to install a ferrite core for the cable. The ferrite core manufactured by TDK Corporation, ZCAT3035-1330, is recommended.

Ethernet is the registered trademark of XEROX, Co.,LTD

(4) I/O and other communication cables

For the I/O signal lines (including common line) and other communication cables (RS-232, RS-422, etc), if extracted to the outside of the control panel, also ensure to earth the shield section of these lines and cables in the same manner as in item (1) above.

(5) Positioning Modules

Precautions to be followed when the machinery conforming to the EMC Directive is configured using the A1SD75P□-S3 are described below.

- (a) When wiring with a 2 m (6.56 ft.) or less cable
  - Ground the shield section of the external wiring cable with the cable clamp.

(Ground the shield at the closest location to the A1SD75 external wiring connector.)

- Wire the external wiring cable to the drive unit and external device with the shortest practicable length of cable.
- · Install the drive unit in the same panel.



- (b) When wiring with cable that exceeds 2 m (6.56 ft.), but is 10 m (32.81 ft.) or less
  - Ground the shield section of the external wiring cable with the cable clamp.
     (Ground the shield at the closest location to the A1SD75 external wiring connector.)
  - · Install a ferrite core.
  - Wire the external wiring cable to the drive unit and external device with the shortest practicable length of cable.



- (c) Ferrite core and cable clamp types and required quantities
  - Cable clamp Type : AD75CK (manufactured by Mitsubishi Electric Corporation)
  - Ferrite core Type : ZCAT3035-1330 (manufactured by TDK Corporation) Contact: TDK Corporation
  - Required quantity

Cable length	Droparad part	Required Qty		
Cable length	Fiepaleu pait	1 axis	2 axes	3 axes
Within 2 m (6.56 ft.)	AD75CK	1	1	1
2 m (6 56 ft) to $10m (22.91 ft)$	AD75CK	1	1	1
2 11 (0.50 11.) 10 1011 (52.81 11.)	ZCAT3035-1330	1	2	3



- (6) CC-Link Module
  - (a) Be sure to ground the cable shield that is connected to the CC-Link module close to the exit of control panel or to any of the CC-Link stations within 30 cm (11.81 in.) from the module or stations.

The CC-Link dedicated cable is a shielded cable. As shown in the illustration below, remove a portion of the outer covering and ground as large a surface area of the exposed shield part as possible.



- (b) Always use the specified CC-Link dedicated cable.
- (c) The CC-Link module, the CC-Link stations and the FG line inside the control panel should be connected at both the FG terminal and the SLD terminal as shown in the diagram below.

[Simplified diagram]



- (d) Each power line connecting to the external power supply terminal or module power supply terminal must be 30m (98.43 ft) or less.
- (e) Install a noise filter to the external power supply. Use a noise filter with an attenuation characteristic equivalent to that of the MA1206 (TDK-Lambda Corporation). Note that a noise filter is not required when the module is used in Zone A defined in EN61131-2.

- (f) Keep the length of signal cables connected to the analog input terminals of the following modules to 30m or less. Wire cables connected to the external power supply and module power supply terminal in the control panel where the module is installed.
  - AJ65BT-64RD3
  - AJ65BT-64RD4
  - AJ65BT-68TD
- (g) For the cable connected to the power supply terminal of the AJ65SBT-RPS or AJ65BT-68TD, attach a ferrite core with an attenuation characteristic equivalent to that of the ZCAT3035-1330 from TDK Corporation. Twist the cable around the ferrite core by one as shown below.



- (7) CC-Link/LT module To supply the CL2DA2-B and CL2AD4-B with 24VDC power using the CL1PAD1, keep the length of the power cable from the CL1PAD1 to the 24VDC power supply to 30m or less.
- (8) Measures against static electricity

When using an insulation displacement connector without connector cover, a connected cable for the connector is thin in applicable wire size and coating. Therefore, note that the module may cause an electric discharge failure.

As measures against the failure, using pressure-displacement type connector whose applicable wire size is thick or soldering type connector is recommended.

#### 3.1.4 Power supply module

The precautions required for each power supply module are described below. Always observe the items noted as precautions.

Model	Precautions
A1S61PN, A1S62PN	Make sure to short the LG and FG terminals with a cable of 6 to 7cm and ground the cable.
A1S63P *1	Use the 24VDC panel power equipment conforming to the EU Directive.
A1SJHCPU(S8)	Make sure to short and ground the LG and FG terminals. *2

\*1 Filter attachment to the power cable is not required for the A1S63P product with the version (F) and later. However, use the 24VDC panel power equipment that conforms to the CE.

\*2 Make sure to attach two ferrite cores to the power line. Attach them as close to the power supply module as possible. Use a ferrite core whose damping characteristic is equivalent to that of the RFC-H13 produced by KITAGAWA INDUSTREIS CO., LTD.

#### 3.1.5 Ferrite core

Use of ferrite cores is effective in reducing the conduction noise in the band of about 10 MHz and radiated noise in 30 to 100 MHz band. It is recommended to attach ferrite cores when the shield of the shielded cable coming out of the control panel does not work effectively, or when emission of the conduction noise from the power line has to be suppressed.

We tested using ferrite cores from TDK Corporation, ZCAT3035-1330 and ZCAT2032-0930, and RFC-H13 from KITAGAWA INDUSTREIS CO., LTD.

Make sure to attach a ferrite core to a cable at the position closest to the outlet of control panel as possible. If attached at an improper position, the ferrite core will not work effectively.

· Ferrite core

 Type
 : ZCAT3035-1330, ZCAT2032-0930

 Contact
 : TDK Corporation

 Type
 : RFC-H13

 Contact
 : KITAGAWA INDUSTREIS CO., LTD

#### 3.1.6 Noise filter (power supply line filter)

A noise filter is a component which has an effect on conducted noise. With the exception of some models, it is not required to fit the noise filter to the power supply line, but fitting it can further suppress noise. (The noise filter has the effect of reducing conducted noise of 10 M Hz or less.) Use any of the following noise filters (double  $\pi$  type filters) or equivalent.

Model name	FN343-3/01	FN660-6/06	ZHC2203-11
Manufacturer	SCHAFFNER	SCHAFFNER	TDK
Rated current	3 A	6 A	3 A
Rated voltage	250 V		

The precautions required when installing a noise filter are described below.

(1) Do not bundle the wires on the input side and output side of the noise filter. When bundled, the output side noise will be induced into the input side wires from which the noise was filtered.



(2) Earth the noise filter earthing terminal to the control cabinet with the shortest wire possible (approx. 10 cm (3.94 in.)).

#### 3.1.7 Power line for external power supply terminal

Use a CE-marked AC/DC power supply for an external power supply of the modules, and the power cable length needs to be less than 30m (98.43 ft.).\*1

\*1 The power cable length for the A1SJ71E71N-B5 needs to be less than 3m (9.84 ft.).

Install noise filters to external supply power terminals of the I/O module and the modules below.

Use noise filters whose damping characteristic is equivalent to that of the MA1206 produced by TDK Lambda Corporation.

- · Analog-digital converter module
- · Digital-analog converter module
- · Analog I/O module
- · Temperature input module
- · Temperature control module
- · Pulse input module
- · High-speed counter module
- · Positioning module

## 3.1.8 Installation environment of the CC-Link/LT module and the AS-i module

(1) CC-Link/LT module

Use the module under the environment of Zone A\*1. For the categories of the following products, refer to the manual came with each product.

- CL1Y4-R1B1
- CL1Y4-R1B2
- CL1XY4-DR1B2
- CL1XY8-DR1B2
- CL1PSU-2A
- (2) AS-i module

Use the module under the environment of Zone A\*1.

- \*1 Zone defines categories according to industrial environment, specified in the EMC and Low Voltage Directives, EN61131-2. Zone C: Factory mains (isolated from public mains by
  - Zone C: Factory mains (isolated from public mains by dedicated transformer)
  - Zone B: Dedicated power distribution, secondary surge protection (rated voltage: 300V or less)
  - Zone A: Local power distribution, protected from dedicated power distribution by AC/DC converter and insulation transformer (rated voltage: 120V or less)

#### 3.2 Requirements for Compliance with Low Voltage Directives

The Low Voltage Directives apply to the electrical equipment operating from 50 to 1000VAC or 75 to 1500VDC; the manufacturer must ensure the adequate safety of the equipment.

Guidelines for installation and wiring of MELSEC-AnS series programmable controller are provided in Section 3.2.1 to 3.2.7 for the purpose of compliance with the EMC Directives.

The guidelines are created based on the requirements of the regulations and relevant standards, however, they do not guarantee that the machinery constructed according to them will comply with the Directives.

Therefore, the manufacturer of the machinery must finally determine how to make it comply with the EMC Directives: if it is actually compliant with the EMC Directives.

#### 3.2.1 Standard applied for MELSEC-AnS series programmable controller

The standard applied for MELSEC-AnS series programmable controller series is EN61010-1 safety of devices used in measurement rooms, control rooms, or laboratories.

For the modules which operate with the rated voltage of 50 VAC/75 VDC or above, we have developed new models that conform to the above standard.

For the modules which operate with the rated voltage under 50 VAC/75 VDC, the conventional models can be used, because they are out of the low voltage directive application range.
# 3.2.2 Precautions when using the MELSEC-AnS series programmable controller

Module selection

(1) Power module

For a power module with rated input voltage of 100/200 VAC, select a model in which the internal part between the first order and second order is intensively insulated, because it generates hazardous voltage (voltage of 42.4 V or more at the peak) area. For a power module with 24 VDC rated input, a conventional model can be used.

(2) I/O module

For I/O module with rated input voltage of 100/200 VAC, select a model in which the internal area between the first order and second order is intensively insulated, because it has hazardous voltage area.

For I/O module with 24 VDC rated input, a conventional model can be used.

- (3) CPU module, memory cassette, base unit Conventional models can be used for these modules, because they only have a 5 VDC circuit inside.
- (4) Special function module

Conventional models can be used for the special modules including analog module, network module, and positioning module, because the rated voltage is 24 VDC or smaller.

(5) Display device Use the CE-marked product.

## 3.2.3 Power supply

The insulation specification of the power module was designed assuming installation category II. Be sure to use the installation category II power supply to the programmable controller. The installation category indicates the durability level against surge voltage generated by a thunderbolt. Category I has the lowest durability; category IV has the highest durability.



Category II indicates a power supply whose voltage has been reduced by two or more levels of isolating transformers from the public power distribution.

### 3.2.4 Control panel

Because the programmable controller is an open device (a device designed to be stored within another module), be sure to use it after storing in the control panel.

(1) Electrical shock prevention

In order to prevent persons who are not familiar with the electric facility such as the operators from electric shocks, the control panel must have the following functions:

- (a) The control panel must be equipped with a lock so that only the personnel who has studied about the electric facility and have enough knowledge can open it.
- (b) The control panel must have a structure which automatically stops the power supply when the box is opened.
- (c) For electric shock protection, use IP20 or greater control panel.

(2) Dustproof and waterproof features

The control panel also has the dustproof and waterproof functions. Insufficient dustproof and waterproof features lower the insulation withstand voltage, resulting in insulation destruction. The insulation in our programmable controller is designed to cope with the pollution level 2, so use in an environment with pollution level 2 or below.

- Pollution level 1: An environment where the air is dry and conductive dust does not exist.
- Pollution level 2 : An environment where conductive dust does not usually exist, but occasional temporary conductivity occurs due to the accumulated dust. Generally, this is the level for inside the control panel equivalent to IP54 in a control room or on the floor of a typical factory.
- Pollution level 3 : An environment where conductive dust exits and conductivity may be generated due to the accumulated dust.

An environment for a typical factory floor.

Pollution level 4 : Continuous conductivity may occur due to rain, snow, etc. An outdoor environment.

As shown above, the programmable controller can realize the pollution level 2 when stored in a control panel equivalent to IP54.

## 3.2.5 Module installation

- (1) Installing modules contiguously
  - In Q2AS series programmable controllers, the left side of each I/O module is left open. When installing an I/O module to the base, do not make any open slots between any two modules. If there is an open slot on the left side of a module with 100/200 VAC rating, the printed board which contains the hazardous voltage circuit becomes bare. When it is unavoidable to make an open slot, be sure to install the blank module (A1SG60).

## 3.2.6 Grounding

There are two kinds of grounding terminals as shown below. Either grounding terminal must be used grounded.

Be sure to ground the protective grounding for the safety reasons.

## 3.2.7 External wiring

- (1) Module power supply and external power supply For the remote module which requires 24VDC as module power supply, the 5/12/24/48VDC I/O module, and the intelligent function module (special function module) which requires the external power supply, use the 5/12/24/48VDC circuit which is doubly insulated from the hazardous voltage circuit or use the power supply whose insulation is reinforced.
- (2) External devices

When a device with a hazardous voltage circuit is externally connected to the programmable controller, use a model whose circuit section of the interface to the programmable controller is intensively insulated from the hazardous voltage circuit.

(3) Intensive insulation

Intensive insulation refers to the insulation with the dielectric withstand voltage shown in Table 1.

 Rated voltage of hazardous voltage area
 Surge withstand voltage (1.2/50 μs)

 150 VAC or below
 2500 V

 300 VAC or below
 4000 V

Table 1: Intensive Insulation Withstand Voltage (Installation Category II, source: IEC664)

## 4. LOADING AND INSTALLATION

## 4.1 Installing the Module

### 4.1.1 Notes on handling the module

This section explains some notes on handling the CPU module, I/O module, special function module, power supply module, and base unit.

- Do not drop or allow any impact to the modules case, memory card, terminal block cover, or pin connector.
- (2) Do not remove the module printed wiring board from the case. Otherwise, a malfunction may occur.
- (3) Use caution to prevent foreign matter, such as wire chips, falling into the module during wiring. If foreign matter enters the module, remove it.
- (4) Use the fallowing torque range to tighten the module fixing screws and terminal block screws:

Screw portion	Tightening torque range
Module fixing screw (M4 screw)	78 to 118 N·cm
I/O module (M3.5 screw)	59 to 88 N·cm
Power supply module terminal screws (M3.5 screw)	59 to 78 N·cm

- (5) Observe the following points when you are installing the DIN rail:
  - (a) Applicable DIN rail type (JIS C 2812) TH35-7.5Fe TH35-7.5Al TH35-15Fe
  - (b) DIN rail installation screw interval When you are using the TH35-7.5Fe or TH35-7.5Al DIN rail, tighten the DIN rail installation screw with a pitch of 200 mm (7.87 inch) or less to maintain the strength.



(6) When installing the base unit to DIN rail in an environment with large vibration, use a vibration-proofing bracket (A1S-PLT-D). Mounting the vibration-proofing bracket (A1S-PLT-D) enhances the resistance to vibration. Depending on the environment to set up the base unit, it is also recommended to fix the base unit to the control panel directly.

## 4.1.2 Installation environment

Avoid the following environment when you install the CPU system:

- (1) A location in which the ambient temperature falls outside the range of 0 to 55 degrees Celsius.
- (2) A location in which the ambient humidity falls outside the range of 10 to 90%RH.
- (3) A location in which condensation may occur due to drastic changes in temperature.
- (4) A location in which corrosive gas or flammable gas exists.
- (5) A location in which the system is easily exposed to conductive powder, such as dust and iron filings, oil mist, salt, or organic solvent.
- (6) A location exposed to direct sunlight.
- (7) A location in which strong electrical or magnetic fields are generated.
- (8) A location in which the module is exposed to direct vibration or impact.

## 4.1.3 Notes on installing the base unit

Take ease of operation, ease of maintenance, and environmental durability into consideration when you are installing the programmable controller on the panel.

(1) Mounting dimension

Mounting dimensions of each base unit are as follows:

(a) Main base unit



#### (b) External base unit



Dimensions: mm (inch)

	A1S52B (S1)	A1S55B (S1)	A1S58B (S1)	A1S65B (S1)	A1S68B (S1)			
W	155 (6.10)	260 (10.24)	365 (14.37)	315 (12.40)	420 (16.54)			
Ws	135 (5.31)	240 (9.45)	345 (13.58)	295 (11.61)	400 (15.75)			
Н		130 (5.12)						
Hs	110 (4.33)							

(2) Module installation position

To maintain good ventilation and make it easy to replace the module, keep the following distances between the top and bottom of the module and the structure or other components.

- A1SJHCPU, A1S5
   B, A1S6
   B......30 mm (1.18 inch) or over
- A5□B, A6□B ......80 mm (3.15 inch) or over



- (3) Module installation direction
  - (a) Use the programmable controller in the following position for better ventilation and heat dissipation:



(b) Do not use the programmable controller in the following positions:



Vertical position

Horizontal position

- (4) Install the base unit on a level surface. If the surface is not level, force may be applied to the printed wiring board, causing a malfunction.
- (5) Install the unit far from any source of vibration, such as a large magnetic contactor and a no-fuse breaker on the same panel, or install it on a separate panel.
- (6) Keep the following distance between the programmable controller and other devices (such as a contactor and a relay) in order to avoid the influence of radiated noise and heat:



## 4.2 Fail-Safe Circuit Concept

When the programmable controller is powered ON and then OFF, improper outputs may be generated temporarily depending on the delay time and start-up time differences between the programmable controller power supply and the external power supply for the control target (especially, DC).

For example, if the external power supply for the control target is powered ON and then the programmable controller is powered ON, the DC output module may generate incorrect outputs temporarily upon the programmable controller power-ON. Therefore, it is required to build the circuit that energizes the programmable controller by priority.

The external power failure or programmable controller failure may lead to the system error.

In order to eliminate the possibility of the system error and ensure failsafe operation, build the following circuit outside the programmable controller: emergency circuit, protection circuit and interlock circuit, as they could cause machine damages and accidents due to the abovementioned failures.

An example of system design, which is based on fail-safe concept, is provided on the next page.

#### (1) System design circuit example



The procedures used to switch on the power supply are indicated below.

#### AC system

- [1] Switch the power supply ON.
- [2] Set the CPU module to RUN.
- [3] Switch the start switch ON.
- [4] The output devices are driven in accordance with program when the [4] magnetic contactor (MC) turns ON.

#### AC/DC system

- [1] Switch the power supply ON.
- [2] Set the CPU module to RUN.
- [3] Switch RA2 ON when the DC power supply starts.
  - Switch the timer (TM) ON when the DC power supply reaches working voltage. (The set value for TM must be the time it takes for 100% establishment of the DC power after RA2 is switched ON. Make this set value 0.5 seconds.)
- [5] Switch the start switch ON.
- [6] The output devices are driven in accordance with the program when the magnetic contactor (MC) comes ON.

(If a voltage relay is used at RA2, no timer (TM) is necessary in the program.)

(2) Fail-safe measures to cover the possibility of programmable controller failure

Problems with a CPU module and memory can be detected by the self diagnostics function. However, problems with I/O control area may not be detected by the CPU module.

In such cases, all I/O points turn ON or OFF depending on the problem, and normal operation and safety cannot be maintained. Though Mitsubishi programmable controllers are manufactured under strict quality control, they may fail or malfunction due to unspecified reasons. To prevent the whole system failure, machine breakdown, and accidents, build a fail-safe circuit outside the programmable controller.

Examples of a system and its fail-safe circuitry are described below:

<System example>



\*1 The output module for fail-safe purpose should be mounted on the last slot of the system. (YB0 to YBF in the above system.)



- \*2 Since YB0 turns ON and OFF alternatively at 0.5 second intervals, use a contactless output module (a transistor is used in the above example).
- \*3 If an offdelay timer (especially miniature timer) is not available, construct the failsafe circuit using an ondelay timer shown on the next page.

#### When constructing a failsafe circuit using ondelay timers only



\*4 Use a solid state relay for the M1 relay.

## 4.3 Wiring

# 4.3.1 Performance specifications for the A1SJHCPU built-in power supply

Type	A1SJHCPU
	100 to 120VAC +10% (85 to 132VAC)
Input power supply	200 to 240VAC +10% (170 to 264VAC)
Input frequency	50/60Hz ±3Hz
Input voltage distortion factor	Within 5% (Refer to Section 4.3.)
Input maximum apparent power	100VA
Inrush current	20A 8ms or less
Rated output	5 VDC 3A
Overcurrent protection *1	3.3A or over
Overvoltage protection *2	Not provided
Efficiency	65 % or over
Power supply indication	POWER LED indicator
Terminal screw size	M3.5 × 8
Applicable wire size	0.3 to 2 mm <sup>2</sup>
Applicable solderless terminal	RAV 1.25 to 3.5, RAV 2 to 3.5
Allowable momentary power failure period *3	20ms or less (100VAC or over)

#### Table 4.1 Performance specifications for the A1SJHCPU built -in power supply

	POINT	
*1	Overcurrent The overcur the system i As this resu After that, el short circuit, When the cu performed.	protection rent protection device shuts off the 5VDC and/or 24VDC circuit(s) and stops f the current exceeding the specified value flows in the circuit(s). ts in voltage drop, the power supply module LED turns OFF or is dimly lit. iminate the causes of overcurrent, e.g., insufficient current capacity and and then start the system. Irrent has reached the normal value, the initial start up of the system will be
*2	Overvoltage The overvol overvoltage This results When restar start up of th If the system module has	protection lage protection shuts off the 5VDC circuit and stops the system if the of 5.5 to 6.5V is applied to the circuit. in the power supply module LED turning OFF. ting the system, power OFF and ON the input power supply, and the initial le system will be performed. It is not booted and the LED remains off, this means that the power supply to be replaced.
*3	Allowable m The program with the pow In case of th period is def for supplying side) has dr	omentary power failure period mable controller CPU allowable momentary power failure period varies er supply module used. e A1S63P power supply module, the allowable momentary power failure ined as the time from when the primary side of the stabilized power supply g 24VDC to the A1S63P is turned OFF until when the voltage (secondary opped from 24VDC to the specified value (15.6VDC) or less.
*4	Inrush curre If the power inrush curre Therefore, n When selec as meltdowr	nt supply module is re-powered ON right after powered OFF (within 5s), the nt exceeding the specified value (2ms or less) may be generated. nake sure to re-power ON the module 5s after power off. ing a fuse or breaker for external circuit, consider the above point as well and detection characteristics.

## 4.3.2 The precautions on the wirings

This section gives the wiring instruction for the system.

- (1) Wiring of power supply
  - (a) When voltage fluctuations are larger than the specified value, connect a constant-voltage transformer.



(b) Use a power supply which generates minimal noise between wires and between the programmable controller and ground. If excessive noise is generated, connect an insulating transformer.



(c) When a power transformer or insulating transformer is employed to reduce the voltage from 200 VAC to 100 VAC, use one with a capacity greater than those indicated in the following table.

	0		
Power Supply Module	Transformer Capacity	<b>n</b> .	Standa for the number of
A1S61PN	110VA × n	11.	Statius for the number of
A1S62PN	110VA × n		power supply modules.
	Power Supply Module A1S61PN A1S62PN	Power Supply Module         Transformer Capacity           A1S61PN         110VA × n           A1S62PN         110VA × n	Power Supply Module         Transformer Capacity           A1S61PN         110VA × n           A1S62PN         110VA × n

(d) Separate the programmable controller's power supply line from the lines for I/O devices and power devices as shown below.

When there is much noise, connect an insulation transformer.

(e) Taking rated current or inrush current into consideration when wiring the power supply, be sure to connect a breaker or an external fuse that have proper blown and detection. When using a single programmable controller, a 10A breaker or an external fuse are recommended for wiring protection.



(f) Note on using the 24 VDC output of the A1S62PN power supply module. If the 24 VDC output capacity is insufficient for one power supply module, supply 24 VDC from the external 24 VDC power supply as shown below:



(g) 100 V AC, 200 V AC and 24 V DC wires should be twisted as dense as possible. Connect the modules with the shortest distance.

Also, to reduce the voltage drop to the minimum, use the thickest wires possible (maximum 2mm<sup>2</sup>).

- (h) Do not bind 100VAC and 24VDC wires together with main circuit (high tension and large current) wires or I/O signal lines (including common line) nor place them near each other. Provide 100mm (3.94 inch) clearance between the wires if possible.
- As a countermeasure to power surge due to lightening, connect a surge absorber for lightening as shown below.



#### POINT

- Separate the ground of the surge absorber for lightening (E1) from that of the programmable controller (E2).
- (2) Select a surge absorber for lightening whose power supply voltage does no exceed the maximum allowable circuit voltage even at the time of maximum power supply voltage elevation.

- (2) Wiring to I/O device
  - (a) The solderless terminal with insulation sleeve is inapplicable to a terminal block.
     It is advisable to cover the wire connection part of a terminal with a mark tube or insulation tube.
  - (b) Install wiring to a terminal block using the cable of core diameter 0.3 to 0.75mm2, and outside diameter 2.8mm or less.
  - (c) Run the I/O line and output line away from each other.
  - (d) When the main circuit line and power line cannot be separated, use a shielding cable and ground it on the programmable controller side.

However, ground it on the opposite side in some cases.



- (e) When cables are run through pipes, securely ground the pipes.
- (f) Run the 24VDC input line away from the 100VAC and 200 VAC lines.
- (g) The cabling of 200m (656.2ft.) or longer distance may produce leakage current depending on the capacity between lines and result in an accident.
- (h) As a countermeasure against the power surge due to lightning, separate the AC wiring and DC wiring and connect a surge absorber for lightning as shown in (i) of item (1). Failure to do so increases the risk of I/O device failure due to lightning.

- (3) Grounding
  - (a) Carry out the independent grounding if possible. (Grounding resistance  $100\Omega$  or less.)
  - (b) If the independent grounding is impossible, carry out the shared grounding (2) as shown below.



- (c) Use the cable of 2mm<sup>2</sup> or more for grounding. Set the grounding point closer to the programmable controller to make the grounding cable short as possible.
- (d) If a malfunction occurs due to earthling, separate either LG or FG of the base module, the device combination, or all the connection from the earthling.

## 4.3.3 Wiring to module terminals

This section explains the wiring of power lines and grounding lines to the main and extension bases.



#### POINT

them

(1) Use the thickest possible (max. 2 mm<sup>2</sup> (14 AWG)) wires for the 100/200 VAC and 24 VDC power cables. Be sure to twist these wires starting at the connection terminals. For wiring a terminal block, be sure to use a solderless terminal. To prevent short-circuit due to loosening screws, use the solderless terminals with insulation sleeves of 0.8 mm (0.03 inch) or less thick. The number of the solderless terminals to be connected for one terminal block are limited to 2.

Solderless terminals with insulation sleeves Terminal block



# 4.4 Precautions when Connecting the Uninterruptible Power Supply (UPS)

Connect the A1SJHCPU system to the uninterruptible power supply (UPS), while paying attention to the followings.

When connecting an uninterruptible power supply (UPS) to the programmable controller system, use an online UPS or line-interactive UPS with a voltage distortion rate of 5% or less.

When connecting a standby UPS, use a Mitsubishi FREQUPS FW-F series UPS (hereinafter FW-F series UPS)\*1. (Example: FW-F10-0.3K/ 0.5K)

Do not use any standby UPS other than the FW-F series UPS.

\*1 The FW-F series UPS whose serial number starts with the letter "P" or later, or ends with the letters "HE" is applicable.

SERIAL	;	<u>Q</u> 000000000		- Starts with "P" or later
SERIAL	:	B00000000	HI	Ends with "HF"

## 4.5 Parts of the CPU

#### Parts of A1SJHCPU are described below. A1SJHCPU



(Indicator LED for the 5 VDC power supply.)

13) "RUN" LED

ON:

Indicates that the RUN/STOP key switch is set to the RUN position and the sequence program is being executed.

OFF:

The "RUN" LED is OFF in the following cases:

- When the 100/200 VAC power supply is not being supplied to the A1SJHCPU.
- When the RUN/STOP key switch is set to the STOP position.
- When a remote STOP/ PAUSE is currently effective. Flashing:

The "RUN" LED flashes in the following cases:

- When an error that stops sequence program operation has been detected in self-diagnosis.
- When a latch clear operation is being executed.

### 14) ERROR LED

ON:

Indicates that an error has been detected in self-diagnosis (Note that this LED remains OFF if the setting for the detected error in the ERROR LED indication priority settings is "OFF".)

OFF:

Indicates that no error has occurred, or a fault has been detected by the  $\fbox{CHK}$  instruction.

Flashing:

Indicates that the annunciator (F) has been switched ON by the sequence program.



- Set the RUN/STOP switch from the STOP position to the L.CLR position several times, causing the RUN LED to flash.
- Set the RUN/STOP switch from the STOP position to the L.CLR position one more time.
- 3) The latch clear operation is completed when the RUN LED goes OFF.

## MEMO


## 5. SPECIFICATION AND CONNECTION OF I/O MODULES

## 5.1 Input modules

## 5.1.1 Input module specifications

					Operatin	g Voltage	
Model	Туре	No. of Points	Rated Input Voltage	Input Current	ON voltage	OFF voltage	
A1SX10			100 to	6mA		30VAC or	
A1SX10EU	AC input		120VAC	7mA	80VAC or		
A1SX20			200 to	9mA	nigner	lower	
A1SX20EU			240VAC	11mA			
A15X30	DC/AC	16	12/24VDC	4.2/	7VDC/AC or	2.7VDC/AC or	
A13730	input	10	12/24VAC	8.6mA	higher	lower	
A1SX40			12/24VDC	3/7mA	8VDC or higher	4VDC or lower	
A1SX40-S1 A1SX40-S2			24VDC	7mA	14VDC or higher	6.5VDC or lower	
A1SX41			12/24VDC	3/7mA	8VDC or higher	4VDC or lower	
A1SX41-S1	DC input	C input 22	32		17VDC or	3.5VDC or	
///0/	(sink type)	02	24VDC	7mA	higher	lower	
A1SX41-S2	(- 51-7				14VDC or	6.5VDC or	
						lower	
A1SX42		12/24VDC	2/5mA	higher	4VDC or lower		
A1SX42-S1			041/00	EmA	18.5VDC or higher	3VDC or lower	
A1SX42-S2			24VDC		17.5VDC or higher	7VDC or lower	

	Maximum	Max. Resp	onse Time				
	Simultaneous Input Points (Percentage Simultaneously ON)	OFF to ON	ON to OFF	Field Wiring	Points/ Common	Internal Current Consumption (5VDC)	No. of Occupied Points
	100%(110VAC) 60%(132VAC)	20ms or lower	35ms or lower				
	100%(110VAC)						
	60%(220VAC)	30ms or lower	55ms or lower				
	75%(26 4\/DC)	20ms or lower	20ms or lower	Terminal	16	0.05A	16
	75%(26.4VDC)	25ms or lower	20ms or lower	reminar			
	100%(26.4VDC)	10ms or lower	10ms or lower				
		0.1ms or lower	0.2ms or lower				
		10ms or	10ms or				
	lower lower		lower			0.08A	
	60%(26.4VDC)	0.3ms or lower	0.3ms or lower	40-pin connector		0.12A	32
		10ms or	10ms or		22	0.08A	
		lower	lower	10	32	0.09A	
50	50%(24VDC)	0.3ms or lower	0.3ms or lower	40-pin connector		0.16A	64
		10ms or 10ms of lower lower		^2		0.09A	

					Operatin	g Voltage		
Model	Туре	No. of Points	Rated Input Voltage	Input Current	ON voltage	OFF voltage		
A1SX71		32	5/12/24VDC	1.2/3.3/ 7mA	3.5VDC or higher	1VDC or lower		
A1SX80			12/24VDC	3/7mA	8VDC or higher	4VDC or lower		
A1SX80-S1		16	24VDC	7m 4	17VDC or higher	5VDC or lower		
A1SX80-S2	DC input (sink/source	DC input sink/source	24VDC		13VDC or higher	6VDC or lower		
A1SX81	type)	type)	32	12/24VDC	3/7mA	8VDC or higher	4VDC or lower	
A1SX81-S2		52	24VDC	7mA	13VDC or higher	6VDC or lower		
A1SX82-S1		64	24VDC	5mA	18.5VDC or higher	3VDC or lower		
A1S42X	DC input (dynamic)	*2 16/32 48/64	12/24VDC	4/9mA	8VDC or higher	4VDC or lower		

	Maximum Max. Response Time						
	Simultaneous Input Points (Percentage Simultaneously ON)	OFF to ON	ON to OFF	Field Wiring	Points/ Common	Internal Current Consumption (5VDC)	No. of Occupied Points
	65%(24VDC)	1.5ms or lower	3ms or lower	40-pin connector	32	0.075A	32
	100%(26.4VDC)	10ms or lower	10ms or lower			0.05A	16
	85%(26.4VDC)	0.4ms or lower	0.5ms or lower	Terminal	16		
	100%(26.4VDC)	10ms or lower	10ms or lower				
	60%(26.4VDC)	10ms or lower	10ms or lower	37-pin D-sub connector	32	0.08A	32
	50%(26.4VDC)	0.3ms or lower	0.3ms or lower	40-pin connector ×2	32	0.16A	64
	100%(26.4VDC)	0.4ms or lower <sup>*1</sup>	0.4ms or lower <sup>*1</sup>	24-pin connector	-	0.08A	16/32/48/ 64

For all modules, the insulation system is photocoupler insulation and the input indications are LED indications.

- \*1 The dynamic scan cycle is 13.3ms.
- \*2 Set using the DIP switch on the module front.

## 5.1.2 Input module connections





(7) A1SX81 12/24 VDC A1SX81-S2 24 VDC 3 + 5 + 5 + 5 + 5 + 5 + 5 + 5 + 5 + 5 +	<ul> <li>(7) A1SX81 12/24 VDC A1SX81-S2 24 VDC</li> <li>(7) A1SX81-S2 24 VDC</li> <li>(7) A1SX81</li></ul>		Model	Rated Input	
AISX81       1224 VDC         AISX81-S2       24 VDC $3^{-5} \times 00^{-2}$ $3^{-10} \times 0^{-2}$ $3^{-5} \times 00^{-2}$ $3^{-10} \times 0^{-2}$ $3^{-5} \times 00^{-2}$ $3^{-10} \times 0^{-2}$ $3^{-5} \times 00^{-2}$ $3^{-2} \times 0^{-2}$ $3^{-5} \times 00^{-2}$ $3^{-2} \times 0^{-2}$ $3^{-2} \times 0^{-2}$ $3^{-5} \times 00^{-2}$ $3^{-2} \times 0^{-2}$ $3^{-2} \times 0^{-2}$ $3^{-2} \times 0^{-2}$ $3^{-5} \times 0^{-2} \times 0^{-2}$ $3^{-2} \times 0^{-2}$ $3^{-2} \times 0^{-2}$ $3^{-2} \times 0^{-2}$	$\frac{A15X81}{A15X81-52} \frac{12/24}{24} \text{ VDC}$	(7)	A10V01	Voltage	
$\begin{array}{ c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c$	$ \frac{1}{10} \times 10132 \times 1000}{1000} = \frac{1}{24} \times 1000} $		A15X01	12/24 VDC	
<ul> <li>17], and 18 and 36 are connected internally.</li> </ul>		•	17], and 18	24 VDC	$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$



## 5.2 Output modules

## 5.2.1 Output module specifications

Model	Туре	No. of Points	Rated Load Voltage	Max. Load Current			Max. Output Response Time		
				Point	Common	Module	OFF to ON	ON to OFF	
A1SY10	Relay Output	16	100V to 240VAC 24VDC 100V to 120VAC 24VDC	2A	8A	-	10ms or lower	12ms or lower	
A1SY 10EU						-			
A1SY 14EU		12	100V to 240VAC 24VDC			-			
A1SY 18A		8			-	8A			
A1SY 18AEU					-	-			
A1SY22		16		0.6A	2.4A	-			
A1SY 28A	Triac Output	8	100V to 240VAC	1A	-	8A(AC1 32V, 46°C), 8A(AC2 64V, 40°C) 4A(AC1 32V, 55°C), 2A(AC2 64V, 55°C)	1ms or lower	1ms + 0.5 cycles or less	
A1SY 28EU				0.6A	2.4A (46°C) 1.9A (55°C)	-		1ms + 0.5 cycles or less	

For all modules, the insulation system is photocoupler insulation and the output indications are LED indications.

- \*1 The dynamic scan cycle is 13.3ms (FAST mode) or 106.7ms (SLOW mode). (Set using the DIP switch on the module rear.)
- \*2 Set using the DIP switch on the module front.
|  | Field<br>Wiring | Points/<br>Common | Surge<br>Suppression    | Fuse<br>Rating | Error<br>display  | External<br>Power<br>Supply<br>(TYP<br>DC24V)<br>Current | Internal<br>Current<br>Consumption | No. of<br>Occupied<br>Points |
|--|-----------------|-------------------|-------------------------|----------------|-------------------|--|------------------------------------|------------------------------|
|  |                 | 8                 | None                    | None           | None              | 0.090A   | 0.12A                              |                              |
|  |                 | 4                 | None                    | None           | None              | 0.1A   | 0.12A                              |                              |
|  |                 |                   |                         |                |                   | 0.075A   | 0.24A                              |                              |
|  |                 | -                 |                         |                |                   | 0.075A   | 0.24A                              |                              |
|  |                 | 8                 | CR<br>absorber          | 5A             | LED <sup>*5</sup> | 0.002A<br>*3   | 0.27A                              |                              |
|  | Terminal        | -                 | CR absorber<br>varistor | None           | None              | -  | 0.13A                              | 16                           |
|  |                 | 4                 | CR absorber             |                |                   |  | 0.27A                              |                              |

\*3 Value at TYP 200VAC.

\*4 Value at TYP 12VDC.

\*5 "ERR." LED turns on when fuse is blown or external supply power is off.

\*6 0.08A is shown on the rating plate of the module.

\*7 0.15A is shown on the rating plate of the module.

Model	Туре	No. of Points	Rated Load Voltage	Мах	. Load Cur	rent	Max. Respon	Output se Time	
				Point	Common	Module	OFF to ON	ON to OFF	
A1SY40		10				-	2ms or lower	2ms or lower	
A1SY 40P		16			0.8A	-	1ms or lower	1ms or lower	
A1SY41						-	2ms or lower	2ms or lower	
A1SY 41P		32	12/24V DC	0.1A	2A	-	1ms or lower	1ms or lower	
A1SY42	Transistor Output				1.6A	-	2ms or lower	2ms or lower	
A1SY 42P	(sink type)	64			2A	-	1ms or lower	1ms or lower	
A1SY50			1	0.5A	2A	-			1
A1SY60		16	24VDC	2A (25°C) 1.8A (45°C) 1.6A (55°C)	4A (25°C) 3.6A (45°C) 3.2A (55°C)	-	2ms or lower	2ms or lower	
A1SY 60E	Transistor Output (source type)		5/12 /24VDC	2A	4A	-	2ma ar	10ms	
A1SY 68A	Transistor Output (sink/source type)	8	5/12 24/ 48VDC	2A	-	-	lower	or lower	
A1SY71	Transistor Output (for TTL/ CMOS) sink type	32	5/ 12VDC	0.016A	0.256A	-	1ms or lower	1ms or lower	

For all modules, the insulation system is photocoupler insulation and the output indications are LED indications.

- \*1 The dynamic scan cycle is 13.3ms (FAST mode) or 106.7ms (SLOW mode). (Set using the DIP switch on the module rear.)
- \*2 Set using the DIP switch on the module front.

	Field Wiring	Points/ Common	Surge Suppression	Fuse Rating	Error display	External Power Supply (TYP DC24V) Current	Internal Current Consumption	No. of Occupied Points
	Terminal	9		1.6A	LED <sup>*5</sup>	0.008A	0.27A	16
	Terminal   8     40-pin   connector			None	None	0.011A	0.079A*6	10
				3.2A	LED <sup>*5</sup>	0.008A	0.5A	22
				None	None	0.012A	0.141A*7	32
	40-pin	32	Zener diode	3.2A	LED <sup>*5</sup>	0.008A	0.93A	
	×2			None	None	0.014A	0.17A	64
				3.2A		0.06A	0.12A	
	Terminal	8		5A	LED <sup>*5</sup>	0.015A	0.12A	16
	reminar			7A		0.01A	0.2A	10
	-			None	None	-	0.11A	
	40-pin connector	32	None	1.6A	LED <sup>*5</sup>	0.15A *4	0.4A	32

\*3 Value at TYP 200VAC.

-

\*4 Value at TYP 12VDC.

\*5 "ERR." LED turns on when fuse is blown or external supply power is off.

\*6 0.08A is shown on the rating plate of the module.

\*7 0.15A is shown on the rating plate of the module.

Model	Туре	No. of Points	No. of Points Voltage		Max. Load Current			Output se Time	
			Ū	Point	Common	Module	OFF to ON	ON to OFF	
A1SY80		16		0.8A	3.2A	-	2ms or	2ms or	
A1SY81				0.1A	2A	-	lower	lower	
A1SY 81EP	Transistor Output (source type)	32		0.1A (25°C), 0.05A (55°C)	2A (25°C) 1.6A (55°C)	-	0.5ms or lower	1.5ms or lower	
A1SY82		64	DC	0.1A	1.6A	-	2ms or lower	2ms or lower	
A1S42Y	Transistor Output (dynamic)	16/32 48/64 *2		0.1A (40°C) 0.05A (55°C)	-	-	2ms or lower *1	2ms or lower *1	

For all modules, the insulation system is photocoupler insulation and the output indications are LED indications.

- \*1 The dynamic scan cycle is 13.3ms (FAST mode) or 106.7ms (SLOW mode). (Set using the DIP switch on the module rear.)
- \*2 Set using the DIP switch on the module front.

Field Wiring	Points/ Common	Surge Suppression	Fuse Rating	Error display	External Power Supply (TYP DC24V) Current	Internal Current Consumption	No. of Occupied Points
Terminal	8	Zeper diode	5A		0.020A	0.12A	16
		Zener uloue	3.2A	LLD	0.008A	0.5A	
37-pin D-sub connector	32	Clamp diode	None	None	0.080A	0.5A	32
40-pin connector ×2	32	Zener diode	3.2A	LED <sup>*5</sup>	0.008A	0.93A	64
24-pin connector	-	None	1.6A	LED	0.055A	0.18A	16/32 48/64

\*3 Value at TYP 200VAC.

\*4 Value at TYP 12VDC.

\*5 "ERR." LED turns on when fuse is blown or external supply power is off.

\*6 0.08A is shown on the rating plate of the module.

\*7 0.15A is shown on the rating plate of the module.

#### 5.2.2 Output module connections





(5)	Model	Rated Load Voltage		(6)	Model	Rated Load Voltage	
	A1SY22	100/200 VAC			A1SY28A	100/200 VAC	
	Y01 Y03 Y05 Y07 AC100/200V Y09 Y09 Y09 Y09 Y09 Y00 AC100/200V	1         Y00           4         5         Y02           4         5         Y04           6         7         Y06           101         Y08         L           11         Y08         L           121         Y04         L           14         16         Y06           18         19         COM1           121         Y08         L           14         16         Y06           18         19         COM2           20			V00 V01 V02 V03 V04 V05 V06 V06 V06	1         Y00           3         Y01           4         5           5         Y02           6         7           7         Y03           8         9           10         11           11         Y06           12         13           14         15           19         20	
Â	WARNING	<ul> <li>Do not tour any termin during pow distribution Doing so n cause an electric sho malfunction</li> </ul>	ch al ver i. nay nay ock or ns.	Â	WARNING	<ul> <li>Do not touc any termina during pow distribution Doing so m cause an electric sho malfunction</li> </ul>	ch al ver nay nay ock or ns.

(7)	Model	Rated Load Voltage		(8)	Model	Rated Load Voltage	-
	A1SY28EU	100-240 VAC			A1SY40P	12/24 VAC	
	-0	1         Y00           2         3         Y02           4         6         Y04           6         7         Y06           10         11         Y08           11         101         11           12         13         Y06           14         15         Y06           16         17         Y06           18         19         20			Y01     Y03     Y05     Y05     Y07     Y09     Y09     Y09     Y09     Y09     Y09     Y09     Y09     Y00     Y00	1         Y00           3         Y04           6         7           7         Y06           9         DC1224V           11         Y0A           113         Y0A           14         15           17         Y0E           18         17           19         DC1224V           19         DC1224V	
	WARNING	<ul> <li>Do not tour any termina during pow distribution Doing so n cause an electric sho malfunction</li> </ul>	ch al ver nay ock or ns.				

	Model	Rated Load Voltage		(10)	Model	Rated Load Voltage	
(9)	A1SY50	12/24 VDC	1	()	A1SY60E	5/12/24 VDC	
	A1SY60	24 VDC					
	Y01     Y03     Y05     Y07     Y07     Y07     Y09     Y09     Y09     Y09     Y09     Y00	1         Y00         L           3         Y02         L           4         5         Y04         L           6         7         Y06         L           10         11         Y08         L           13         Y06         L         16           16         15         Y06         L           18         17         Y06         L           19         L         L         L			Y01         2           Y03         4           Y03         4           Y05         6           Y07         6           Y09         72           Y09         72           Y09         74           Y09         76           Y09         76           Y07         6           Y09         76           Y09         76           Y07         6           Y09         76           Y09         76           Y07         6           Y09         76           Y09         76	Y00         Y02           Y04         Y04           Y04         Y06           Y08         Y02           Y08         Y02           Y00         Y02           Y00         Y02           Y00         Y02           COM2         Y12           DC12/24V         Y02           a working load         //DC, a separate           cc is required for         rer supply	or a load Itage of /24 VDC. / or a load Itage of VDC.
(11)	Model	Rated Load		(12)	Model	Rated Load Voltage	
()	A1SY68A	5/12/24/48 VDC	1	()	A1SY80	12/24 VAC	
	+  - Y00 2 1 +  - Y01 4 +  - Y02 6 5 +  - Y03 8 7 - Y04 10 - Y06 1415 - Y06 -	Y00         Fo           Y01         Fo           Y03         Y04           Y05         I           Y06         I           Y07         I           Y07	r sink		Y01 Y03 Y05 Y07 Y07 Y09 Y08 Y08 Y08 Y08 Y08 Y00 OV	1         Y00           3         Y02           4         5           5         Y06           8         9           10         11           11         Y08           14         15           16         77           17         Y0E           18         17           19         COM2 *   i	

	Model	Rated Load Voltage			Model	Rated Load Voltage	
(13)	A1SY41 A1SY41P	12/24 VDC		(14)	A1SY42 A1SY42P	12/24 VDC	
*1	L Y00 L Y01 L Y02 L Y02 L Y02 L Y03 L Y04 L Y05 L Y06 L Y06	200       Y10         200       Y11         201       Y12         201       Y11         201       Y	,are	*1	L Y00 L Y01 L Y02 L Y02 L Y02 L Y02 L Y03 L Y04 L Y05 L Y06 L Y06 L Y07 L Y08 L Y09 L Y07 L Y08 L Y06 L Y07 L Y08 L Y06 L Y07 L Y08 L Y08 L Y07 L Y08 L Y08 L Y08 L Y07 L Y08 L Y08 L Y08 L Y07 L Y08 L Y08 L Y08 L Y07 L Y08 L Y08 L Y07 L Y08 L Y07 L Y08 L Y07 L Y08 L Y07 L Y08 L Y07 L Y07 L Y07 L Y08 L Y07 L Y07	200 P20         Y10           200 P20         Y10           200 P20         Y11           200 P20         Y11           200 P20         Y12           200 P20         Y13           200 P20         Y13           200 P20         Y13           201 P10         Y13           201 P10         Y13           201 P10         Y14           201 P10         Y16           201 P10         Y16           201 P10         Y17           201 P10         Y14           201 P10         Y14           201 P10         Y14           201 P10         Y14           201 P10         Y16           201 P10         Y17           201 P10         Y16           202 P10         Y17           201 P10         Y16           201 P10         Y16           202 P110         Y16           201 P10         Y17           201 P10	the first ter half







# MEMO


#### 5.3 Input/output combined modules

#### 5.3.1 Input/output combined module specifications

		No. of		Input	Operating	g Voltage	
Model	Туре	Points	Rated Input Voltage	Current	ON Voltage	OFF	
		1 OIIILO		ounon	ON VOllage	Voltage	
A1SH42			12/24\/DC	2/5mA	8VDC or	4VDC or	
A1SH42P		22	12/24000	2/311A	higher	lower	
A1SH42-S1	DC Input	32	241/DC	E ma A	15VDC or	3VDC or	
A1SH42P-S1	(sink type)		24000	AIIIC	higher	lower	
A1SX48Y18		0	24\/DC	7m 4	14VDC or	6.5VDC or	
A1SX48Y58		0	24000	/IIIA	higher	lower	

Model	Туре	No. of Points	No. of Rated Load		Max. Load Current		Max. Output Response Time	
			voltage	1 Point	Common	OFF to ON	ON to OFF	
A1SH42					1.6A	2ms or lower	2ms or lower	
A1SH42P	Transistor	22	12/	0.14	2A	1ms or lower	1ms or lower	
A1SH42-S1	Output (sink type)	pe)	24VDC	0. IA	1.6A	2ms or lower	2ms or lower	
A1SH42P-S1					2A	1ms or lower	1ms or lower	
A1SX48Y18	Relay Output		24VDC 240VAC	2A	8A	10ms or lower	12ms or lower	
A1SX48Y58	Transistor Output (sink type)	8	12/ 24VDC	0.5A	2A	2ms or lower	2ms or lower	

For all modules, the insulation system is photocoupler insulation and the operation status is provided by LED indications.

	Max, Simultaneous Input Points	Max. Resp	No. of	
	(Percentage Simultaneously ON)	OFF to ON	ON to OFF	Occupied Points
	60% (24)/DC)	10ms or lower	10ms or lower	22
	00%(24VDC)	0.3ms or lower	0.3ms or lower	32
	100%(26.4VDC)	10ms or lower	10ms or lower	8

	Points/ Common	Field Wiring	Surge Suppression	Fuse Rating	External Power Supply (TYP 24VDC) Current	External Current Consumption (5VDC)	No. of Occupied Points
		40-pin Connector	Zener diode	3.2A	0.008A	0.5A	
32	22			None	0.012A	0.13A	32
	32			3.2A	0.008A	0.5A	
				None	0.012A	0.13A	
8			None	None	0.045A	0.085A	
	8	8 Terminal	Zener diode	3.2A	0.06A	0.06A	16

#### Rated Input Rated Load Model Voltage Voltage A1SH42 12/24 VDC (1) A1SH42P 12/24 VDC A1SH42-S1 24 VDC A1SH42P-S1 X10 -----Y00 B20 A20 B20 A20 X01 X11 \_---Y01 Y11 R10 410 B19 A19 X02 X12 -----Y02 Y12 B18 A18 B18 A18 X03 X13\_-Y03 Y13 B17 A17 B17 A17 X14 \_\_\_\_ \_ X04 Y04 Y14 B16 A16 B16 A16 L\_ X05 X15 ..... Y05 Y15 B15 414 B15 A15 X16 \_\_\_\_ \_ X06 Y06 Y16 314 A14 B14 A14 <u>\_\_\_\_\_X0</u>7 X17 -----Y07 Y17 B13 A13 B13 A13 X<u>18</u> \_ X08 Y18 Y08 B12 A12 B12 A12 X09 X19 \_\_\_\_ Y09 Y19 B11 A11 B11 A11 \_ X0A X1A B10 A10 Y0A Y1A B10 A10 \_ X0B X1B ..... Y0B Y1B B9 A9 B9 A9 \_\_\_\_ X0C X1C \_\_\_\_ Y0C Y1C B8 A8 B8 A8 <u>\_ X0</u>D X1D \_\_\_\_ Y0D Y1D B7 A7 B7 A7 <u>\_\_\_\_ X0E</u> X1E \_\_\_\_ Y0E Y1E B6 A6 B6 A6 <u>\_\_\_\_X</u>0F X1F \_\_\_\_ Y0F Y1F B5 A5 B5 A5 Vacant B4 A4 Vacant Vacant B4 A4 Vacant Vacant B3 A3 Vacant Vacant B3 A3 Vacant + COM COM -12/24VDC B2 A2 Vacant B2 A2 COM 12/24VDC COM B1 A1 Vacant Y (Output side) X (Input side) \*1 B1 and B2 are connected internally. \*3 B1 and B2, and A1 and A1, are connected internally. \*2 The A and B pin number rows shown above are transposed with respect to the diagram of the A and B rows which is printed on the module. Remember that the A row pin numbers correspond to the B row of the module.

#### 5.3.2 Input/output composite module connections



(4)	Model	Rated Input Voltage	Rated Load Voltage	
(4)	A1SX48Y18	24 VDC	24 VDC/ 240 VAC	
			X01 X03 4 X07 8 Y08 10 Y00A 10 Y0C 14 Y0C 16 COM2 16 0V 20 X07 10 20 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 1	1 X00 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5
Â	WARNING	Do not Doing s	touch any t so may caus	erminal during power distribution. se an electric shock or malfunctions.
(5)	Model	Rated Input Voltage	Rated Load Voltage	
. ,	A1SX48Y58	24 VDC	12/24 VDC	
			X01 X03 X05 6 X07 8 Y08 10 Y0A 12 Y0C 16 DC12/24V 18 20	$ \begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$

## 6. ERROR CODES

#### 6.1 Error Code List

If an error occurs in the RUN mode, an error display or error code (including a step number) is stored in the special register by the self-diagnosis function. The error code reading procedure and the causes of and corrective actions for errors are shown in Table 6.1

### 6.2 Error Codes

The following are the explanation about the descriptions and the causes of the error messages, error codes and the detailed error codes, and their correctives actions.

The detailed error codes are stored in D9092 only when using the dedicated instruction for CC-Link.

Error Message	Error Code (D9008)	Detailed Error Code (D9092)	CPU States	Error and Cause	Corrective Action
"INSTRCT. CODE ERR"	10	_	Cian	Instruction code, which cannot be decoded by CPU module, is included in the program. (1) Memory cassette including instruction code, which cannot be decoded, has been loaded. (2) Since the memory contents have changed for some reason, instruction code, which cannot be decoded, has been included.	<ol> <li>Read the error step by use of peripheral equipment and correct the program at that step.</li> <li>In the case of memory cassette, rewrite the contents or replace the cassette with a memory cassette which stores correct contents.</li> </ol>
(Checked at STOP→ RUN.)		101	υαρ	Instruction code, which cannot be decoded by CPU module, is included in the program. (1) Memory cassette including instruction code, which cannot be decoded, has been loaded. (2) Since the memory contents have changed for some reason, instruction code, which cannot be decoded, has been included.	<ol> <li>Read the error step by use of peripheral equipment and correct the program at that step.</li> <li>In the case of memory cassette, rewrite the contents or replace the cassette with a memory cassette which stores correct contents.</li> </ol>

#### Table 6.1 Error Code List

Error Message	Error Code (D9008)	Detailed Error Code (D9092)	CPU States	Error and Cause	Corrective Action
"INSTRCT. CODE ERR"		103		Device specified by a dedicated instruction for CC-Link is not correct.	
	10	104	Stop	A dedicated instruction for CC-Link has incorrect program structure.	Read the error step using a peripheral device and correct the program of the step.
(Checked at STOP→ RUN.)		105		A dedicated instruction for CC-Link has incorrect command name.	
"PARAMETE R ERROR" (Checked at power-on or STOP/ PAUSE → RUN.)	11	_	Stop	The contents of parameters of CPU memory have changed due to noise or the improper loading of memory.	<ol> <li>Load the memory cassette correctly.</li> <li>Read the parameter contents of CPU memory, check and correct the contents, and write them to CPU again.</li> </ol>
"MISSING END INS." (Checked at STOP→ RUN.)	12	_	Stop	There is no END (FEND) instruction in the program.	Write END instruction at the end of program.

Table 6.1 Error Code List (Continue)

Error Message	Error Code (D9008)	Detailed Error Code (D9092)	CPU States	Error and Cause	Corrective Action
"CANT EXECUTE (P)" (Checked at instruction execution.)	13		Stop	<ol> <li>There is no jump destination or multiple destinations specified by the [CJ], [SCJ], [CALL], CALLP, or JMP instruction.</li> <li>Although there is no [CALL], or JMP instruction, the RET instruction exists in the program and has been executed.</li> <li>The [CJ], [SCJ], CALL], CALLP, or JMP instruction has been executed with its jump destination located below the END instructions is different from that of the NEXT instructions.</li> <li>J JMP instruction is given within a  FOR is NEXT  loop causing the processing to exit the loop.</li> <li>Processing to a step in a !FOR instruction.</li> <li>Processing to a step in a !FOR instruction.</li> </ol>	Read the error step by use of peripheral equipment and correct the program at that step. (Insert a jump destination or reduce multiple destinations to one.)

Table 6.1 Error Code List (Continue)

Error Message	Error Code (D9008)	Detailed Error Code (D9092)	CPU States	Error and Cause	Corrective Action
"CHK FORMAT ERR" (Checked at STOP/ PAUSE → RUN.)	14		Stop	<ol> <li>Instructions (including NOP) except LD X::, LDI X::, AND X:: and ANI X:: are included in the OHK instruction circuit block.</li> <li>Multiple CHK</li> <li>Multiple CHK</li> <li>The number of contact points in the OHK instruction circuit block exceeds 150.</li> <li>The device number of X in the CHK instruction circuit block exceeds X7FE.</li> <li>There is no H=OPCH circuit block.</li> <li>There is no H=OPCH circuit block.</li> <li>There is no H=OPCH circuit block.</li> <li>The device number of D1 of the CHK instruction circuit block.</li> <li>The device number of D1 of the CHK instruction circuit block.</li> <li>The device number of D1 of the CHK instruction circuit block.</li> <li>The device number of D1 of the CHK instruction is different from that of the contact point before the ICJ PCI instruction.</li> <li>Pointer P254 is not given to the head of the CHK instruction circuit block.</li> </ol>	<ol> <li>Check the program in the CHR instruction circuit block according to item (1) to (7) in the left column. Correct problem using the peripheral equipheral equipment and perform operation again.</li> <li>This error code is only effective when the input/output control method is a direct method.</li> </ol>

Table 6.1 Error Code List (Continue)

Error Message	Error Code (D9008)	Detailed Error Code (D9092)	CPU States	Error and Cause	Corrective Action
"CAN'T EXECUTE (I)" (Checked at interrupt occurrence.)	15	_	Stop	<ol> <li>Although the interrupt module is used, there is no number of interrupt pointer I, which corresponds to that module, in the program or there are multiple numbers.</li> <li>No IRET instruction has been entered in the interrupt program.</li> <li>There is IRET instruction in other than the interrupt program.</li> </ol>	<ol> <li>Check for the presence of interrupt program which corresponds to the interrupt unit, create the interrupt unit, create the interrupt grogram, and reduce the same numbers of I.</li> <li>Check if there is IRET instruction in the interrupt program and enter the IRET instruction.</li> <li>Check if there is IRET instruction in other than the interrupt program and enter the IRET instruction in other than the interrupt program and delete the IRET instruction.</li> </ol>

Table 6.1 Error Code List (Continue)

Error Message	Error Code (D9008)	Detailed Error Code (D9092)	CPU States	Error and Cause	Corrective Action
"ROM ERR"	17	_	Stop	Parameters and/or sequence programs are not correctly written to the mounted memory cassette.	<ol> <li>Correctly write parameters and/or sequence programs to the memory cassette.</li> <li>Remove the memory cassettes that contain no parameters or sequence programs.</li> <li>Adjust the</li> </ol>
(Checked at power-on.)				the memory cassette have exceeded the limit of available program capacity. Ex.)Default parameters (program capacity: 6ksteps) are written to A1NMCA-2KE.	<ul> <li>(1) Ingertain capacity for parameters to the memory cassette used.</li> <li>(2) Use the memory cassette of which memory capacity is larger than the program capacity for parameters.</li> </ul>
"RAM ERROR" (Checked at power-on.)	20	_	Stop	The CPU has checked if write and read operations can be performed properly to the data memory area of CPU, and as a result, either or both has not been performed.	Since this CPU hardware error, consult Mitsubishi representative.
"OPE. CIRCUIT ERR" (Checked at power-on.)	21	_	Stop	The operation circuit, which performs the sequence processing in the CPU, does not operate properly.	

Table 6.1 Error Code List (Continue)

Error Message	Error Code (D9008)	Detailed Error Code (D9092)	CPU States	Error and Cause	Corrective Action
"WDT ERROR" (Checked at END instruction.)	22	_	Stop	<ul> <li>Scan time exceeds watch dog error monitor time.</li> <li>(1) Scan time of user program has been exceeded for some conditions.</li> <li>(2) Scan time has lengthened due to instantaneous power failure which occurred during scan.</li> </ul>	<ol> <li>Calculate and check the scan time of user program and reduce the scan time using the CJ instruction or the like.</li> <li>Monitor the content of special register D9005 by use of peripheral equipment. When the content is other than 0, line voltage is insufficient. When the content is other than 0, the power voltage is unstable.</li> </ol>
"END NOT EXECUTE" (Checked at END processing.)	24		Stop	<ol> <li>When the END instruction was to be executed, the instruction was read as other instruction code due to noise or the like.</li> <li>The END instruction has changed to another instruction code for some reason.</li> </ol>	Reset and run the CPU module again. If the same error is displayed again, it is the CPU hardware error, consult Mitsubishi representative.
"WDT ERROR"	25	_	Stop	The CJ instruction or the like causes a loop in execution of the sequence program to disable execution of the END instruction.	Check the program for an endless loop and correct.

Table 6.1 Error Code List (Continue)

Error Message	Error Code (D9008)	Detailed Error Code (D9092)	CPU States	Error and Cause	Corrective Action
"UNIT VERIFY ERR."	31	_	Stop or Continue (set by param- eter)	<ul> <li>I/O module data are different from those at power-on.</li> <li>(1) The I/O module (including the special function module) is incorrectly loaded or has been removed, or a different unit has been loaded.</li> </ul>	<ol> <li>The bit in special registers D9116 to D9123 corresponding to the module causing the verification error is "1." Use a peripheral device to monitor the registers to locate the "1" bit, and check or replace the corresponding module.</li> <li>To accept the current module arrangement, operate the RUN/STOP key switch to reset.</li> </ol>
"FUSE BREAK OFF"	32	_	Stop or Continue (set by param- eter)	<ol> <li>The fuse is blown in some output modules.</li> <li>The external power supply for the output load is turned off or it is disconnected.</li> </ol>	<ol> <li>Check the ERR LED of the output module. Replace the module with the lit LED.</li> <li>Among special registers D9100 to D9107, the bit corresponding to the unit of fuse break is "1" Replace the fuse of a corresponding module. Monitor and check it.</li> <li>Check ON/OFF of the external power supply for the output load.</li> </ol>

Table 6.1 Error Code List (Continue)

Error Message	Error Code (D9008)	Detailed Error Code (D9092)	CPU States	Error and Cause	Corrective Action
"CONTROL- BUS ERR."	40	_	Stop	The FROM and TO instructions cannot be executed. (1) Error of control bus with special function module.	The hardware of the special function module, CPU module or base unit is faulty. Replace the faulty module and check the faulty module. Consult Mitsubishi representative.
"SP. UNIT DOWN"	41	_	Stop	There is no reply from the special function module during execution of the FROM or TO instruction. (1) The special function module being accessed is faulty.	The hardware of the special function module being accessed is faulty. Consult Mitsubishi representative.
"I/O INT. ERROR"	43	_	Stop	Interrupt occurs though no interrupt module is installed.	The hardware of a module is faulty. Replace the module and check the faulty module. Consult Mitsubishi representative.

Table 6.1 Error Code List (Continue)

Error Message	Error Code (D9008)	Detailed Error Code (D9092)	CPU States	Error and Cause	Corrective Action
"SP. UNIT LAY. ERROR."	44		Stop	<ol> <li>Three or more computer link modules are installed for a single CPU module.</li> <li>Two or more MELSECNET (II), MELSECNET /B or MELSECNET //B or MELSECNET //I or MELSECNET //I nor MELSECNET //I nor MELSECNET //I modules are installed.</li> <li>A special function module is installed to the I/O module with parameter setup of the peripheral device, or vice versa.</li> <li>The I/O module or special function module is installed outside the following I/O number ranges, or GOT is connected to the bus. A1SH, A1SJHCPU: X0 to XFF A2SHCPU(S1): X0 to X1FF</li> </ol>	<ol> <li>Reduce the number of computer link modules to within two.</li> <li>Reduce the number of MELSECNET (II), MELSECNET /B and MELSECNET /10 data link modules to one.</li> <li>Reduce the number of interrupt modules to one.</li> <li>Using the peripheral device, correct the parameter I/O assignment according to the actual state of installation of the special function modules.</li> <li>Examine the I/O number and remove the modules and GOT installed outside the range specified on the left.</li> </ol>

Table 6.1 Error Code List (Continue)

Error Message	Error Code (D9008)	Detailed Error Code (D9092)	CPU States	Error and Cause Corrective Action
"SP. UNIT ERROR"		_		<ol> <li>Access (execution of FROM or TO instruction) has been made to a location where no special function module is installed.</li> <li>Use the peripheral device to read and correct the FROM and/or TO instruction at the error step.</li> </ol>
(Checked at FROM/TO instructions or a special function module dedicated instruction.)	46	462	Stop or Continue (set by param- eter)	<ol> <li>There is inconsistency in the module name between the special instruction for CC-Link and I/O assignment of the parameter to that of the special instruction for CC-Link.</li> <li>Correct the module name of I/O assignment of the parameter to that of the special instruction for CC-Link.</li> <li>Use the peripheral device to check and correct the special instruction for CC-Link is not the master module.</li> </ol>
"LINK PARA. ERROR"	47	_	Continue	<ol> <li>There is inconsistency for some reason between the data, which is written by the peripheral device in the parameter area of the link under link range designation using parameter setup, and the link parameter data read by the CPU module.</li> <li>The total number of stations is set at "0."</li> </ol>

Table 6.1 Error Code List (Continue)

Error Message	Error Code (D9008)	Detailed Error Code (D9092)	CPU States	Error and Cause	Corrective Action
"OPERATION ERROR"	50	_	Stop or Continue	<ol> <li>The result of BCD conversion exceeds the rated range ("9999" or "99999999").</li> <li>There is a setting exceeding the rated device range, disabling execution of calculation.</li> <li>The file register is used on the program without designation of the capacity of the file register.</li> </ol>	Use the peripheral device to read and correct the error step in the program. (Check the setting range of the device, BCD conversion value and so on.)
	50	503	param- eter)	The data stored by the designated device or a constant exceeds the allowable range.	Use the peripheral device to read and correct the error step in
		504	504 h tt T ir C e	handled data exceeds the allowable range.	the program.
					The number of special instructions for CC-Link executed in each scan exceeds 64.
(Checked at instruction execution.)		509		A special instruction for CC-Link is executed to a CC-Link module to which no parameter is defined.	Define parameters.
"MAIN CPU DOWN"	60	_	Stop	<ol> <li>The CPU walfunctioned due to noise.</li> <li>Hardware failure.</li> </ol>	<ol> <li>Take proper countermeasures for noise.</li> <li>Consult Mitsubishi representative.</li> </ol>
"BATTERY ERROR" (Always checked.)	70	_	Continue	<ol> <li>The battery voltage is low.</li> <li>The battery lead connector is not connected.</li> </ol>	<ol> <li>Replace the battery.</li> <li>Connect the lead connector to use the built-in RAM memory or power failure compensation function.</li> </ol>

Table 6.1 Error Code List (Continue)

#### Appendix 1 CPU-by-CPU Startup Names

CPU	Startup Name	CPU Name to Be Selected If the CPU Name Given on the Left Is Not Found
A1SJHCPU	A1SJH	A3

#### **Appendix 2 Transportation Precautions**

When transporting lithium batteries, make sure to treat them based on the transportation regulations.

#### Appendix 2.1 Relevant Models

The battery for the A1SJHCPU (including memory cards) is classified as shown in the table below.

Product Name	Model	Description	Handled As
A series battery	A6BAT	Lithium battery	Non-dangerous goods

#### Appendix 2.2 Transportation Guidelines

Products are packed properly in compliance with the transportation regulations prior to shipment. When repacking any of the unpacked products to transport it to another location, make sure to observe the IATA Dangerous Goods Regulations, IMDG Code and other local transportation regulations.

For details, please consult your transportation company.

#### WARRANTY

Please confirm the following product warranty details before using this product.

#### 1. Gratis Warranty Term and Gratis Warranty Range

If any faults or defects (hereinafter "Failure") found to be the responsibility of Mitsubishi occurs during use of the product within the gratis warranty term, the product shall be repaired at no cost via the sales representative or Mitsubishi Service Company.

However, if repairs are required onsite at domestic or overseas location, expenses to send an engineer will be solely at the customer's discretion. Mitsubishi shall not be held responsible for any re-commissioning, maintenance, or testing on-site that involves replacement of the failed module.

[Gratis Warranty Term]

The gratis warranty term of the product shall be for one year after the date of purchase or delivery to a designated place.

Note that after manufacture and shipment from Mitsubishi, the maximum distribution period shall be six (6) months, and the longest gratis warranty term after manufacturing shall be eighteen (18) months. The gratis warranty term of repair parts shall not exceed the gratis warranty term before repairs. [Gratis Warranty Range]

- (1)The range shall be limited to normal use within the usage state, usage methods and usage environment, etc., which follow the conditions and precautions, etc., given in the instruction manual, user's manual and caution labels on the product.
- (2)Even within the gratis warranty term, repairs shall be charged for in the following cases.
  - Failure occurring from inappropriate storage or handling, carelessness or negligence by the user. Failure caused by the user's hardware or software design.
  - 2.Failure caused by unapproved modifications, etc., to the product by the user.
  - 3.When the Mitsubishi product is assembled into a user's device, Failure that could have been avoided if functions or structures, judged as necessary in the legal safety measures the user's device is subject to or as necessary by industry standards, had been provided.
  - 4.Failure that could have been avoided if consumable parts (battery, backlight, fuse, etc.) designated in the instruction manual had been correctly serviced or replaced.
  - 5.Failure caused by external irresistible forces such as fires or abnormal voltages, and Failure caused by force majeure such as earthquakes, lightning, wind and water damage.
  - 6.Failure caused by reasons unpredictable by scientific technology standards at time of shipment from Mitsubishi.
  - 7.Any other failure found not to be the responsibility of Mitsubishi or that admitted not to be so by the user.

#### 2. Onerous repair term after discontinuation of production

(1)Mitsubishi shall accept onerous product repairs for seven (7) years after production of the product is discontinued.

Discontinuation of production shall be notified with Mitsubishi Technical Bulletins, etc.

(2)Product supply (including repair parts) is not available after production is discontinued.

#### 3. Overseas service

Overseas, repairs shall be accepted by Mitsubishi's local overseas FA Center. Note that the repair conditions at each FA Center may differ.

# 4. Exclusion of loss in opportunity and secondary loss from warranty liability

Regardless of the gratis warranty term, Mitsubishi shall not be liable for compensation of damages caused by any cause found not to be the responsibility of Mitsubishi, loss in opportunity, lost profits incurred to the user by Failures of Mitsubishi products, special damages and secondary damages whether foreseeable or not, compensation for accidents, and compensation for damages to products other than Mitsubishi products, replacement by the user, maintenance of on-site equipment, start-up test run and other tasks.

#### 5. Changes in product specifications

The specifications given in the catalogs, manuals or technical documents are subject to change without prior notice.
Country/Region Sales office/Tel		Country/Region Sales office/Tel	
U.S.A	Mitsubishi Electric Automation Inc. 500 Corporate Woods Parkway Vernon Hills, IL 60061, U.S.A. Tel : +1-847-478-2100	Hong Kong	Mitsubishi Electric Automation (Hong Kong) Ltd. 10th Floor, Manulife Tower, 169 Electric Road, North Point, Hong Kong Tel: +852-2887-8870
Brazil	MELCO-TEC Rep. Com.e Assessoria Tecnica Ltda. Rua Correia Dias, 184, Edificio Paraiso Trade Center-8 andar Paraiso, Sao Paulo, SP Brazil Tei : +55-11-5908-8331	China	Mitsubishi Electric Automation (China) Ltd. 4/F Zhi Fu Plazz, No.80 Xin Chang Road, Shanghai 200003, China Tel : +86-21-6120-0808
Germany	Mitsubishi Electric Europe B.V. German Branch Gothaer Strasse 8 D-40880 Ratingen, GERMANY	Taiwan	Setsuyo Enterprise Co., Ltd. 6F No.105 Wu-Kung 3rd.Rd, Wu-Ku Hsiang, Taipei Hsine, Taiwan Tel : +886-2-2299-2499
U.K	Tel : +49-2102-486-0 Mitsubishi Electric Europe B.V. UK Branch	Korea	Mitsubishi Electric Automation Korea Co., Ltd 1480-6, Gayang-dong, Gangseo-ku Seoul 157-200, Korea Tel : +82-2-3660-9552
	AL10 8XB, U.K. Tel : +44-1707-276100	Singapore	Mitsubishi Electric Asia Pte, Ltd. 307 Alexandra Road #05-01/02, Mitsubishi Electric Building, Singapore 159943
Italy	Mitsubishi Electric Europe B.V. Italian Branch Centro Dir. Colleoni, Pal. Perseo-Ingr.2 Via Paracelso 12, I-20041 Agrate Brianza., Milano, Italy Tel : +39-039-60531	Thailand	Iel: +05-0470-2400 Mitsubishi Electric Automation (Thailand) Co., Ltd. Bang-Chan Industrial Estate No.111 Moo 4, Serithai Rd, T.Kannayao, A.Kannayao, Bangkok 10230 Thailand
Spain	Mitsubishi Electric Europe B.V. Spanish Branch Carretera de Rubi 76-80, E-08190 Sant Cugat del Valles, Barcelona, Spain Tel : +34-93-565-3131	Indonesia	Tel : +66-2-517-1326 P.T. Autoteknindo Sumber Makmur Muara Karang Selatan, Block A/Utara No. 1 Kav. No. 11 Kawasan Industri Pergudangan Jakarta - Utara 14440, P.O. Box 5045 Jakarta, 11050 Indonesia Tel : +62-21-6630833
France	Mitsubishi Electric Europe B.V. French Branch 25, Boulevard des Bouvets, F-92741 Nanterre Cedex, France TEL: +33-1-5568-5568	India	Messung Systems Pvt, Ltd. Electronic Sadan NO:III Unit No15, M.I.D.C Bhosari, Pune-411026, India Tel : +91-20-2712-3130
South Africa	Circuit Breaker Industries Ltd. Private Bag 2016, ZA-1600 Isando, South Africa Tel : +27-11-928-2000	Australia	Mitsubishi Electric Australia Pty. Ltd. 348 Victoria Road, Rydalmere, N.S.W 2116, Australia Tel : +61-2-9684-7777

## **MITSUBISHI ELECTRIC CORPORATION**

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