Greenish Warbler

Phylloscopus trochiloides	Category A
Very rare vagrant.	4 records,
	5 birds

World/British distribution (Snow & Perrins 1998; White & Kehoe 2019; Ebels 2003):

Breeds from eastern Germany eastwards through Russia to the Yenisey River and south through Mongolia to Afghanistan and the Himalayas. Winters throughout the Indian subcontinent and east to Thailand. It has gradually been spreading westwards across Europe, with first confirmed breeding in Sweden in 1953 (and regular on Gotland at least since the 1980s), Denmark in 1980, Germany in 1990, Norway in 1991 and the Netherlands in 2003.

Kent status (KOS 2022):

It is a very rare vagrant to the county.

Kent (KOS) records to end 2020: 31

It was formerly a great rarity in Britain, with just four records prior to 1950 but has steadily increased, with almost annual records since 1965 and it was averaging 17 records per annum (with a total of 447 recorded) by the end of 2005 when the British Birds Rarities Committee removed it from the list of species which it considered to be national rarities (Fraser & Rogers 2006; BBRC no date). The upward trend has continued, with an average of 24 national records per annum in the last decade (White & Kehoe 2022).

As Taylor *et al.* (1981) documented, the first county record was trapped at Dungeness on the 17th September 1957 and a further six had occurred by the end of their review period (1976). As Henderson (2020) noted, there had been another 24 by the end of 2019 and almost half of the Kent records were found between 1989 and 1996.

Henderson also remarked that it occurs quite often in spring, concentrated late in that season, with one third of the records to date having involved birds first seen between the 1st and 20th June and these included the first local record, which involved two singing males found by Dale Gibson in Folkestone Warren in trees below the Capel-le-Ferne Café on the 15th June 1993. Both birds then held territory until the 22nd June, with at least one lingering until the 1st July, and they became a popular attraction during their stay, entertaining many observers.

There have been three further records, as figure 1 demonstrates.

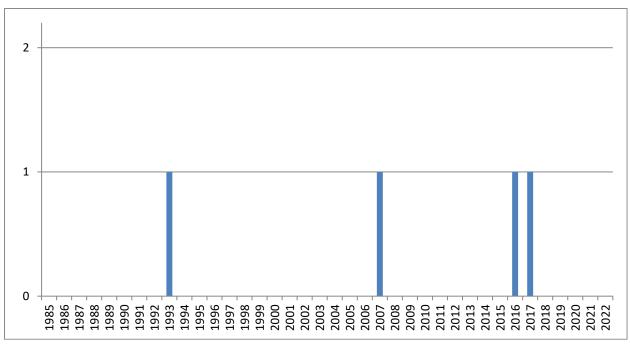


Figure 1: Greenish Warbler records at Folkestone and Hythe

The second area record involved an autumn migrant found at the eastern end of Samphire Hoe on the afternoon of the 27th September 2007. This individual also became well-watched, remaining in the area until the 1st October, and shared its favoured sycamore patch with a Yellow-browed Warbler during part of its stay.

The two most recent records were much shorter stayers and were enjoyed only by single observers: a male seen and heard singing by Steve Tomlinson at Beachborough Park on the 8th June 2016 and one seen and heard calling by Paul Howe at Seabrook on the 17th September 2017.

The records by week are given in figure 2. As White & Kehoe observed, almost all records occur during two narrow windows, from late May to mid-June and mid-August to late September.

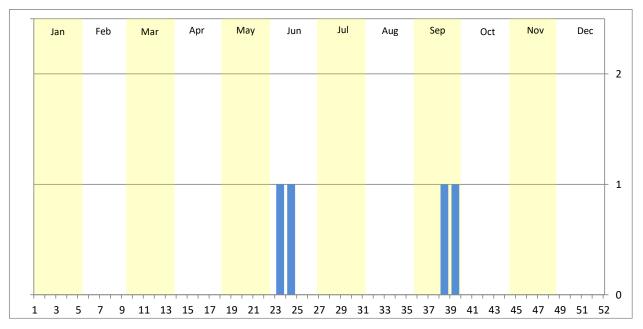


Figure 2: Greenish Warbler records at Folkestone and Hythe by week

Figure 3 shows the location of records by tetrad.



Figure 3: Distribution of all Greenish Warbler records at Folkestone and Hythe by tetrad

The full list of records is as follows:

1993 Folkestone Warren, two, in song, 15th to 22nd June, with at least one remaining to 1st July, video-recorded (D. A. Gibson *et al*)
2007 Samphire Hoe, one, 27th September to 1st October (P. Holt *et al.*)
2016 Beachborough Park, one, in song, 8th June (S. Tomlinson)
2017 Seabrook, one, 17th September (P. Howe)

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Acknowledgements

The tetrad map images were produced from the Ordnance Survey <u>Get-a-map service</u> and are reproduced with kind permission of <u>Ordnance Survey</u>.

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