

COVID-19 Vaccines Protect yourself. Protect others.

Vaccines are safe and reliable. They are an important way to protect you and your family from COVID-19.

Is the COVID-19 vaccine safe?

- Health Canada approves all COVID-19 vaccines.
- Over 70,000 people took part in clinical studies.
- The vaccines cannot give you COVID-19.
- Health Canada only approves vaccines proven to be safe, effective and of high quality.
- All COVID-19 vaccines are effective at preventing COVID-19. They also reduce the risk of serious illness, hospitalization and death.
- More than 32 million people have received COVID-19 vaccines around the world.
- Vaccines do not affect COVID-19 test results or give false positive test results.
- More research is being done to find out how long the vaccine protection lasts. And, if it will prevent others around you from getting sick with COVID-19.



Vaccines work with your body's natural defences to build protection. They teach your body how to recognize and fight the COVID-19 virus.

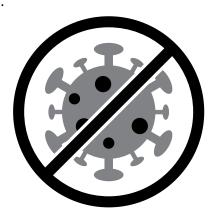
Why should I get vaccinated?

Getting vaccinated is important because:

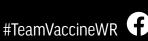
- When you are vaccinated, you build immunity. This helps protect you from getting the disease.
- The more people vaccinated in the community, the lower the risk of infection for those who:
 - can't be vaccinated
 - are too young to receive vaccines
 - have weakened immune systems and may not respond as well to the vaccine

When you are vaccinated, you help to create community immunity. This is sometimes called herd immunity. COVID-19 can be a serious illness for many people. For some people, even young healthy people, symptoms can last for months. Getting vaccinated is a safe and effective way to build protection against the virus.













When should I not get vaccinated?

You should not get vaccinated if you:

- Have a fever or are sick with COVID-19 symptoms.
 Please call to rebook your appointment for another time.
- Have received another vaccine in the last 14 days.
 Some examples include flu shot, tetanus, or any other vaccination.
- Are:
 - under 16 years of age for Pfizer-BioNTech vaccine; and,
 - under 18 years of age for Moderna, AstraZeneca, Janssen vaccine.
- At this time, children are not eligible to get the vaccine.
 Clinical trials are now underway on children aged 12–18.

What if I tested positive for COVID-19 in the past?

- People who have recovered from COVID-19 infection should still be vaccinated.
- Natural immunity from a COVID-19 illness may not last long. There is a risk of new infection with the variants that are circulating in the community. It is best to get vaccinated to stay protected.

After I am vaccinated, do I still need to follow public health measures?

Yes. It is important to keep following public health measures after you are vaccinated:

- Avoid gatherings with people that live outside your home.
- Limit trips outside your home (groceries, medical appointments, work).
- Stay 2 meters (6 feet) away from people you do not live with.
- Wear a mask that covers your nose and mouth.
- Wash your hands often with warm water and soap or an alcohol-based hand sanitizer.
- Avoid indoor spaces and crowded places.
- When you are sick, stay home and isolate from others in your house.



















After vaccination, please remember to:

- Keep the paper and/or electronic slip for your vaccination record
- Let your doctor or nurse practitioner know you have been vaccinated
- Talk to your doctor or nurse practitioner if you have any serious reactions after vaccination. This is especially important if symptoms last longer than 3 days.

What are the side effects?

COVID-19 vaccines, like all vaccines, can cause side effects. Some side effects are part of the body learning how to build immunity. Although not everyone gets them, the most common side effects are:

- pain at the injection site
- headache
- feeling tired
- muscle or joint pain
- fever or chills
- redness or swelling at the injection site

What if I am pregnant?

- Pregnant and breastfeeding women should be offered vaccination when they are eligible.
- If you are pregnant or planning to become pregnant, speak with your doctor or nurse practitioner or midwife for more information. This will help you in your decision about getting vaccinated for COVID-19.

What if I have a health condition?

- People with stable health conditions can receive the COVID-19 vaccine. Some examples of stable health conditions include:
 - diabetes
 - high blood pressure
 - heart disease
 - respiratory diseases, including asthma or COPD
 - hepatitis B, C or HIV.
- People with weakened immunity due to illness or treatment, or autoimmune disease can also receive the vaccine. Yet, they may have a lower immune response to the vaccine.

Talk to a real person 24/7 in over 200 languages: 519-575-4400

Deaf and hard of hearing (TTY): 519-575-4608

regionofwaterloo.ca/COVID19vaccine

 People on medication or therapy for cancer should talk to their doctor or nurse practitioner about vaccination.









