Harmonic Dictation: A Sequence and Strategies for Success

https://www.listen-sing.com/tmea-2020-harmonic-dictation

Aural training and harmonic study are to a large extent one and the same. If you want to develop your sense of harmony, train your ears; if you want to improve your power of hearing, study harmony and counterpoint—only in the right way. They must be studied as *sound*, not as mathematical equations.

R. O. Morris and Howard Ferguson (1931)

"No job in ear training is more difficult than taking harmonic dictation."

Michael Rogers (1984)

What we have not named or beheld as a symbol escapes our notice.

W. H. Auden (1907-1973)

From "I Am Not a Camera," printed in Epistle to a Godson (New York: Random House. 1972)

What we have not sung on a label escapes our ability to take in dictation.

What I cannot create, I cannot understand.

Richard Phillips Feynman (1918-1988)

What we have not internalized through singing, we can neither sight sing nor identify and notate correctly in dictation.

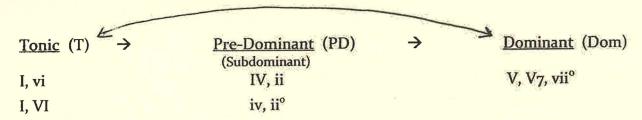
Prerequisite Skills

- Match pitch (both via singing and via audiation)
- Sing scales (pentascales, octave scales, on solfege, on letter names)



- Sing chord arpeggios (on solfege, on letter names)
- Hear multiple pitches as one structure
- Discern one pitch within a chord
- · Recognize when a chord change occurs
- Ability to "think in a key" (spell all the chords in a given key)
- · Helpful: knowledge of well-formed chord progressions
- Helpful: knowledge of harmonic function
- · What else?
- Everything else!

Harmonic Function



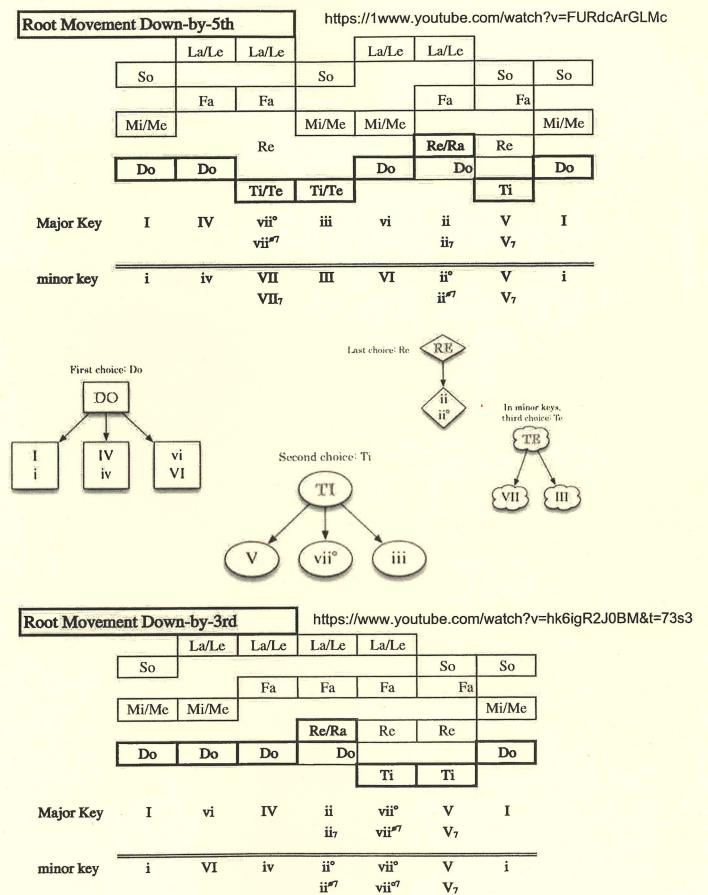
- iii is Tonic Function if before the Pre-Dominant, Dominant function if after
- In minor, VII and III point to the Relative Major
- 2nd-inversion chords do not have the function of their Roman numeral (skip them)

Root Movement

Strongest

Down-by-5 th :	^ 1	4	^ 7	3	6	^ 2	5	1
Down-by-3rd:	^ 1	6	4	^ 2	^ 7	^ 5	^ 3	۸ 1
Up-by-Step:	^ 1	^ 2	^ 3	^ 4	^ 5	6	^ 7	۸ 1

- Majority strong root mov3ment in a progression
- Skip over 2nd-inversion chords



Transcription #100A

https://youtu.be/FhWYOu86bBY

Initial Hearings:: Listen for the pulse. Count beat numbers aloud with the music. Determine the rhythmic placement of missing notes.

Next Hearings :: Sing. Sing. Sing.

Sing the counting numbers. Listen for "do" and sing solfege. Sing the pitch letter names.

Remaining Hearings: Notate the missing pitches (stems up for the melody and stems down for the bass line). Sing along to confirm the association between what you hear and its notation.

