sample type: **SALIVA** 



### Adrenocortex Stress Profile

The most complete line of endocrine testing

The Adrenocortex Stress Profile is a powerful and precise noninvasive salivary assay that evaluates bioactive levels of the body's important stress hormones, cortisol and DHEA. This profile serves as a critical tool for uncovering biochemical imbalances underlying anxiety, depression, chronic fatigue, obesity, dysglycemia, and a host of other clinical conditions.

#### The adrenal hormones cortisol and DHEA function to influence:

- Metabolism
- Thyroid function
- Anti-inflammatory response
   Resistance to stress

#### Changing the amounts of cortisol and DHEA can profoundly affect:

- Energy levels
- Resistance to disease
- Emotional states
- General sense of well-being

Although both DHEA and cortisol are produced by the adrenal cortex, they exhibit many opposing actions.

Cortisol: Many of cortisols physiological actions are geared toward the mobilization of reserves. Cortisol is released in large amounts in response to physical, physiological, and/or psychological stress. When stressors persist, the secretion of glucocorticoids can be prolonged, leading to maladaptation of the adrenal cortex and adrenal hyperplasia.

#### Excess cortisol can adversely affect:

- Bone and muscle tissue
- Cardiovascular function Weight control
- Sleep

Glucose regulation

Thyroid function

- Immune defense Aging

Over time, cortisol secretion can become impaired, resulting in an inability to respond to stress as demonstrated in conditions such as:

- Chronic fatigue
- Menstrual problems

Allergies

Arthritis

DHEA, in contrast to cortisol, exerts mostly anabolic actions and balances the body's stress response.

#### DHEA functions to:

- Provide substrate for the synthesis of sex hormones
- Guard against degenerative conditions associated with aging
- Influence immune function and energy production
- Affect insulin sensitivity, thyroid function, protein synthesis and others.

#### Imbalances of DHEA have been associated with:

- Impaired immunity
- Cancer

nicotine (on day of test) Do not eat, brush or floss teeth,

•Before Patient Takes this Test: Avoid caffeine, alcohol, and

4 (3ml) saliva samples collected

at specific times over a 24-hour

•Specimen Requirements:

•Analytes: DHÉA, cortisol

period

- Depression • Panic disorder
- use mouthwash, or chew gum (1 hour before)

Obesity

- Wash hands before collection
- Insulin resistance Alzheimers disease
  - Cardiovascular disease

■ See instructions inside test kit for details





## Adrenocortex Stress Profile (Saliva)



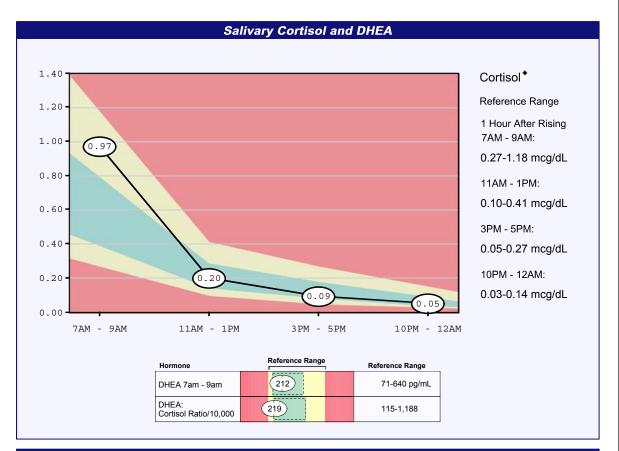
63 Zillicoa Street Asheville, NC 28801 © Genova Diagnostics

Patient: SAMPLE PATIENT

Age: 49 Sex: M MRN:

#### Order Number:

Completed: October 16, 2007 Received: October 12, 2007 Collected: October 09, 2007



#### Commentary

Please note that effective October 2007 reference ranges for the following analytes have changed. Cortisol: 1 Hour After Rising from 0.27-2.06 to 0.27-1.18 mcg/dL; 11AM-1PM from 0.03-0.77 to 0.10-0.41 mcg/dL; 3PM-5PM from 0.03-0.56 to 0.05-0.27 mcg/dL; 10PM-12AM from 0.03-0.50 to 0.03-0.14 mcg/dL. DHEA: 1 Hour After Rising from 14-277 to 71-640 pg/mL. DHEA/Cortisol Ratio (X10,000): from 35-435 to 115-1188.

The performance characteristics of all assays have been verified by Genova Diagnostics, Inc. Unless otherwise noted

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ASP01 RMS 27 Rev 5

For test kits, clinical support, or more information contact:

Client Services
Genova Diagnostics
63 Zillicoa St.
Asheville, NC 28801-1074
800-522-4762 • Fax: 828-252-9303

More detailed publications with references are also available: www.GDX.net

# Clinical Significance:

- Accurate measurement of cortisol and DHEA is valuable in preventing illness and identifying contributing factors to chronic disorders.
- Salivary assessment reflects the unbound, bioavailable fraction of hormone.

The ease of collection allows for multiple sampling throughout the day, enabling the practitioner to evaluate the circadian rhythm of cortisol.

 Customized therapeutic programs based on exercise, diet, stress reduction, and/or supplementation can be implemented based on laboratory results.