# **Inflation Adjustments**

Of Greatest Interest To Most Taxpayers For Tax Year 2020

The standard deduction for married filing jointly rises to \$24,800 for tax year 2020, up \$400 from 2019. For single taxpayers and married individuals filing separately, the standard deduction rises to \$12,400 for 2020, up \$200, and for heads of households, the standard deduction will be \$18,650 for tax year 2020, up \$300.

The personal exemption for tax year 2020 remains at \$0.

#### **Annual Gift Limits** The annual exclusion for gifts is \$15,000 for calendar year 2020, the same as it was for both calendar years 2018 and 2019.

Happy New Year!

May 2021 bring peace, health and prosperity to both you and your family.

## There's Still Time to Act

**Retirement Plan Contributions** The limit on contributions to 401(k), 403(b) and most 457 Plans for 2020 increased over 2019 by \$500 to \$19,500. If you are age 50 or older, then additional catch-up contributions are also increased by \$500 to \$6,500.

**Roth and Traditional IRA Contributions.** Limits for 2020 remain the same as 2019 limits of \$6,000 with an additional \$1,000 catch-up for those age 50 and older.

# AMPLE Your Masthead, CPA, EA Company services, Affiliations Phone: (11) 222-3333 Email: company@email.com 123 Elm St Anytown, USA 12345

# **Your Tax Calendar**

- Dec 31 A check mailed today counts for 2020. Last chance for deductions
- Jan 15 4th Quarter estimated tax payments due.
- Jan 31 W-2s and 1099s due to recipients.
- Apr 15 2020 Tax Returns due without extensions.

Anytime you have any questions, don't hesitate to call me.

#### Tax Tips For You.. Now! SECURE Act

accounts. Most provisions went into effect on January 1, 2020. **NEW** for calendar year 2020, are provisions included by Congress in **Required Minimum** the Setting Every Community Up for **Distributions (Rmds) Now** Retirement Enhancement (SECURE) Begin At Age 72 Act. The act includes many long-

Many taxpayers are working longer and will no longer be required to withdraw assets from IRAs and 401(k)s at age  $70\frac{1}{2}$ .

RMDs now begin at age 72 for individuals who turn  $70\frac{1}{2}$  in the calendar year 2020.

See "Tax Tips" on page 2

# Your Masthead, CPA, EA

Company services, Affiliations

# TAX NEWS & TIPS

# **"Important Tax Information Enclosed**" Is Coming

Spend A Little Time Each Week To Prepare For The April 15, 2021 Filing Deadl

Most of the needed tax records to prepare your tax return will up in the mail or online in J 2021. Collecting all your t documents is important so report a complete and accura

The IRS also gets copies of many of

these documents and will match your

Let Us Review What You

Should Be Looking For...

**W-2s.** Read them carefully.

1099s. You should receive

Even tax-exempt interest must be

1095-A. You would receive

a 1095-A if you purchased Health

Care through the Health Insurance

Marketplace and had part of your

premiums offset by the Advance

Payments of Premium Tax Credit.

This form is needed to calculate the

Other 1099s. Real estate sales

are often reported on 1099-S. Stock

actual Premium Tax Credit for which

them by the end of January.

for such announcements.

vou would be entitled.

Contact your employer if there is a

discrepancy or if you do not receive

1099-INT or 1099-DIV forms for any

reported. IMPORTANT: "Corrected"

forms are always a possibility. Be alert

accounts that pay interest or dividends.

tax return to their records

which may or may not result in taxable income. We need to see them to

correctly prepare your return.

# escrowed by the lender).

**Other Income.** Look for 1099s of state tax refunds, unemployment income, prizes or gambling winnings or rents that you collect. Read each one carefully and keep them with all your other tax documents. Gambling winnings can also be reported on Form W-2G. There will also be new 1099 for self-employed called 1099-NEC.

Your Records. Review records for possible income or deductions. Add up medical expenses and any taxes paid. If you recall paying a deductible expense but do not have a receipt, jot it down and we will discuss before I prepare your return. Charitable contributions are different - you must have receipts, or your deduction could be challenged and denied! If you are missing a receipt, contact the charity to see if you can get the document(s) needed.

for many more taxpayers.

overdue reforms that make saving for

retirement easier and more accessible

This legislation reflects changes to

defined contribution plans (such as

plans, individual retirement accounts

401(k)s), defined benefit pension

(IRAs), and 529 college savings

Phone: (111) 222-3333 Email: company@email.com 123 Elm Street Anytown, USA 12345

#### YEAR END 2020

## 20 Is Almost Over...

### **But** Healthcare **Related Items Are** Up In The Air!

With COVID-19 on everyone's nind other important items may not get the attention they should. One such item is Obamacare. In 2019 an appeals court ruled that the individual mandate requiring the uninsured to buy health care coverage or pay a tax is invalid since the fine for noncompliance was \$0 beginning in 2019. The Supreme Court agreed to hear the case in 2020 and must decide whether the individual mandate can be severed from the rest of the law or if the entire Affordable Care Act must fall. The ruling could affect many current provisions within the Tax Code. These provisions include the Health Premium Tax Credit, the 3.8% tax surcharge on net investment income of high-income taxpayers (also known as the NIIT) and the employer mandate.

## Inside This Issue

- "Important Tax Information Enclosed"
- Time To Review 2020
- Myth vs Truth
- Social Security Updates
- Frequently Missed Info
- Tax Tips For You...Now!
- Your Tax Calendar

Form 1098. Reports mortgage interest paid to a bank, savings & loan, or credit union. These forms may also report real estate taxes (if payments are

#### "Tax Tips" from page 4

If you turned age  $70\frac{1}{2}$  in 2019 and have already begun taking your RMDs, you should generally continue to take your RMDs.

**Important Consideration!** The Coronavirus Aid. Relief and Economic Security (CARES) Act suspended ALL retirement Required Minimum Distributions (RMDs) for 2020. You are **NOT** required to take an RMD!

#### **You Can Make IRA**

**Contributions Beyond Age 70<sup>1</sup>/<sub>2</sub>** As Americans live longer, an increasing number are continuing to work past traditional retirement age. Under the act, you can continue to contribute from your earned income to your traditional IRA past age  $70\frac{1}{2}$ .

#### ☐ Inherited IRA Distributions

**Generally Must Now Be Taken** Within 10 Years Previously, if you inherited an IRA or 401(k). distributions and tax payments out

your single life expectancy. Now, for IRAs inherited from owners who died beginning 1, 2020, the new law requires many beneficiaries to withdraw assets from an inherited IRA or 401(k) plan within 10 vears following the death of the account holder.

Exceptions to the 10-year rule include assets left to a surviving spouse, a minor child, a disabled or chronically ill beneficiary, and beneficiaries who are less than 10 years younger than the original IRA owner or 401(k) participant.

#### **You Can Withdraw Up To** \$5,000 Per Parent Penalty-Free From Your Retirement Plan **Upon The Birth Or Adoption** Of A Child

The new law permits an individual to take a "qualified birth or adoption distribution" of up to \$5,000 from an applicable defined contribution plan, such as a 401(k) or an IRA.

The 10% early withdrawal penalty will not apply to these withdrawals, and you can repay them as a rollover contribution to an applicable eligible defined contribution plan or IRA.

#### **529** Funds Can Now Be Used **To Pav Down Student Loan** Debt, Up To \$10,000

In some cases, families have money remaining in their college savings plans after their student graduates. Now, they can use a 529 savings account to pay up to \$10,000 in student debt over the course of the student's lifetime.

Under the new law, a 529 plan may also be used to pay for certain apprenticeship programs.

#### **CARES** Act

Passage of the Coronavirus Aid, Relief and Economic Security (CARES) Act earlier this year provides taxpayers with a variety of tax related provisions in response to the COVID-19 Pandemic.

Elimination of 10% Additional Tax for Coronavirus-Related

**Retirement Plan Distributions** The CARES Act eliminated the 10% penalty for qualified individuals une n back into their retirement a single contribution or as a series of

contributions made over the three-year time frame starting the day after the distribution is taken.

A taxpayer can elect to have all the income reported in 2020 or may split it evenly between the 2020, 2021 and 2022 tax years.

#### **Required Minimum Distributions (RMDs)** Waived In 2020

RMDs on all retirement plans are suspended for 2020. This includes Traditional, SEP, and SIMPLE IRAs, and employer plans such as 401(k)s, 403(b)s and governmental 457(b)s. If you have already taken your RMD for 2020, see additional options in the Myth vs. Truth section of this Newsletter.

#### Loans from Employer-**Sponsored Retirement Plans**

Employer-sponsored plans, such as 401(k)s and 403(b)s, may contain loan provisions. If you participate in a plan that includes a loan provision, the CARES Act expanded the availability of these types of loans to the lesser of 100% 2020. of the account balance or \$100,000. Loan repayment can be delayed for

up to one year on loans made through December 31, 2020.

#### **Paycheck Protection Program** and Forgivable Loans For **Small Businesses**

The Paycheck Protection Program is a loan program that allows lenders to issue Small Business Administration (SBA) 7(a) small business loans up to a maximum of \$10 million or 2.5 times the average monthly payroll costs over the previous year to businesses that have fewer than 500 employees.

These "businesses" include sole proprietorships and food service business that employ fewer than 500 people per physical location.

The loan proceeds may be used for payroll costs, group health insurance premiums or other healthcare costs, laries and/or commissions, rent, and utilities. equired to make a

tion that the loan is necessary due to the uncertainty of current economic conditions caused by

The initial round of funding of \$350 billion was exhausted in 2 weeks. Congress approved an additional \$310 billion in funding on April 23.

#### **Updated Loan Forgiveness Provisions For The Payroll Protection Plan**

The amount of the loan eligible to be forgiven is the amount spent during the first 24 weeks (previously 8 weeks) after the loan is made with at least 60% (previously 75%) of the total from payroll. The following are eligible items:

payroll costs, excluding amounts for individuals with compensation greater than \$100,000; rent due to a lease in force prior to February 15, 2020; electricity, gas, water, transportation, phone and/or internet access for services which began before February 15, 2020 and group health insurance premiums and other healthcare costs.

To be eligible for forgiveness, the business must keep the same number of employees from February 15, 2020 through June 30, 2020 that it had from January 1, 2020 through February 14,

Any debt forgiven is not included in taxable income.

## **Social Security Review**

Social Security Benefits are increasing for 2021. Americans who collect Social Security will receive a 1.3% increase in their monthly payouts in 2021. The extra benefits kick in on Jan. 1. Annual increases in Social Security are determined every year based on changes in a component of the consumer price index. Social Security recipients got a 1.6% cost-of-living adjustment in 2020, 2.8% in 2019, 2.0% in 2018 and 0.3% in 2017. These annual increases are meant to keep up with inflation. The average retiree received a benefit of \$1,514 in June 2020, meaning that the average retiree can expect to see an increase of about \$20 per month.

#### Social Security Recipients Medicard Premiums for 2021

Congress has made a move to head off a potential premium spike for some Medicare beneficiaries.

As part of a short-term gove funding 11 passed by the S increase for 2021 would be capped at

# Myth vs. Truth

#### Myth:

I must start taking required minimum distributions (RMDs) from Traditional IRAs and employersponsored retirement plans (special rules apply if you're still working and participating in your employer's retirement plan), and even some inherited Roth accounts by the end of the year in which I turn age  $70\frac{1}{2}$ .

#### Truth:

The Secure Act increased the required minimum distributions (RMDs) age from 70 1/2 to 72 beginning in 2020. The age increase will only apply to anyone born on or after July 1, 1949. In addition, The CARES Act suspended ALL retirement Required Minimum Distributions (RMDs) for 2020. If you already took your RMD for 2020 and wish to return those funds to the account to avoid paying tax, there are two options. If the initial distribution was taken within the last 60 days, you may return the funds to the account as a 60-day rollover. You are

#### only allowed one rollover per 365-day period.

If you are already outside of the 60-day window and you are able to meet the definition for a coronavirusrelated distribution, you would have three years to return the amount you originally received as an RMD. Not everyone will qualify... call me to discuss your unique situation.

#### Myth:

the estimates.

nost people.

standard deduction.

#### Truth:

The CARES Act, passed earlier this year in response to COVID-19, allows a charitable deduction from Adjusted Gross Income (AGI) of up to \$300 for taxpayers (MFJ, Head of Household or Single) that do not itemize but gave a cash (or check) contribution to a qualified charity, with proper documentation.

what it otherwise would be for 2021. While it's still uncertain what the standard premium would be for 2021 — it is based on an actuarial formula and typically revealed in early November for the next year. Estimates are unusual this year due to the economic upheaval from the coronavirus pandemic. Early estimates would have most people pay \$153.30 per month for Medicare Part B in 2021. This increase is 6% higher than the \$144.60 per month for 2020. However, the impacts of Covid-19 were unknown and therefore could not be factored into

#### Social Security benefits are increasing by 1.3% in 2021, which will cover the increase in premiums for

My charitable donations are not deductible unless I itemize my deductions instead of claiming the

©2020 TAX NEWS & TIPS

# **Frequently Missed!**

Take extra time to make sure that you have all the necessary facts if any of the following situations applies to you.

Child Care Expenses. I need the full name, address, telephone number and tax ID number of vour care providers, and the total paid per child to each caregiver. Estimated Federal Tax Payments. Find the date and amount for payments. April 15, 2020, September 15, 2020, and January 15, **2021**. A Federal January 2020 payment would have been claimed 9 return. on

**Property.** Most important **Sales** hal Settlement Statement. of home improvements in since purchase.

ition. Form 1098-T lists College se forms are generally hically to the student. the "student" checks for ves them to you. I well as details on the n-related expenses for required equipment and related fees, Leach item was paid and who the 'student" was

**Sales of Stock.** Form 1099-B shows sale prices. If this form does not show the original purchase information, you will need to provide this.

Tax Rules On Pass-Through *Entities Continue.* Schedule K-1 from partnerships and S-Corps always seem to arrive late. Don't worry. We can do the rest of your return and be ready to finish when the elusive K-1 arrives.

**Social Security Benefits.** Look for Form 1099-SSA. We must report the gross amount and not just your net monthly benefit. Your Medicare Premiums listed on the form may also show a medical deduction.

**Employees – Last Pay Stub.** Your W-2 is critical, but your last pay stub may reveal tax deductions that do not usually show up anywhere else, such as union dues.

**Special Accounts.** Do you contribute to an IRA, Roth IRA or Health Savings Account? These and others can affect your taxes. Make sure I have all 1099s and information on contribution amounts and dates.

Complex Transactions. Please call if you have a foreclosure, sale or exchange of real estate, casualties such as a natural disaster.