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Examination

Please note name and all required information should be accurate as this will be the information used for your certificate. For questions that requires select all that apply; all correct responses must be selected. Please return examination to email: trainforsuccessinc@gmail.com. Certificate will be sent to your email after successful completion (Monday-Friday). CE Credits will be submitted to CE Broker within 24 hr.

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PEDIATRIC GROWTH AND DEVELOPMENT 16 Hr EXAM

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LICENSE:	LICENSE NUMBER	First Name:	
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NAME OF PERSON ON RECEIPT	NAME ON RECEIPT	I Agree with registration policies	Yes
Question 1	Select all that apply. Regarding Pedicinclude: PEDIATRIC GROWTH AND DEVELOPMEN A. Motor vehicle acci B. Suffocation C. Drowning D. Poisoning E. Suicide F. Burns G. Falls	T 16Hr-1.pdf	nost common causes

Question 2

	0	llers are most at risk from suffocating by choking on food or other small objects. True					
	C	False					
Question 3							
		e completing an assessment on the toddler, the best method for performing a physical nination is					
		A. Distal to Proximal					
	0	B. From head to toe					
	0	C. From least to most intrusive					
	O	D. From abdomen to back					
Question 4							
	Wha	t statement accurately reflects the growth and development of the infant and toddler?					
	0	A. Immediately after birth, an infant normally loses about 5 - 10% of birth weight. But by about age 2 weeks, the					
		infant should start to gain weight and grow quickly.					
		B. By age 4 - 6 months, the infant's weight should be					
	C	double the birth weight. During the second half of the					
		first year of life, growth is not as rapid.					
		C. Between ages 1 and 2, a toddler will gain only about 5					
	0	pounds. Weight gain will remain at about 5 pounds per					
	_	year between ages 2 - 5.					
	O	D. All of the above					
Question 5							
	You are assigned to care for a 4 month old. You are aware that the developmental milestone for the typical 4-month-old baby should						
		A. Slow in weight gain to about 20 grams (almost two thirds of an ounce) per day					
	П	B. Weigh 2 times more than their birth weight					
		C. Unable to roll from front to back.					
		D. Hold and let go of an object					

	☐ E. Have almost no head droop while in a sitting position
uestion 6	
	The nurse is caring for a baby and observed physical and motor skills such as; Sits for long periods, Pulls self to standing position, Reaches for objects while sitting, Bangs objects together this is the developmental milestone observed at
	A. 3 months
	© B. 9 months
	C. 1 month
	C D. 2 months
ootion 7	
estion 7	 While the nurse is completing an assessment on the 2 year old, the nurse observes that the anterior fontanel is open. What should the nurse do? A. Look for other signs of abuse B. Notify the physician C. Document this as normal finding D. Call department of children and families (DCF) and report suspected abuse
uestion 8	SELECT ALL that apply. Skills and growth markers that are relevant to 3-year-old
	 A. Reaches about half of his or her adult height B. Has improved balance C. Has improved vision (20/30) D. Has all 20 primary teeth E. Needs 11 - 13 hours of sleep a day F. May have daytime control over bowel and bladder functions (may have nighttime control as well)
uestion 9	

	By 6 years old, the child should have the ability to focus on a task for at least 1 hour. True
	• False
Question 10	
	By 9 years old, the child should be able to focus attention for about 1 hour. True False
Question 11	
	A child's growth and development can be divided into Select all that apply. A. Infancy
	B. Preschool years
	C. Middle childhood years
	D. Adolescence
Question 12	
	Which of the following statements is not accurate? A. Early school-age children should have the ability to
	use simple - complete, sentences that contain an
	average of 1 to 2 words.
	B. As the child goes through the elementary school
	years, grammar and pronunciation become normal. C. The child will use more complex sentences as he /she
	grows.
	D. Language delays may be caused by hearing difficulties or intelligence problems.
Question 13	
	It is noted that children who are unable to express themselves effectively may be more likely to display aggressive behavior or have temper tantrums. True

	• False
Question 14	The absorption, distribution, excretion and metabolism of medication does not vary throughout infancy, early childhood and puberty. True False
Question 15	
	Drug absorption in infants and children can be altered from adult values by factors such as A. Gastrointestinal (GI) function. B. Blood flow at the site of administration (rectal, intramuscular or percutaneous). C. None of the above D. A AND B
-	
Question 16	Crash risk is highest in the 1st year a teen has their license. Parents and caregivers can assist by Select all that apply. A. Providing at least 30hours to 50 hours of supervised driving practice for at least 6 months, B. Practice on a variety of roads C. Practice with the teen at different times of day D. Practice with the teen in various weather conditions E. Practice with the teen in various traffic conditions F. Emphasize the importance of continually watching out for potential hazards such as other vehicles, pedestrians and bicyclists.
Question 17	Pediatricians and other health professionals cannot screen teens for risky behaviors because this is against the law.

	TrueFalse
Ouestion 18	
	Two children die every day from poisoning. Each day, more than 300 children ages -infants to 19 in the United States go to emergency departments because of poisoning. Common sources of poisoning include
Ouestion 19	
	Drowning is the most common cause of injury death in children ages 1 to 14. True False
Question 20	
	The healthcare practitioner should teach the parents and caregivers to call the poison control center if they have a poison emergency and the child is not breathing or has collapsed. True False