

Published on [ADDitudeMag.com](http://ADDitudeMag.com)

## ADHD Medications: 10 Ways to Get It Right

Insider strategies from the top doctors on getting the most out of your ADHD medication.

Sources: *Larry Silver, M.D., and William Dodson, M.D.*

---

### Make Sure the Diagnosis is Correct

Not all people who are hyperactive, inattentive, or impulsive have ADHD. These behaviors can also be caused by anxiety or depression, as well as by learning disabilities. To confirm an accurate ADHD diagnosis, the characteristic behaviors must be shown to be chronic (to have existed before age six) and pervasive (to have been observed in at least two life settings—at school, at home, with peers, and so on).

### Your Doctor Should Closely Monitor the Medication

You may want to find an ADHD specialist, such as a psychiatrist, developmental pediatrician, or neurologist, who may offer greater experience, knowledge of the newest medications, and more one-on-one time with you. A doctor should see a new ADHD patient at least every two to four weeks for the first few months. He should ask: *How are the meds working? Are there any troubling side effects?*

### Expect to Try Several Different Medications

Some people respond well to methylphenidate and others to dextroamphetamine/ levoamphetamine. Others fare better on a non-stimulant medication, such as a tricyclic antidepressant, an alpha agonist, or atomoxetine. The only way to tell whether a particular medication works for you or your child is through trial and error.

### Start at the Lowest Dose

Doctors start at the lowest dose to establish a baseline and increase as necessary—a method called titration. For example, you might start with 5 mg., review within three to five days, and move up to 10 mg., then 15 mg., and, if necessary, 20 mg. At signs of unusual irritability, tearfulness, or being in a cloud, the dose should be reduced. **Did You Know:** Doctors typically adjust medication dosages every three to seven days.

### The Correct Dose is Unique to You

With stimulant medications, the dose is based not on gender, age, or body weight but on the rate at which the body absorbs the medication. The only way to find the correct dose is through trial and error. Because everyone has a unique response to medication and metabolizes it at a different rate, your physician may need to adjust the dose to find the correct one.

### Note the Medication's Impact on Behavior

Track the effect of the medication on behavior closely both at home and, for a child, at school. The *SNAP-IV Scale* and the *Conners' Rating Scales* gauge physical symptoms and emotional behaviors at home and in the classroom. Scales can help parents assess a child's behavior throughout the day and detect patterns and problems with medication. Download the *SNAP-IV* [here](#).

### Be Patient. Avoid Side Effects.

William W. Dodson, M.D., a Denver-based psychiatrist specializing in ADHD, says, "Getting ADHD meds to work to their optimal benefit requires patience." Stimulants can cause sleep problems, loss of appetite, headache, and stomachache. A very uncommon side effect is motor tics. The doctor should work with you to minimize any side effects that occur. If side effects cannot be controlled, another medication is needed.

## The Medication's Duration Is Unique to You

Just because a pill is listed as controlling ADHD symptoms for a certain length of time doesn't mean that it will. A four-hour pill might work for only three hours. An eight-hour capsule might last for six to 10 hours, a 12-hour capsule, 10 to 14 hours. Observe your own or your child's behavior to determine how long each dose lasts.

## Take Medication According to Symptoms

Although some people need medication all day, every day, others need coverage only for certain activities. Adults are likely to need coverage at the office and children are likely to benefit during the school day. How about homework time? What about leisure activities? While you're driving? Once you determine when symptoms dictate coverage, your physician can work out a suitable medication regimen.

## Diet Affects ADHD Medication Effectiveness

A high-fat breakfast and juices rich in vitamin C can hinder the absorption of methylphenidate, compromising medication's effectiveness. **Did You Know:** Asthma medications, weight-control supplements, steroids, and cold/sinus/hay fever medications that contain decongestants may cause a mildly unpleasant "buzz" in people on ADHD medications.

## For More on ADHD Medications

- ADHD Medications Explained
- 7 Rules for Using ADHD Medications Safely
- ADHD Medication Mistakes Even Doctors Make
- **PODCAST EPISODE** Minimizing Side Effects and Using ADHD Meds Effectively

---

Copyright © 1998 - 2013 New Hope Media LLC. All rights reserved. Your use of this site is governed by our **Terms of Service** (<http://www.additudemag.com/adhd/terms.html>) and **Privacy Policy** (<http://www.additudemag.com/adhd/privacy.html>).

ADDitude does not provide medical advice, diagnosis, or treatment. The material on this web site is provided for educational purposes only.

See **additional information** at <http://www.additudemag.com/adhd/disclaimer.html>  
New Hope Media, 39 W. 37th Street, 15th Floor, New York, NY 10018

**FDA APPROVED ADHD MEDICATION LIST****Methylphenidate Derivatives—Long Acting/Extended Release**

	Form	Available Doses	Indication By Age
Quilivant XR®	Liquid	10mg 20mg 30mg 40mg 50mg 60mg 2ml 4ml 6ml 8ml 10ml 12ml	6 to 17 years
Concerta®	Tablets (generic)	18mg 27mg 36mg 54mg 72mg	6 to adult (18 to 54mg) 13 to adult (72mg)
Focalin® XR (dexamethylphenidate)	Capsules	5mg 10mg 15mg 20mg 25mg 30mg 35mg 40mg	6 to adult (5 to 30mg), adult (35 to 40mg)
Ritalin® LA	Capsules	10mg 20mg 30mg 40mg	6 to 12 years
Metadate® CD	Capsules (generic)	10mg 20mg 30mg 40mg 50mg 60mg	6 to 17 years
Methylin® ER	Tablets	10mg 20mg	6 to 12 years
Ritalin® SR	Tablet (generic)	20mg	6 to 12 years, adults
Daytrana®	Skin Patches	10mg 15mg 20mg 30mg	6 to 17 years

**Methylphenidate Derivatives—Short Acting/Immediate Release**

	Form	Available Doses	Indication By Age
Focalin® (dexamethylphenidate)	Tablets (generic)	2.5mg 5mg 10mg	6 to 17 years
Ritalin®	Tablets (generic)	5mg 10mg 20mg	6 to 12 years, adults
Methylin®	Tablets	5mg 10mg 20mg	6 to 12 years
Methylin® Chewable	Tablets	2.5mg 5mg 10mg	6 to 12 years
Methylin® Solution	Liquid	5mg/5ml 10mg/5ml	6 to 12 years

**Amphetamine Derivatives—Long Acting/Extended Release**

	Form	Available Doses	Indication By Age
Vyvanse® (lisdexamphetamine)	Capsules	20mg 30mg 40mg 50mg 60mg 70mg	6 to adult
Adderall XR® (mixed amphetamine salts)	Capsules (generic)	5mg 10mg 15mg 20mg 25mg 30mg	6 to adult, but 6 to 12 for 25mg and 30mg
Dexedrine Spansule®	Spansule (generic)	5mg 10mg 15mg	6 to 16 years

**Amphetamine Derivatives—Short Acting/Immediate Release**

	Form	Available Doses	Indication By Age
Adderall® (mixed amphetamine salts)	Capsules (generic)	5mg 7.5mg 10mg 12.5mg 15mg 20mg 30mg	3 to 12 years
Dextroamphetamine®	Tablets (generic)	5mg 10mg	3 to 16 years
ProCentra®	Liquid (generic)	5mg/5ml	3 to 16 years

**Non-Stimulants**

	Form	Available Doses	Indication By Age
Intunive® (guanfacine, extended release)	Tablet	1mg 2mg 3mg 4mg	6 to 17 years

Kapvay <sup>®</sup> (clonidine, extended release)	Tablet	0.1mg 0.2mg	6 to 17 years
Strattera <sup>®</sup> (atomoxetine)	Capsule	10mg 18mg 25mg 40mg 60mg 80mg 100mg	6 to adult
The FDA Approved ADHD Medication List is not intended to replace the advice of a physician. Medications should only be prescribed by licensed physicians. Copyright 2013 Health Link Systems, Inc.			