Summary of

Program Policy Memorandum

 $(\overline{\text{PPM 140}})$ 

## **PPM 140**

PPM 140 is the current Ontario Ministry of Education policy for school boards serving students with ASD There are two (2) main requirements of PPM 140

#### Requirement #1

#### Applied Behavioural Analysis (ABA)

- a) School boards must offer students with Autism Spectrum Disorders (ASD), special education programs and services, including, where appropriate, special education programs using Applied Behavioural Analysis (ABA) methods.
- School Principals are required to ensure that ABA methods are incorporated into "Individual Education Plan" (IEP) where appropriate.

## Requirement #2: Transition Planning

<u>School Principals are required</u> to ensure that a plan for transition is in place for students with ASD, including:

- Entry to school
- Between activities, settings or classrooms
- From elementary to secondary school
- From secondary school to post-secondary destinations and/or the workplace
- This is indicated in the "Individual Education Plan" (IEP)

## **Principles of ABA**

The following principles underline Applied Behavioural Analysis (ABA) programming, and should be provided to students with ASD, where appropriate:

- The program <u>must</u> be **individualized**
- **Positive reinforcement** <u>must</u> be utilized
- Data <u>must</u> be collected and analyzed
- Transfer, or generalization, of skills should be emphasized

## **Principles of IBI** Intensive Behavioural Intervention

Specific intensive intervention used by Ministry of Children & Youth Services (MCYS) Autism Intervention Services.

## **ABA and IBI: Differences**

(Geneva Centre for Autism, August, 2007)

Applied Behaviour Analysis (ABA)

An approach to teaching skills based on principles of learning and behaviour.

Intensive Behavioral Intervention (IBI)

Discrete Trial Training as the primary component.

#### ABA

Can be used at home, at school and in the communityCan be incorporated into regular school routines

#### IBI

 Usually delivered at home or in a private space designated by Autism Intervention Services (AIS)

 Primarily provided in one-to-one or small group setting for 20 to 40 hours per week

#### ABA

Can be implemented by classroom teachers and support staff

#### IBI

Delivered by a trained behaviour therapist

#### ABA

Focus on achieving independence and generalization of skills

#### IBI

 Includes "learning to learn" behaviours: Imitation, cooperation and attention

# ABAABA is effective for all ages

#### IBI

Research to date has indicated that IBI is most effective with young children in the preschool years and/or early years

## **ABA and IBI: Similarities**

(Geneva Centre for Autism, August, 2007)

- Guides the acquisition of new skills based on individual profile data, specific reinforcement strategies and regular assessment
- Reduces potential behaviour difficulties by providing structure and routine
- Provides motivation through the use of the principles of reinforcement
- Collects data on an on-going basis

## **ABA in Education**

#### Therapy

#### Education

- Antecedent Manipulation
- Skill Building
- Reinforcement
- Data Collection Gathering Progress Evidence
- Skill Mastery

- Prevention & Acquisition
- Behavioural Teaching Techniques
- Motivating Student Participation
- Gathering Progress Evidence
- Independence and Generalization

# **PPM 140 directs School Boards to include Multi-Disciplinary teams**

- Planning for students with ASD must include, where appropriate, members of the School Team such as: Special Education Resource Teachers, Psychology personnel and Speech & Language Pathologists.
- Relevant school board and *community personnel* can be invited by the parent to provide input and participate in the Individual Education Plan (IEP) process.

# kiddkare

Should you require further information regarding this summary of the Ontario Ministry of Education's mandate or any other information about Autism Spectrum Disorders, please feel free to contact us via our website or at info@kiddkare.ca