

Fatigue, drowsiness

Fatigue and drowsiness are common, especially during early weeks of treatment with an antidepressant.

Coping strategies

- Take a brief nap during the day.
- Get some physical activity, such as walking.
- Avoid driving or operating dangerous machinery until the fatigue passes.
- Take your antidepressant one to two hours before bedtime.
- Talk to your healthcare provider to see if adjusting your dose will help.

Insomnia

You may experience insomnia because some antidepressants give you an energy boost. While that may sound appealing, it can also make it difficult to get to sleep or stay asleep — and you may be tired during the day.

Coping strategies

- Take your antidepressant in the morning.
- Avoid caffeinated food and drinks, particularly late in the day.
- Get regular physical activity or exercise but complete it several hours before bedtime so it doesn't interfere with your sleep.
- Talk to your healthcare provider about taking a sedating medication at bedtime.
- If insomnia is an ongoing problem, ask your healthcare provider whether taking a low dose of a sedating antidepressant such as trazodone or mirtazapine (Remeron) before bed might help.