

UR BEAUTY & BARBER ACADEMY



Campus Safety and Security Annual Report

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Introduction

In 1990, Congress enacted the Crime Awareness and Campus Security Act of 1990, which amended the Higher Education Act (HEA) of 1965. This Act required all postsecondary institutions participating in HEA's Title IV student financial assistance programs to disclose campus crime statistics and security information. This act was amended in 1992, 1998 and 2000. The 1998 amendments renamed this act the Jeanne Clery Disclosure of Campus Security Policy and Campus Crime Statistics Act in memory of Jeanne Clery, a Lehigh Valley student who was raped and murdered in her dorm room in 1986. Thus, this act is now generally referred to as the Clery Act. In 2008, the Higher Education Opportunity Act (HEOA) reauthorized and expanded the HEA requirements for the Clery Act. In 2013, the Clery Act disclosure requirements were again amended by the re-authorized Violence Against Woman Act (VAWA). This Security Report & Fire Safety Guide is published each October 1st in partial fulfillment of the Clery Act and the VAWA.



Current Campus policies regarding procedures for students and others to report criminal action or other emergencies occurring on campus

Any emergency involving a threat to life or property should be immediately reported to 9-1-1. This event should then be reported to the Administrator/CEO. Non-emergencies should be reported to the campus Administrator/CEO as soon as possible.

- Sebring (863) 402-1875

If you are the victim of a crime and do not want to pursue action within the institution system or the criminal justice system, you may still want to consider making a confidential report. With your permission, the Administrator/CEO can file a report on the details of the incident without revealing your identity. The purpose of a confidential report is to comply with your wish to keep the matter confidential, while taking steps to ensure the future safety of yourself and others. With such information, the institution can keep an accurate record of the number of incidents involving students, determine where there is a pattern of crime with regard to a particular location, method, or assailant, and alert the campus community to potential danger. Reports filed in this manner are counted and disclosed in the annual crimes statistics for the institution. This annual report can be found on the UR Beauty & Barber Academy website and at the front reception desk.

UR Beauty & Barber Academy will, upon written request, disclose to the alleged victim of a crime of violence, or a non-forcible sex offense, the results of any disciplinary hearing conducted by the institution against the student who is the alleged perpetrator of the crime or offense. If the alleged victim is deceased as a result of the crime or offense, we will provide the results of the disciplinary hearing to the victim's next of kin, if so requested.

Policy Statement Addressing Issuing Timely Warnings

A timely warning will be issued for all reported clery crimes that continue to pose a threat to students and employees. In the event that a situation arises, either on or off campus, that, in the judgment of the CEO, constitutes an ongoing or continuing threat, a campus wide "timely warning" will be issued. The warning will be issued through the e-mail to all students, faculty, and staff and will be posted on the campus student board. In addition, students in the building will be informed verbally and given instructions of how to proceed.

Policies for preparing the annual disclosure of crime statistics

Postsecondary institutions are required to disclose the number of instances in which certain specific types of crimes have occurred in any building or on any property owned or controlled by this institution which is used for activities related to the educational purpose of the institution and/or any building or property owned or controlled by student organizations recognized by this institution.

The Sebring campus must report the area which is listed in the lease and the sidewalk directly in front of the building entrance. The Sebring campus must report crimes covered in the clery report that occur as on campus if the crime occurs in the building or any of the parking areas in the front, side, and back of the building. Sebring campus also must report on the public space in front of the building which includes the sidewalk, street, and opposite sidewalk directly in front of the building. UR Beauty & Barber Academy does not own or control any off campus buildings.



Gathering Statistics:

The institution gathers information regarding crimes surrounding the campus using the Spot Crime Report and reports obtained by the Highlands Sheriff's Department. These reports are sent to the school's email. The Administrator/CEO are responsible for reporting crime occurring on campus for the purposes of compiling clery crime statistics for the annual report and to issue timely warnings for clery crimes that pose a serious or continuing threat to the campus. All Crimes should be reported to the police and then the institution should be notified:

- Sebring (863) 402-1875 Administrator/CEO
- Sebring Sheriff's Department (863) 402-7200

The reports can be found at the front desk of the institution made available for all students, staff, and faculty to view.

Sex offense Policy, Procedures and Programs

UR Beauty & Barber Academy seeks to make awareness amongst staff and students concerning the crimes of dating violence, domestic violence, stalking, and sexual assault, to better equip the community to prevent these crimes, to promote safety, to respond appropriately when these types of crimes are reported, and to provide meaningful assistance and resources to victims.

Some of the awareness includes:

- What constitutes dating violence, domestic violence, stalking, and sexual assault as defined below (See "Crime Definitions");
- What constitutes "consent" in reference to sexual activity;
- Ways to reduce the risks of these crimes;
- The importance of bystander intervention — and safe and positive options for engaging in bystander intervention;
- The procedures UR Beauty & Barber Academy will follow when one of these crimes is reported; and
- Positive and healthy behaviors that foster healthy, mutually respectful relationships and sexuality.

What to Do if You Are a Victim

Policy Statement Addressing Preventing and Responding to Sex Offenses

The institution makes it aware to the students about sexual assaults and date rape through informational documentations posted on the student board.

If you are a victim of a sexual assault at this institution, your first priority should be to get to a place of safety. You should then obtain necessary medical treatment. It is important for those who believe they have been subjected to the crimes of dating violence, domestic violence, stalking, and/or sexual assault to preserve evidence of the criminal behavior as it may be critical in proving the crime and/or obtaining a protective order.

Victims of domestic violence, dating violence, and sexual assault may choose to go to the hospital where they can receive a medical examination to treat injuries — or, in the case of sexual assault, address concerns about sexually transmitted diseases and pregnancy. In addition, evidence can be collected that can be critical in documenting the injuries and/or proving the identity of the assailant. In seeking out such an examination, a victim will not be required to file a police report; however, if such a victim ultimately decides to make a report, seek a protective order, and/or pursue criminal charges, such medical evidence may prove valuable. Victims of stalking are likewise urged to preserve evidence of the stalking conduct. Such evidence may include, but is not limited to, text messages, other relevant smart phone data or social media activity, and photographs and audio recordings. Bene's strongly advocates that a victim of sexual assault report the incident in a timely manner. Time is a critical factor for evidence collection and preservation. An assault should be reported directly to local police and to the CEO/Administrator. Filing a police report will:

- Ensure that a victim of sexual assault receives the necessary medical treatment and tests, at no expense to the victim
- Provide the opportunity for collection of evidence helpful in prosecution, which cannot be obtained later (ideally a victim of sexual assault should not wash, douche, use the toilet, or change clothing prior to a medical/legal exam)
- By contacting the police department, the student is assured they will have access to free confidential counseling from counselors specifically trained in the area of sexual assault crisis intervention. UR Beauty & Barber Academy will assist the student in notifying the authorities, if the student requests our assistance.
- UR Beauty & Barber Academy has no on campus counseling or mental health services.

The following off campus services are provided by local law enforcement:

- Shelter For Abused Women of Highlands County – Highland County Coalition (863) 453-8901
- National Domestic Violence Hotline 1-800-799-7233
- Clerk of the Circuit Court (For domestic violence injunction applications) (863) 402-6565
- Highlands Sheriffs Office EMERGENCIES: DIAL 911 – (863) 402-7200
- Victim Advocate Unit — Terry Leaphart (863) 402-7329 or Elizabeth A. Fischer (863) 402-6855

Procedures for campus disciplinary action in cases of an alleged sex offence

UR Beauty & Barber Academy has no on campus housing and cannot assist with a change in living situations after an alleged sex offence. If a student wishes to change their academic situation after an alleged sex offense, the institution will explain all the options to the student and use every possible avenue to make the changes requested.

Advising the Campus Community About Sex Offenders

Upon release from prison, individuals convicted of sex crimes may be required to register with law enforcement agencies (under laws referred to as "Megan's Laws").

If registered sex offenders are enrolled at, or employed at a postsecondary institution, the offenders also must provide this information to the state. The state then provides the information to campus police departments or to other law enforcement authorities in the jurisdiction where the institution is located. The Florida sex offender database can be accessed at:

www.fdle.state.fl.us.



Security of and access to all campus facilities

Employee and student access at all campuses is through the main entrance of the school. All rear doors are for emergency use only and are locked at 5:00 p.m. There is a complete surveillance camera at the campus. At the end of the day, staff and faculty will inspect the building to make sure it is empty and doors are secured. The staff and faculty will remain and wait with any students who are waiting for a ride. When all students have left the campus, the front door will be secured. Maintenance will respond within a 24 hour period when receiving a maintenance request for lighting repair in the classrooms, front of building, and in the parking areas.

Campus law enforcement

UR Beauty & Barber Academy campus is not of size to require security personnel. Students are advised to report all criminal activities immediately to a local law enforcement agency and the CEO, Jacquelyn Lockhart. The school does not have a written memorandum of understanding between the school and local law enforcement. UR Beauty & Barber Academy has a working relationship with local authorities and cooperates with state and federal agencies when applicable. We encourage accurate and prompt crime reporting to these authorities. The school does not have any employees who are pastoral council or professional council and bound by confidentiality.

Programs designed to inform students about campus security

The institution does not offer regularly scheduled crime awareness or prevention programs. Students are informed during orientation of the campus security policies and procedures. Staff and students are encouraged to park in well-lit areas of the parking lot and never be alone when entering or exiting the schools during non-daylight hours. Students are asked to be watchful for any suspicious behavior on campus and report it immediately to the appropriate staff member. UR Beauty & Barber Academy does not have any officially recognized student organizations with off-campus locations.

Drug and Alcohol Abuse Prevention Program

UR Beauty & Barber Academy is in compliance with the Drug Free Schools and Communities Act of 1989 (Public Law 101-226). The possession use or sales of alcoholic beverages and/or illegal drugs are prohibited on campus at all times. The school will enforce all Federal and State drug laws and underage drinking laws. Information concerning drug and alcohol abuse education program is posted on the student board.

Annually UR Beauty & Barber Academy distribute in writing to each student and each employee:

- Standards of conduct that clearly prohibit the unlawful possession, use, or distribution of illicit drugs and alcohol by students and employees on the school's property or as part of any of the school's activities.
- Descriptions of applicable legal sanctions under state, local, and federal law
- Description of available counseling, treatment, rehabilitation, or re-entry programs
- Clear statement that the school will impose sanctions for violation of standards of conduct and a description of sanctions.

INFORMATION RELATING TO THE LEGAL SANCTIONS FOR UNLAWFUL POSSESSION OF ALCOHOL AND DRUGS

ALCOHOL LAW PENALTIES

The legal drinking age in all 50 states of the United States is 21 years of age. The legal drinking age in the U.S. Virgin Islands, Puerto Rico, and Guam is 18 years of age. Persons under the legal drinking age who purchase, possess, or consume alcoholic beverages may be subject to fines or imprisonment depending on state law. Persons who knowingly furnish alcohol to minors are also subject to fines or imprisonment.

FEDERAL DRUG LAW PENALTIES

Under federal law, a conviction for possession of illicit drugs carries a prison sentence of up to three years and a minimum fine of up to \$5,000. The range of penalties for conviction of unlawful distribution of illicit drugs under federal law is summarized in the schedules of federal drug trafficking penalties that can be found online at <https://www.deadiversion.usdoj.gov/21cfr/21usc/812.htm>. The severity of the sanctions imposed for both possession and distribution offenses depend on the quantity of drugs, prior convictions, and whether death or serious injury resulted. Sanctions may be increased for offenses that involve distribution to minors or occur on or near a school or campus. In addition, other federal laws require or permit forfeiture of personal or real property used to illegally possess, facilitate possession, transport, or for concealment of a controlled substance. A person's right to purchase or receive a firearm or other federal benefits, such as student loans, grants, contracts, or professional or commercial licenses, may also be revoked or denied as a result of a drug conviction.

FLORIDA DRUG LAW PENALTIES

The following is a brief summary of Florida criminal sanctions that may be imposed upon someone who violates the alcohol and other drug policy at USAHS or elsewhere in the state of Florida:

- A violation of Florida law for the unlawful sale or furnishing of alcohol may include imprisonment for up to one year, plus fines and penalties.
- A violation of Florida law for the use of alcohol by obviously intoxicated individuals will vary with the particular circumstances but may include substantial fines and penalties. Additionally, minors who are arrested for violations concerning the use of alcohol run the risk of having their driving privileges suspended or revoked.
- A violation of Florida law for the possession, use and/or sale of narcotics and/or other illicit drugs includes imprisonment in the county jail or state prison for up to thirty years in prison, plus fines up to \$10,000.

Students and team members should be aware that they are criminal penalties – under federal, state, and local law – that make it illegal to use, manufacture, sell or possess controlled substances. See Appendix A for a detailed listing of federal drug-trafficking penalties. Students must also be aware that there are federal financial aid penalties for drug-related convictions – received prior to and/or while receiving aid – that can affect student eligibility to receive federal financial aid. For additional information regarding federal financial aid and the implications of drug-related convictions, please visit the **Office of the US Department of Education's Federal Student Aid website**.

Health Risks of Drugs & Alcohol

Addiction is a chronic disease that affects the mind and body. It is caused by chemical imbalances in the brain that initiate a physical longing or compulsion for a specific substance or behavior.

Addictions most commonly develop into stimuli that influence one's mood, including substances like drugs and alcohol. When these substances are introduced to the bloodstream, they cause chemical reactions in the brain that interfere with normal communication and alter one's perception of pleasure and pain.

These mood-changing benefits encourage prolonged use and binge behavior, but regular use of these substances can negatively affect the health of organs, muscles, blood cells and tissues in your body.

While considered a brain disease or a behavioral disorder, drug abuse health effects can also lead to physical damage of your body. Drugs interfere with brain circuitry and chemicals, potentially altering a person's genetic framework and making it difficult for them to function without continued use of the substance.

Habitual drug use will often expose people to environmental dangers, which may increase their risk for diseases like HIV/AIDS, hepatitis and other infectious diseases.

Regular use of stimulants like cocaine or opioids like prescription narcotics and heroin can cause long-term health effects and damage to the:

- **Heart:** Most recreational drug use is associated with an increased risk of cardiovascular disease and stroke.
- **Liver:** Heroin, along with any inhalant drug or steroid can prompt significant damage to the liver.
- **Kidney:** The use of heroin and other psychoactive drugs can cause kidney damage and may result in the need for dialysis.
- **Brain:** Drug abuse leads to chemical alterations in the brain that can interfere with healthy pain and pleasure receptors, mental health, cognition and memory.
- **Lungs:** Smoking any substance significantly increases your risk for lung cancer.

HEALTH EFFECTS OF ALCOHOL ABUSE

Alcoholism is an addiction to alcohol, and it is one end of a spectrum of alcohol abuse. While not always indicative of addiction, binge drinking and social drinking behaviors can also negatively influence your health.

Heavy alcohol consumption will increase your risk for chronic health concerns like:

- Anemia
- Cancer including Throat, Liver, Breast, Colorectal and Esophageal Cancers
- Cardiovascular Disease, including Heart Attack and Stroke
- Cirrhosis of the Liver
- Dementia
- Depression
- Hypertension
- Gout
- Seizures
- Nerve Damage

Alcohol health effects can impair judgment, which makes operating machinery, driving or engaging in other behaviors risky. Drinking heavily also weakens the immune system and combined with impaired judgment may increase your risk for infection and sexually transmitted disease like HIV/AIDS.

ADDICTION AND WITHDRAWAL

When someone becomes addicted to a substance, their body becomes dependent on it. The removal of the substance causes the body to enter a period of physical withdrawal, which often involves symptoms like:

- Severe Headaches
- Muscle Tremors
- Nausea

In addition to the ways drug and alcohol abuse influence your health, physical addiction can cause further damage to your mental and physical well-being. Financial distress, relationship trouble and job loss are

common results of addiction, and these may lead to physical stress that puts you at risk for heart disease, headaches and hypertension. Addiction also increases your risk for mental health concerns like depression.

Continued use of drugs and alcohol and long-term struggle with addiction increases your risk for sudden death.

STANDARDS OF CONDUCT/ PROHIBITION OF ILLICIT DRUG USE

The use, consumption, sale, purchase, possession, manufacture or distribution of illegal drugs, drug paraphernalia, and/or alcohol while on UR Beauty & Barber Academy property or while engaged in the school activities is prohibited. All students are subject to this policy and to applicable federal, state and local laws related to this matter. Any violation of this policy may result in disciplinary actions including dismissal from the program.

DRUG AND ALCOHOL COUNSELING, TREATMENT, AND REHABILITATION

UR Beauty & Barber Academy urges individuals with substance abuse problems to seek assistance and support. Students are encouraged to seek help through available national and community resources and hotlines. These resources information listings can be found in classrooms and Administrative offices.

Sebring Agencies:

Next Generation Village (863) 588-7801
Tri County Human Services (863) 452-0106
Drug Free Highlands (863) 382-2138

Policy regarding Emergency Response and Evacuation Procedures

UR Beauty & Barber Academy is required to immediately notify the campus upon confirmation of a significant emergency or dangerous situation involving an immediate threat to the health or safety of students or employees occurring on the campus. An "immediate" threat as used here encompasses an imminent or impending threat such as an approaching forest fire, as well as a fire currently raging in one of the buildings. Some other examples of significant emergencies or dangerous situations are:

- Outbreak of meningitis, norovirus or other serious illness
- Approaching tornado, hurricane or other extreme weather conditions
- Earthquake
- Gas leak
- Terrorist incident
- Armed intruder
- Bomb threat
- Civil unrest or rioting
- Explosion
- Nearby chemical or hazardous waste spill.

Notification Process

The procedures the institution will use to immediately notify the campus upon the confirmation of a significant emergency or dangerous situation involving an immediate threat to the health or safety of students or employees occurring on the campus is as follows:

- For students on campus the notification will depend on the emergency but will generally include for evacuation emergencies, verbally inform students for in shelter or lockdown or verbal in the case of power outage.
- When time allows, the Administrator/CEO will verify the emergent situation by consulting the appropriate authority. These authorities include but are not limited to: local police, Fire Department, Department of Health, television news reports, visual affirmation and witness accounts. The method used will depend on the type of emergency.
- Once evacuated, locked down, or sheltered in, the staff and/or faculty, if they did not have time before hand, will call the appropriate authority to inform/be informed, and verify the emergent situation.
 - The emergency
 - How to proceed and decide what information to include in the notification to students on campus
 - Email all students and staff
 - In the professional judgment of responsible authorities, compromise efforts to assist a victim or to contain
 - Respond to or otherwise mitigate the emergency

If it is determined that the emergency is likely to affect the campus the CEO will notify the proper authority. This includes but is not limited to utility companies, police, fire, health department, and local government offices. UR Beauty & Barber Academy campus is small and any emergency will affect all areas of that campus and notification will be campus wide. While our campuses are 35.7 miles apart, if it is determined that this emergency will affect other campus the CEO will advise that Administrator as soon as the emergency allows.

- 1. Evacuation** The evacuation procedure is most appropriate when, in the judgment of the CEO, persons present in the campus during the Emergency are best protected by exiting the facility. Examples of such situations may include a fire, gas leak, or bomb threat. In an Evacuation, the Administrator, staff, or faculty will utilize the phone system. The location of the safe area where staff and students should assemble to await further information is predetermined. The instructors will ask all occupants to remain in the safe area until further notice. The CEO/Administrator will leave the building only after confirming that all building occupants have exited the facility. Upon ensuring that all building occupants are accounted for and in the safe area, the CEO/Administrator will then proceed with the above mentioned notification process.

2. Lockdown The lockdown procedure is most appropriate when, in the judgment of the CEO, persons present in the campus during the Emergency are better protected by remaining in the building (rather than evacuating the facility) and securing the campus to prevent entry by one or more individuals outside. Examples of such situations may include an active shooter or a terrorist incident in the surrounding community, or civil unrest and rioting. In a lockdown, the CEO/Administrator will provide verbal notice to all occupants in the building of the need to lockdown, the reason for the lockdown, and the location of the safe area where they should assemble to await further information. This safe area for each campus will be predetermined. The CEO/Administrator will ask all building occupants to remain in the safe area until further notice, and he or she will enter the safe area upon confirming that all building occupants are in the safe area. The CEO/Administrator will then proceed with the above mentioned notification process.

3. Shelter-in-Place Similar to the lockdown scenario, the Shelter-in-Place procedure is most appropriate when, in the judgment of the CEO, persons present in the campus during the Emergency are best protected by remaining in the campus or designated portions of the campus. However, Shelter-in-Place procedures are intended for threats posed by nature (such as a tornado or hurricane) and do not necessarily require that the facility be secured to prevent entry by outsiders. In this scenario, the CEO will provide verbal notice to all occupants in the building of the need to Shelter-in Place, the reason, and the location of the safe area where they should assemble to await further information. If possible, this safe area should be an area of the campus that is free of or far from windows. The CEO will ask all building occupants to remain in the safe area until further notice, and he or she will enter the safe area upon confirming that all building occupants are in the safe area. The CEO will then proceed with the above mentioned notification process.

Procedures for Testing Emergency Response and Evacuation Procedures

A scheduled emergency drill and exercise is performed at a minimum annually at all campus and a log is kept by each Administrator which includes:

- A description of the exercise (i.e., the test).
- The date the test was held.
- The time the test started and ended.
- Whether the test was announced or unannounced.

A drill is a single activity that tests a single procedure such as a lockdown or evacuation

An exercise is a coordination of efforts such as a test of first responders such as police or firefighters.

Crime Alerts in the Case of a Non-Emergency, but Continuing Threat

The following procedures apply in the case of certain criminal incidents which do not pose an Emergency requiring use of the Emergency procedures outlined above, but which may nonetheless pose an ongoing threat to the campus community. UR Beauty & Barber Academy will provide timely warnings of reported criminal incidents ("Crime Alerts") when it determines: (1) that the reported incidents represent a continuing threat to students and employees of a particular campus; and (2) that sufficient detail is available to include in the Crime Alert so that the Alert may aid in the prevention of similar crimes. The Administrator carries the primary responsibility to report a criminal incident that may pose an ongoing threat to students, staff and guests of the campus by contacting the CEO who will verbally inform all those on campus. This communication will briefly describe any detail known about incident, including the date and location. The decision of whether a Crime Alert is appropriate will be determined by the CEO.

Crime Definitions

Consent

Sexual consent is an agreement to participate in a sexual activity.

noun

permission for something to happen or agreement to do something.

"no change may be made without the consent of all the partners"

synonyms: [agreement](#), [assent](#), [concurrence](#), [accord](#); [More](#)

verb

give permission for something to happen.

"he **consented to** a search by a detective"

synonyms: agree to, assent to, [allow](#), give permission for, [sanction](#), [accept](#), [approve](#), acquiesce in, go along with, accede to, concede to, yield to, give in to, submit to, comply with, abide by, concur with, conform to

"all the patients **consented to** surgery"

Dating Violence

Is the perpetration or threat of an act of violence by at least one member of an unmarried couple on the other member in the context of dating or courtship.

Domestic Violence

Is violence or other abuse by one person against another in a domestic setting, such as in a marriage or cohabitation. It may be termed intimate partner violence when committed by a spouse or partner in an intimate relationship against the other spouse or partner, or between former spouses or partners.

Sexual Assault

Is an act in which a person intentionally sexually touches another person without that person's consent, or coerces or physically forces a person to engage in a sexual act against their will. It is a form of sexual violence which includes rape, groping, child sexual abuse or the torture of the person in a sexual manner.

Stalking

Is unwanted and/or repeated surveillance by an individual or group towards another person. Stalking behaviors are interrelated to harassment and intimidation and may include following the victim in person or monitoring them.

Clery Act Crime Statistics

Criminal Offenses	On Campus 2018	Non-Campus 2018	Public Property 2018	Total
<i>Murder & Non-Negligent Manslaughter</i>	0	0	0	0
<i>Negligent Manslaughter</i>	0	0	0	0
<i>Forcible Sex Offenses</i>	0	0	0	0
<i>Non-Forcible Sex Offenses</i>	0	0	0	0
<i>Robbery</i>	1	0	3	4
<i>Aggravated Assault</i>	0	14	0	14
<i>Burglary</i>	0	8	0	8
<i>Motor Vehicle Theft</i>	0	0	0	0
<i>Arson</i>	0	0	0	0
<i>Were Hate Crimes also reported for all categories above?</i>	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Arrests				
<i>Liquor Law Violations</i>	0	0	0	0
<i>Drug Law Violations</i>	0	0	0	0
<i>Illegal Weapons Possession</i>	0	0	0	0
VAWA Updates				
<i>Domestic Violence</i>	0	0	0	0
<i>Dating Violence</i>	0	0	0	0
<i>Stalking Incidents</i>	0	0	0	0
Referrals for Disciplinary Action				
<i>Liquor Law Violations</i>	0	0	0	0
<i>Drug Law Violations</i>	0	0	0	0
<i>Illegal Weapons Possession</i>	0	0	0	0
Hate Crimes				
	0	0	0	0

*Numbers are based on information received from the Sheriff's Department and the Spot Crime website. These numbers are from reports Jan 1, 2018 - December 31, 2018.

Unfounded Clery Act Crimes

2017: There was a disturbance of verbal/fight.