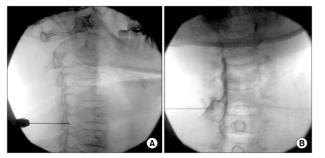
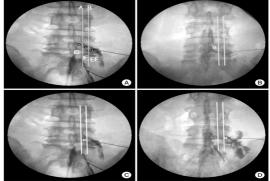
What is a dorsal root ganglion block?

This procedure called a dorsal root ganglion block is where a small amount of local anaesthetic with or without a steroid is injected on to a collection of nerve cells called the dorsal root ganglion which are located either side of the spine. This collection of nerves carry impulses from muscles and other parts of the body to the spinal cord and from there to the brain. When these nerves become inflammed (tissue response to irritation) they can give rise to pain.





Benefits

Performing a dorsal root ganglion block may help to alleviate pain and help in rehabiltation. In selected patients who get only transient benefit, pulsed radiofrequency lesioning may provide longer lasting pain relief

Risks

Unfortunately no procedure is risk free. There may be some temporary discomfort at the site of injection. Allergic reactions to the drugs used are very rare.Less common side effects include transient limb weakness which lasts for the duration of action of local anaesthetic agent. Very rare side effects include nerve damage, spinal cord damage and infection resulting in permanent neurological problems.

Before the procedure

- You will have the treatment as a day case
- You can have a light early breakfast depending on the time of surgery
- You will be sent an appointment to attend the surgical day unit
- You should arrange for someone to drive you home after the procedure
- Although the procedure will be done in about 20 to 30 minutes, your stay may vary between two to four hours
- Please bring a list of your current medications with you. If you are on medicines

such as warfarin or clopidogrel please do inform the doctor. After liaising with the doctor, these blood thinning medicines need to be temporarily stopped prior to the procedure. If you were on warfarin you will have to undergo a blood test in the morning to ensure your blood clots normally.

- You will be asked to undress and put on a theatre gown (you can leave your underwear on)
- Your doctor will discuss the procedure with you and ask you to sign a consent form. As the procedure involves the use of x-rays female patients will be asked

for details of their last menstrual period. If there is any possibility that you may be pregnant please inform the doctor or nurse.

The procedure

- The procedure is carried out under x-ray screening.
- After positioning the area is cleaned with an antiseptic solution.
- A local anaesthetic will be injected at the site of the procedure. This may sting initially before the skin goes numb.
- It is important that you keep still during the procedure as the needle will be carefully inserted. When the injection takes place you may feel a pushing sensation or some discomfort. To confirm the position of the needle a contrast (a solution which shows up under x-ray) is injected.
- The local-anaesthetic and steroid will then be injected and a feeling of tightness may be felt. (for pulsed radio-frequency procedure, instead of injecting medicine, a strong magnetic field will be created using that needle. This can selectively stop pain transmission without causing permanent damage to the rest of the nerves)
- A small dressing will be placed over the needle insertion site. This can be removed the next day.

Following the procedure

- After the procedure you will be taken to an area to recover.
- You will be asked to lay on the trolley for a short period and the nursing staff will assist you to sit up
- The nursing staff will observe you before going home.
- Please be careful when you first get out of the trolley ensure you are steady on your feet.
- Take your regular medication and pain killers as normal.
- There can be an initial exacerbation of discomfort before you start experiencing pain relief. Please continue with the pain medications. The symptoms should settle down in a weeks time.
- A letter will be sent to your GP and a further appointment at the pain clinic will be sent to you.

Please ensure that you have arranged for someone to drive you home after this procedure.

The information in this leaflet is not intended to replace your doctor's advice. If you require more information or have any questions, please speak to you doctor prior to the consent for the procedure.

Dr J Kurian Pain Specialist