Name: \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

1. An active system that receives information from the senses, puts that information into a usable form, and organizes it as it stores it away, and then retrieves the information from storage. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_
2. Getting information that is in storage into a form that can be used. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_
3. A model of memory in which memory processes are proposed to take place at the same time over a large network of neural connections. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_
4. The very first stage of memory, the point at which information enters the nervous system through the sensory system. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_
5. The ability to focus on only one stimulus from among all sensory input. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_
6. An active system that processes the information in short term memory. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_
7. The system of memory into which all the information is placed to be kept more or less permanently. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_
8. Type of long term memory including memory for skills, procedures, habits, and conditioned responses. These memories re not conscious but are implied to exist because they affect conscious behavior. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_
9. Memory that is not easily brought into conscious awareness , such as procedural memory. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_
10. Type of declarative memory containing general knowledge such as knowledge of language and information learned in formal education. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_