

SIGNS...that the TIME is AT HAND

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Algerian Earthquake Kills 2

Two people were killed and at least 43 people hospitalized when a 5.1 magnitude struck as Muslim Friday prayers were ending. The wall of one mosque collapsed. Other buildings suffered damage or sustained cracks during the shaking. Strong aftershocks rumbled across the region for the remainder of the weekend.

Possible Locust Plague in Australia

An emerging locust plague could ravage such large swathes of crops that food prices will be forced to rise. The growing swarms could wreak even more costly damage than the recent drought,



known in Australia as "the big dry." The

locusts are becoming so numerous that they have the potential to wipe out wheat, barley and vegetables, and also ravage pastures. Such devastation could also leave sheep, cattle and lambs with nothing to eat.

African Lake Warming

The steady warming of southern Africa's Lake Tanganyika over the past century threatens marine life and the millions of people in the region that depend upon the body of



water for protein. The lake is now at its warmest in 1,500 years, based on evidence from cores drilled into the sediment at the lake bottom. Recent rises in temperature may be killing fish and other life in the lake, based on evidence found that points to a loss of biological productivity in the lake.

Heat Kills 125 Across India

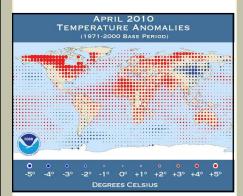
Some of South Asia's hottest premonsoon weather in 20 years has killed more than 125 people in India alone and left many city streets deserted. Afternoon temperatures between 105 and 115 degrees were common from central India to the heart of Pakistan. Frequent power cuts across the region left many residents with no escape from the sweltering spell of heat and dust.

The world's climate and food supply is slowly changing before our eyes...to bring to pass the Word of God: "...the fourth angel poured out his vial upon the sun; and power was given unto him to scorch men with fire. And men were scorched with great heat...And the sixth angel poured out his vial upon the great river Euphrates; and the water thereof was dried up" (Rev. 16:8-9, 12).

"...A measure of wheat for a penny, and three measures of barley for a penny" (Rev. 6:6).

2010 Set to be Hottest Year Ever

This year is unfolding as the hottest ever with both the April and the entire January-April periods ranking the warmest on record. 2010 could turn out to be



the warmest since reliable instrumental temperatures records began in the late 1800s. The previous record warmest year was 1998, and early indications are that 2010 will be warmer still. Despite a bitterly cold and snowy December and early January in the eastern

U.S. and Canada, satellite analysis reveals that the extent of snow cover in North America was the smallest for any April since satellite records began in 1967. Warmer-than-normal conditions "dominated the globe, with the most prominent warmth in Canada, Alaska, the eastern United States, Australia, South Asia, northern Africa and northern Russia."

Iceland Volcano Not Calming Down

Ash from Iceland's erupting Eyjafjallajokull volcano caused further flight disruptions and cancellations as clouds of the volcanic debris drifted as far south as North



Africa and eastward to Turkey. Airports were closed for several hours in Morocco and parts of southern Spain due to the ash hazard. Icelandic scientists

say swarms of earthquakes about 11 to 12 miles beneath Eyjafjallajokull mean that magma is still flowing into the volcano from the Earth's mantle. The vulcanologists added that there is no indication that the eruption is about to end. Guatemalan officials restricted air traffic over

Central American Volcano Kills Crops

the country because of ash clouds that suddenly began to spew from two separate volcanoes. An eruption of Santiaguito produced a column of volcanic debris that soared more than



27,000 feet into the Central American skies. Falling ash damaged local crops but caused no human injuries. The eruption was followed by renewed activity within Fuego volcano, near Guatemala's capital of Antigua. A third active volcano, Pacaya, was releasing gas. Guatemala has about 288 volcanoes, but only eight have been active during recorded history.